ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2012





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COUNTY OF KENDALL, ILLINOIS

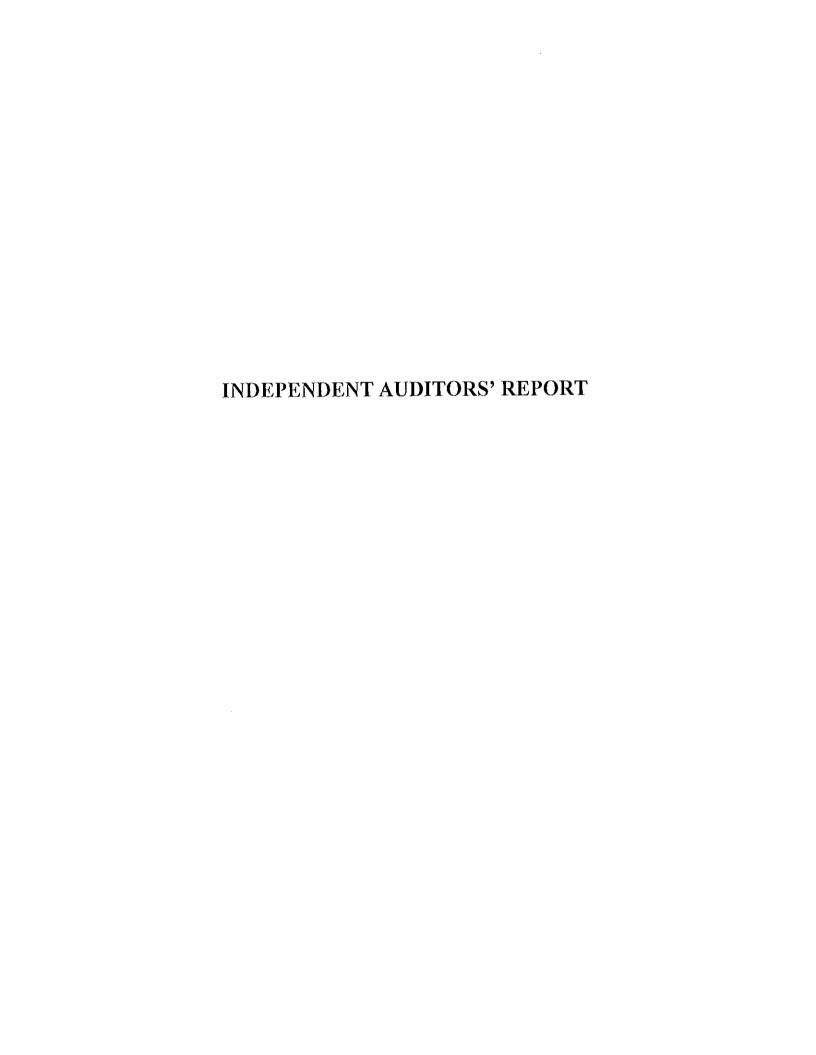
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COUNTY OF KENDALL, ILLINOIS

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners Kendall County Public Building Commission Yorkville, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois, as of and for the year ended October 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois, as of October 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2012, on our consideration of the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

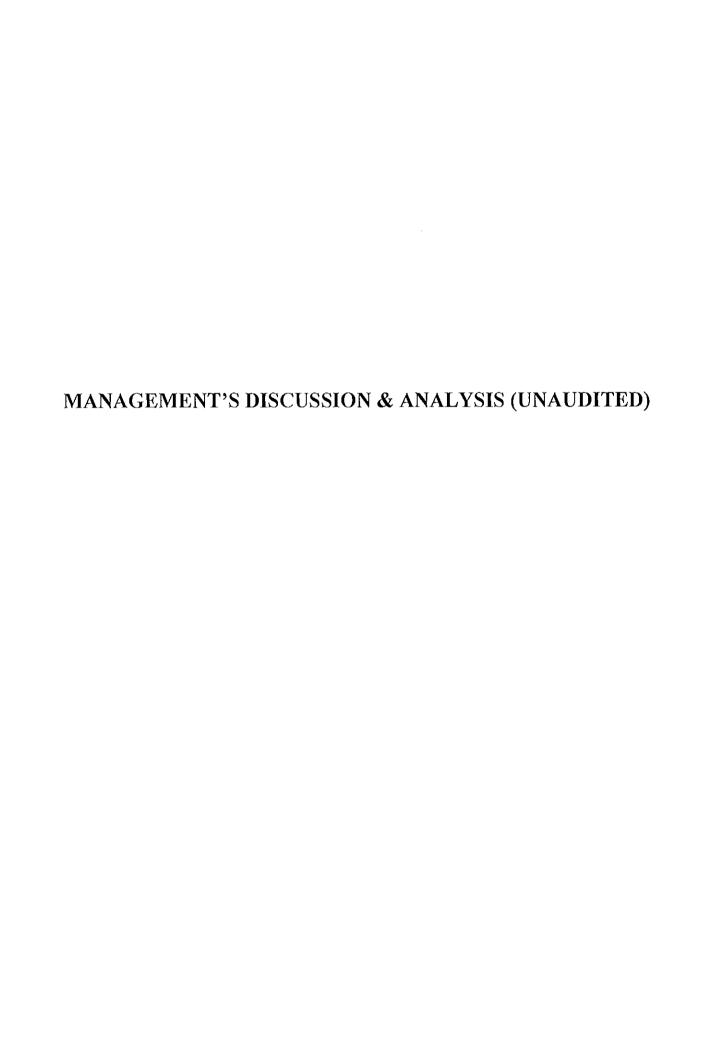
The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mack & Associates, P. C.

Mack & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Morris, Illinois December 4, 2012



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Our discussion and analysis of the Kendall County Public Building Commission's (Commission) financial performance provides an overview of the Commission's financial activities for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2012, within the limitations of the Commission's modified accrual basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the Kendall County Public Building Commission's financial statements that begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Commission's Governmental Activities total revenues were less than total expenditures, on the modified accrual basis of accounting, by \$255,807, for the year ended October 31, 2012.
- The Commission's Governmental Net Assets decreased \$13,352 from \$1,273,239 in 2011 to \$1,259,887 in 2012. The Commission's Business-type Net Assets increased \$1,424,273 from \$20,107,845 in 2011 to \$21,532,118 in 2012. This indicates that overall the Commission's financial position likely improved during the current fiscal year. However, project expenses are rising as the notes payable come to an end. The rent payments received from Kendall County are changing as the note payments come due.
- The Commission's governmental funds and business-type funds ended the year with balances of \$624,383 and \$2,760,403, respectively.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Commission's modified accrual basis of accounting.

Report Components

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund statements) including notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include three kinds of statements that present different views of the Public Building Commission:

- The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information on government-wide statements and are presented using the modified accrual basis method of accounting. The statements present an aggregated view of the Public Building Commission.
- The focus of government and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds.
 Combining columns are used for internal service funds because they are exempt from the major fund reporting requirements. However, all funds are presented in the combining statements.
- The remaining statements are Fund Financial Statements that focus on individual parts of the Public Building Commission, reporting more detailed statements then the government-wide statements. The fund statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting, the method the Commission uses for internal accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded information and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Required Supplementary Information: This Management's Discussion and Analysis represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the Commission-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements have elected to report information about the Commission using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities. Using the accrual basis of accounting, transactions are recorded when they occur rather than from cash transactions. Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government wide and proprietary statements.

Reporting the Kendall County Public Building Commission as a Whole

The Public Building Commission's Entity Presentation

This annual report includes all activities for which the Commission is fiscally responsible. These activities are defined as the Commission's reporting entity.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The General Fund and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets includes all of the Commission's net assets and how they have changed. The difference between the Commission's assets and liabilities are another way to measure the Commission's overall financial position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities' regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private companies. Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Commission consists of two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—The Administration Fund and Surplus Fund make up the Commissions governmental activities. These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and administrative expenditures.
- Business-type activities—The Courthouse Fund makes up the Commission's business-type activities. The Commission charges rent to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Commissions rental income is reported in this fund.

The Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Commission's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Commission as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Commission uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some Funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The Commission can establish other funds to control and manage monies for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues. The Commission's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.
- Proprietary funds—When the Commission charges customers for the services it provides—whether to outside customers or to other units of the County—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Commission's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are business-type funds. We provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use revenue funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Commission's other programs and activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Changes in Net Assets-Modified Accrual Basis

For the year ended October 31, 2012, net assets of the Public Building Commission (resulting from modified accrual basis transactions) changed as follows:

For the year ended October 51, 2012, if	Governme Activiti	ental	Business Activit	-type	Total	Total Percentage Change	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2011-2012
Revenues							
Program revenues Fees and charges for services	\$ -	<u>.</u>	-	-	-	-	N/A
General revenues Investment income Rental income	1,067	2,888 89,083	114 2,867,000	865 2,654,917	1,181 2,867,000	3,753 2,744,000	-68.53% 4.48%
Total revenues	1,067	91,971	2,867,114	2,655,782	2,868,181	2,747,753	4.38%
Expenses							
General government Professional services Debt service	21,409	5,271	- 129,625	222,302	21,409 129,625	5,271 222,302	306.17% -41.69%
Unallocated depreciation	49,635	35,031	1,256,591	1,202,291	1,306,226	1,237,322	5.57%
Total expenses	71,044	40,302	1,386,216	1,424,593	1,457,260	1,464,895	-0.52%
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(69,977)	51,669	1,480,898	1,231,189	1,410,921	1,282,858	9.98%
Transfers	56,625	834	(56,625)	(834)	-		N/A
Increase in net assets	(13,352)	52,503	1,424,273	1,230,355	1,410,921	1,282,858	9.98%
Net assets, beginning of year	1,273,239	1,220,736	20,107,845	18,877,490	21,381,084	20,098,226	6.38%
Net assets, end of year	1,259,887	1,273,239	21,532,118	20,107,845	22,792,005	21,381,084	6.60%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Oetober 31, 2012

Net Assets--Modified Accrual Basis

The Commission's combined net assets, resulting from modified accrual basis transactions, are shown with comparable figures from 2011.

	Governmental Activities						То	Totals Percentage Change					
		2012	20	11	20	2	2	2011		2012		2011	2011-2012
<u>Assets</u>													
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	624,383	8	380,190	2,8	11,132	2	2,689,643		3,435,515		3,569,833	-3.76%
Land		-		_	2,6	90,000	2	2,690,000		2,690,000		2,690,000	0.00%
Buildings		-		_		80,145		,080,145	_	31,080,145		31,080,145	0.00%
Building improvements		719,445		127,355		-		-		719,445		427,355	68.35%
Equipment		113,810		13,810	•	64,038]	1,264,038		1,377,848		1,377,848	0.00%
Accumulated depreciation		(197,751)	(]	48,116)	(13,0	47,468)	(11	1,790,877)	(13,245,219)	(11,938,993)	10.94%
Total assets		1,259,887	1,2	273,239	24,7	97,847	25	5,932,949		26,057,734		27,206,188	-4 .22%
<u>Liabilities</u>													
Current liabilities		_		+		50,729		90,104		50,729		90,104	- 43.70%
Due in one year		-		_		40,000	-	2,520,000		2,740,000		2,520,000	8.73%
Due in more than one year				_	4	75,000	3	3,215,000		475,000		3,215,000	-85.23%
Total liabilities		pa-		-	3,2	65,729		5,825,104		3,265,729		5,825,104	-43.94%
Net assets													
Invested in capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted		635,504 624,383		893,049 880,190		71,715 60,403		7,508,306 2,599,539		19,407,219 3,384,786	***************************************	17,901,355 3,479,729	8.41% -2.73%
Total net assets	\$	1,259,887	1,2	273,239	21,5	32,118	20	0,107,845		22,792,005		21,381,084	6.60%



Government-wide Financial Statement- Statement of Net Assets October 31, 2012

			Primary Gove	ernment	- Allen
			Business-Type	Total	
		Activities	Activities	2012	2011
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash	\$	624,383	2,811,132	3,435,515	3,569,833
Capital assets					
Land		-	2,690,000	2,690,000	2,690,000
Buildings		-	31,080,145	31,080,145	31,080,145
Building improvements		719,445		719,445	427,355
Equipment		113,810	1,264,038	1,377,848	1,377,848
Accumulated depreciation		(197,751)	(13,047,468)	(13,245,219)	(11,938,993)
Total assets	\$	1,259,887	24,797,847	26,057,734	27,206,188
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accrued interest payable	\$	_	50,729	50,729	90,104
Due in one year	•	-	2,740,000	2,740,000	2,520,000
Due in more than one year		-	475,000	475,000	3,215,000
Total liabilities		•	3,265,729	3,265,729	5,825,104
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt		635,504	18,771,715	19,407,219	17,901,355
Restricted		,-	, ,	•	
Authorized expenditures		624,383	-	624,383	880,190
Restricted accounts		-	2,760,403	2,760,403	2,599,539
Total net assets	\$	1,259,887	21,532,118	22,792,005	21,381,084

Government-wide Financial Statement-Statement of Activities For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

			Program Revent	ıes			Net (Expenses) And Changes in		
Program Activities	 Expenses	Fees and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		rernmental activities	Business-Type Activities	2012	2011
Governmental activities:									
General government Unallocated depreciation	\$ 21,409 49,635	-	-	-		(21,409) (49,635)	-	(21,409) (49,635)	(5,271) (35,031)
Total governmental activities	71,044	-	-	-		(71,044)	-	(71,044)	(40,302)
Business-type activities:									
Debt service Unallocated depreciation	 129,625 1,256,591	-	<u> </u>	-	. 	-	(129,625) (1,256,591)	(129,625) (1,256,591)	(222,302) (1,202,291)
Total business-type activities	 1,386,216		-		. 	· -	(1,386,216)	(1,386,216)	(1,424,593)
Total primary government	\$ 1,457,260		_	***		(71,044)	(1,386,216)	(1,457,260)	(1,464,895)
			Intere Renta	al revenues est on investments al Income sfers (to) from		1,067 56,625	114 2,867,000 (56,625)	1,181 2,867,000 -	3,753 2,744,000
			To	otal general revenues		57,692	2,810,489	2,868,181	2,747,753
			Ch	nange in net assets		(13,352)	1,424,273	1,410,921	1,282,858
			Net as	sets at beginning of yea	и <u></u>	1,273,239	20,107,845	21,381,084	20,098,226
			Net as	sets at end of year	\$	1,259,887	21,532,118	22,792,005	21,381,084

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds October 31, 2012

	Adr	ninistration Fund	Surplus Fund		Tot:	al 2011
<u>Assets</u>					-	
Cash	\$	304,593	319,790		624,383	880,190
Total assets	\$	304,593	319,790		624,383	880,190
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities	_\$		-		-	•
Fund balances: Restricted for authorized expenditures Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	 	304,593 304,593 304,593	319,790 319,790 319,790		624,383 624,383	880,190 880,190
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stanet assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$8 of accumulated depreciation of \$197,751 are not find.	atement 33,255, nancial	of				
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fun					635,504	393,049
Net assets of governmental activities				\$	1,259,887	1,273,239

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2012

	Adn	ninistration Fund	Surplus Fund		Total 2012	2011
Revenues: Investment Income Rental Income	\$	769	298		1,067	2,888 89,083
Total revenues	-	769	298	***	1,067	91,971
Expenditures: Current Administrative expenditures Project costs Audit expenditures Repairs Reimbursement Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		769 (29,776) (29,776) (29,007) 333,600	535 17,334 2,900 640 292,090 313,499 (313,201) 86,401 (226,800) 546,590		535 17,334 2,900 640 292,090 313,499 (312,432) (29,776) 86,401 56,625 (255,807) 880,190	2,800 1,936 59,666 64,937 27,034 (2,800) 3,634 834 27,868 852,322
Fund balances - ending	\$	304,593	319,790		624,383	880,190
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities: Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expending However, in the statement of activities the cost of the assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives an reported as depreciation expense. The change in fund balance must be increased by capital purchases and de-	ures. ose od	, d		\$	(255,807)	27,868
by depreciation expense. Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation					292,090 (49,635)	59,666 (35,031)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Statem	nent B)			<u>\$</u>	(13,352)	52,503

Balance Sheet - Proprietary Funds October 31, 2012

	Total				
		2012	2011		
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash	\$	2,811,132	2,689,643		
Capital Assets:			• (00 000		
Land		2,690,000	2,690,000		
Buildings		31,080,145	31,080,145		
Equipment		1,264,038	1,264,038		
Accumulated deprecation		(13,047,468)	(11,790,877)		
Total assets	\$	24,797,847	25,932,949		
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Liabilities:					
Accrued interest payable	\$	50,729	90,104		
Due in one year		2,740,000	2,520,000		
Due in more than one year		475,000	3,215,000		
Total liabilities	<u></u>	3,265,729	5,825,104		
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		18,771,715	17,508,306		
Reserved for restricted accounts		2,760,403	2,599,539		
Total net assets	\$	21,532,118	20,107,845		

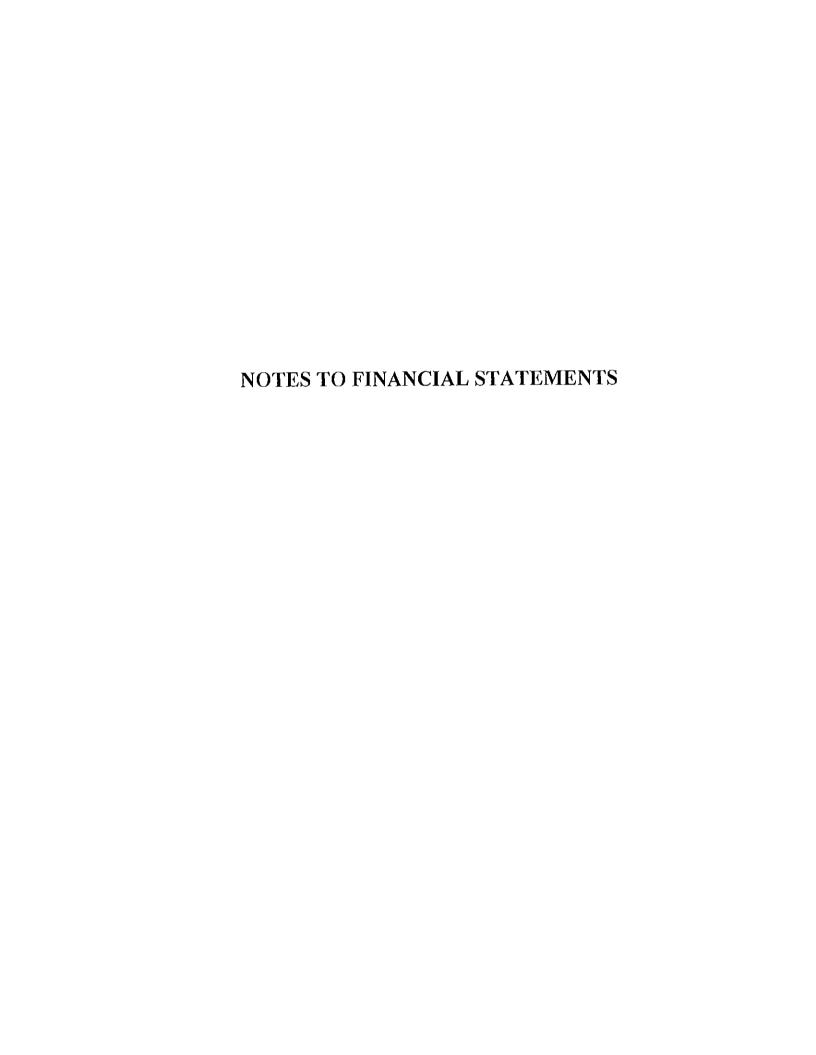
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets-**Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

	Business-Type activities			
		2012	2011	
Operating revenues Rental income	\$	2,867,000	2.654.017	
Rental income	Φ	2,807,000	2,654,917	
Total operating revenues		2,867,000	2,654,917	
Operating expenses		1 256 501	1 202 201	
Depreciation		1,256,591	1,202,291	
Total operating expenses		1,256,591	1,202,291	
Operating income (loss)		1,610,409	1,452,626	
Non-operating revenue (expense):				
Investment income Interest		114 (129,625)	865	
unterest		(129,023)	(222,302)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(129,511)	(221,437)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in Transfers (out)		(56,625)	(834)	
	<u> </u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(56,625)	(834)	
Net income		1,424,273	1,230,355	
Net assets - beginning	***	20,107,845	18,877,490	
Net assets - ending	\$	21,532,118	20,107,845	

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

	Total Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers	\$ 2,867,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,867,000
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating subsidies and transfers to other funds	(56,625)
Net cash (used) from noncapital financing activities	(56,625)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	(2,520,000) (169,000)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,689,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	114
Net eash provided by investing activities	114_
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	121,489
Balancesbeginning of the year	2,689,643
Balancesend of the year	\$ 2,811,132
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense Net cash provided by operating activities	1,610,409 1,256,591 \$ 2,867,000



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting is accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the Commission's financial statements Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified accrual basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

(a) Authorizing Legislation

The Kendall County Public Building Commission is a municipal corporation and a body corporate and politic of the State of Illinois, in accordance with the provisions of the "Public Building Commission Act", (the "Act") approved July 5, 1965, as amended. Under the Act, the Commission is authorized to borrow money from time to time, and in evidence thereof, to issue and sell its revenue bonds to provide funds for its financial expenses. Bonds issued by the Commission are declared by the Act to be negotiable instruments and are payable solely from the income and revenue derived from the operation, management or use of buildings acquired with the proceeds thereof, including payments received through leases or other contracts. The bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the Commission within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation as to debt; nor, as provided in the Act, are the bonds payable from any other source and the owners of the bonds shall have no claim against the property of the Commission for the payment thereof. No other entities are appropriate for inclusion in the financial statements of the Commission.

The Kendall County Public Building Commission was created by a resolution of Kendall County adopted by the Kendall County Board (the "County Board") on May 10, 1988 as a multi-purpose Commission, to provide for the financing to acquire the site, construct, and equip a new jail facility to be leased by the County. The Commission's five Commissioners are appointed for staggered terms by the County Board Chairman with the consent of the County Board. Subsequent Commissioners will also be appointed by the County Board Chairman with the consent of the County Board. The Commission is a component unit of Kendall County.

The Commission is organized as a multi-purpose Commission with the authority to issue bonds or notes to finance the acquisition and construction of public building facilities for the County.

(b) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Basis of Presentation (continued)

These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Public Building Commission or meets the following criteria:

- a. at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at that category or type, and
- b. total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Activities - are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities under permanently financed projects and administrative expenditures. There were two major governmental activities funds during the current fiscal year.

- Administrative Fund accounts for general operations of the Commission, and
- Surplus Fund accounts for project costs related to the Commission.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> - are used to account for lease payments from lessees and to pay for principal and interest. The major business-type activity during the current fiscal year was the Courthouse Fund. This fund is used to account for bond principal and interest payments, expenditures related to bond issuance, and rental income.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Basis of Presentation (continued)

In the fund financial statements, the governmental activities are presented using the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the accrual basis of accounting.

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net asset (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

(c) Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities are presented using a modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they occur and not when they result from cash transactions. Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements.

As a result of the use of this modified accrual basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are recorded in these financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$500 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Basis of Accounting (continued):

Buildings
Building Improvements
Machinery furniture and equipment

Machinery, furniture, and equipment 10-15 years

(d) Capital Assets

Fund Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

27.5 years

20 years

(e) Long-term Debt

All long-term debt arising from accrual basis transactions to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

(f) Equity Classification

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt—Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets—Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets—All other net assets that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) <u>Capitalized Lease Receivables</u>

Leases receivable, discounted at the effective interest rate of the bond issue, is reflected as an asset in the respective Revenue Fund. The portion of the lease receivable attributable to administrative, operations and maintenance expenses, renewal and replacement and other period charges is not capitalized as a lease receivable. The outstanding revenue bonds are reflected as a liability in the Revenue Fund of the respective bond series.

(h) Project Cost

Included in construction cost are all costs incurred by the Commission in constructing, acquiring or enlarging public improvements, buildings and facilities. Also included is a pro rata share of any expenses incurred by the Commission which are reasonably necessary or incident to the placing of these projects in operation. The accumulated construction costs represent assets of the lessee.

(i) Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Commission's financial position and operations. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund type has not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

(j) Total Column on Combined Statements - Overview

The total column on the combined balance sheet is only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have been made in the aggregation of this data.

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents

For reporting purposes, this includes bank accounts, and all short-term investments such as certificates of deposit, governmental money market funds and repurchase agreements. All amounts are stated at cost, which approximates market.

At October 31, 2012, the carrying amount of the Commission's cash and cash equivalents was \$3,435,515, and the bank balance was \$3,435,515. The entire amount was fully insured or collateralized with securities held by an agent in the Commission's name and stated at cost, which approximates market. The deposits are categorized in accordance with risk factors created by governmental reporting standards.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

	Carrying	Bank
	Amount	Balance
Category #1	\$ -	
Category #2	3,185,515	3,185,515
Category #3	250,000	250,000
Totals	\$ 3,435,515	3,435,515

Category #1 Uncollateralized;

Category #2 Collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution;

Category #3 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name.

Note 3: Long-Term Obligations

The Commission's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from the governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Series 2006B bonds were issued in February of 2006 for \$6.895 million and currently have an outstanding balance of \$3,215,000 as of October 31, 2012.

Governmental Activities

As of October 31, 2012, there was no long-term debt arising from cash transactions in governmental funds.

Business-Type Activities

The Commission issued Revenue Bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Public Building Commission Act of the State of Illinois, approved July 5, 1955, as amended. The proceeds of the bonds are to be used to finance projects of the Commission.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 3: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The bonds payable during the fiscal year is as follows:

	nds Payable bber 31, 2011	Issued	Redeemed/ Refunded	Bonds Payable October 31, 2012	Due within one year
Revenue Bonds: Series 2006B	\$ 5,735,000	_	(2,520,000)	3,215,000	2,740,000
Total	\$ 5,735,000	_	(2,520,000)	3,215,000	2,740,000

(A) Public Building Revenue Bond Series 2006B

All income and revenue derived from the operation of the project including rent paid pursuant to the lease agreement shall be deposited as collected to the Revenue Fund, irrevocably pledged to the payment of the bonds. Such revenues of the Revenue Fund, as required by the bond resolution, are segregated and restricted in separate special accounts in the following order of priority:

(1) Administrative Account:

\$5,000 per year of the annual lease payments shall be deposited to this account to pay administrative expenses of the Commission relating to the project and the bonds.

(2) Sinking Fund Account:

A portion of the annual rental payments shall be deposited to this account to the extent needed to increase the aggregate amount in this account equal to the sum of all interest and principal to become due and payable on the bonds, on or prior to the next June 1. Moneys in the Sinking Fund Account shall be used for payment of the principal and interest on the bonds as they shall become due and payable.

(3) Surplus Account:

This account includes the portion of the annual rental payments remaining after making the foregoing deposits. Moneys in the surplus fund can only be used in accordance with the following order of priority.

- (a) Cure deficiencies in future payments to the Sinking Fund Account;
- (b) Increase the amount held in the Administrative Account to the sum required to pay the annual administrative expenses;
- (c) Pay costs and expenses related to the completion, reconstruction, renovation, expansion or improvement of the Project;
- (d) Pay costs and expenses related to any other project of the Commission; and

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 3: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

(A) Public Building Revenue Bond Series 2006B (continued)

(e) Retire bonds.

Bond Details:

The bonds are dated February 23, 2007 at a per annum interest rate range of 3.625% to 3.750%, interest is payable June 1, 2008 and semi-annually thereafter on the first day of June and December of each year. Principal for the bonds is payable on December 1, 2008. Bonds mature annually on December 1.

Schedule of Maturities:

Principal Due	Interest Due
\$ 2,740,000	70,375
150,000	16,000
160,000	9,800
165,000	3,300
\$ 3,215,000	99,475
	\$ 2,740,000 150,000 160,000 165,000

Paying Agent: Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois

The bonds are limited obligations of the Commission and are payable solely from, and secured by a pledge of, any income and revenue derived by the Commission from the project including all lease rental payments required to be paid by the County as lessee of the project under and pursuant to a lease agreement, dated as of February 23, 2007, by and between the Commission and the County which payments have been assigned and pledged by the Commission as security for the payment of the bonds. Such pledge is subject to the provisions of the resolution permitting a pledge of additional rent to secure additional revenue bonds of the Commission.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 4: Board of Commissioners

The prior year members of the Kendall County Public Building Commission and their terms of office are:

Commissioner	Expiration of Term
Anne Vickery	2013
Nancy Martin	2014
Jessie Hafenrichter	2015
Jeff Wehrli	2017

Note 5: Lease Agreements

On February 23, 2007 a lease between the Commission and the County of Kendall was adopted. The County, in return for the construction projects, pays the following annual rental payments on or before the due date:

2006B Bonds:

Due Date <u>November 1,</u>	Amount	Due Date <u>November 1,</u>	Amount
2013 2015	180,000 183,000	2014	180,000

Note 6: Interfund Transfers

During the current fiscal year, the Commission made the following transfers:

	Tr	ansfer In	Transfer Out	
Governmental Funds:				
Surplus Fund	\$	29,776		
Administration Fund		-	29,776	
Surplus Fund		56,625	-	
Proprietary Fund:				
Revenue Fund		_	56,625	
Total Transfers	\$	86,401	86,401	

All transfers were permanent transfers for the following reasons:

• To the Surplus Fund from both the Administration Fund and Proprietary Fund to cover projects/capital expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 7: Change in Capital Assets

Building

Equipment

Building

Total Capital Assets

Accumulated Depreciation:

Total Accumulated Deprecation

Net Capital Assets, Business-type

]	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Building Improvements	\$	429,995	292,090	-	722,085
Equipment		111,170			111,170
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$	541,165	292,090	~	833,255
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Building Improvements		(115,967)	(38,518)	-	(154,485)
Equipment		(32,149)	(11,117)		(43,266)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(148,116)	(49,635)	_	(197,751)
Net Capital Assets, Governmental		393,049	242,455	_	635,504
Business-Type Activities:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:		• (00 000			0 (00 000
Land	\$	2,690,000	**	-	2,690,000
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Equipment		1,264,038	••	-	1,264,038

Depreciation for governmental and business-type activities is unallocated.

\$

31,080,145

35,034,183

(1,242,275)

(10,548,602)

(11,790,877)

23,243,306

(126,404)

(1,130,187)

(1,256,591)

(1,256,591)

31,080,145

35,034,183

(1,368,679)

(11,678,789)

(13,047,468)

21,986,715

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 8: Fund Balance - GASB 54 Presentation

	Administration Fund		Surplus Fund	Total Fund Balance	
Restricted For: Capital Projects	\$	304,593	319,790	624,383	
Total Fund Balances	\$	304,593	319,790	624,383	

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Non-spendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance. Below are definitions and how these balances are reported.

A. Non-spendable Fund Balance

The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. All items are expensed at the time of purchase, so there is nothing to report for this classification.

B. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Commission has several balances within different funds that also fall into these categories:

1. Administration Fund

Cash receipts and the related cash disbursements of this fund are restricted for project costs and administrative purposes related to the completion of the project(s) described in Note 1.

2. Surplus Fund

Cash disbursed and the related cash receipts of this fund are restricted for capital projects and related expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

Note 8: Fund Balance - GASB 54 Presentation (continued)

C. Committed Fund Balance

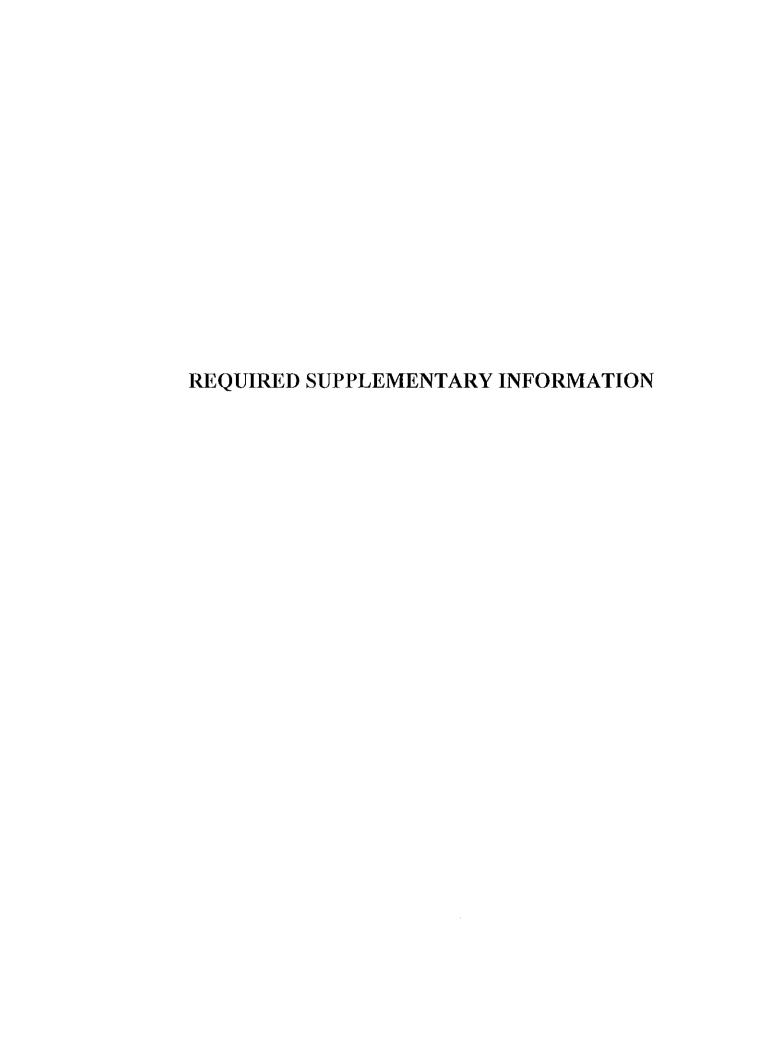
The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

D. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent may be expressed by (a) the Board itself or (b) the finance committee.

E. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Funds for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Funds.



KENDALL COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION ADMINISTRATION FUND

Balance Sheet October 31, 2012

Asse	ets		
Cash in bank		\$	114,201
Investments, at cost			190,392
		\$	304,593
Fund Ba	lance		
Fund balances - reserved for authorized expenditure	es:		
Public safety		\$	139,394
Courthouse		\$	165,199 304,593
Children and of Domanica Error Hiterary and China	ged In Fund Deleves	<u>S</u>	Schedule A-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Chan For the Year Ended October 31, 2012 (With Comparative Figures from 2011)	ges III Fund Dalance		
	Year l	Ended	
	Octob		
Davanasa	2012		2011
Revenues: Interest on investments	\$ 769		1,404
Total revenues	769		1,404
Total revenues	103		
Expenditures:			
Project costs Administrative expenditure	-		-
•			,
Total expenditures		*******	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	769		1,404
	769		1,404
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer to other funds	(29,776)		
Other financing sources (uses):			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer to other funds			(2,800)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer to other funds Transfer from other funds	(29,776)		(2,800)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer to other funds Transfer from other funds Total other financing sources (uses)	(29,776)		(2,800)

KENDALL COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SURPLUS FUND

Balance Sheet October 31, 2012

Assets	
Investments, at cost	\$ 319,790
Fund Balance	
Fund balances - reserved for authorized expenditures: Courthouse	\$ 319,790
	 Schedule A-4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance For the Year Ended October 31, 2012 (With Comparative Figures from 2011)

	Year En October 2012	
Revenues: Interest on investments Rental income	\$ 298	1,484 89,083
Miscellaneous income	 	
Total revenues	 298	90,567
Expenditures:		
Project costs	17,334	-
Audit costs	2,900	2,800
Bond administration cost	535	535
Secretary	640	-
Repairs	-	1,936
Capital outlay	 292,090	59,666
Total expenditures	 313,499	64,937
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (313,201)	25,630
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfer (to) from other funds	 86,401	3,634
Total other financing sources (uses)	86,401	3,634
Net change in fund balance	(226,800)	29,264
Fund balance, beginning of year	 546,590	517,326
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 319,790	546,590



COUNTY OF KENDALL PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

Combining Balance Sheet - Proprietary Fund Types October 31, 2012

	Courthouse Revenue Funds Totals		
	2012	2011	
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents Capitalized leases receivable	2,811,132 3,215, 0 00	2,689,643 5,735,000	
Total assets	6,026,132	8,424,643	
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balance</u>			
Liabilities: Revenue bonds payable Accrued interest payable	3,215,000 50,729	5,735,000 90,104	
Total liabilities	3,265,729	5,825,104	
Fund balance	2,760,403	2,599,539	
Total liabilities and fund balance	6,026,132	8,424,643	

COUNTY OF KENDALL PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Retained Earnings - Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended October 31, 2012

	Courthouse Revenue Funds Totals		
	2012	2011	
Revenues -			
Rental income	\$ 2,867,000	2,654,917	
Interest on investments	114	865	
Total revenues	2,867,114	2,655,782	
Expenditures -			
Debt service:			
Principal-2003 issue	•	1,400,000	
Principal-2006B issue	2,520,000	770,000	
Interest-2003 issue	-	3,646	
Interest-2006B issue	129,625	218,656	
Total expenses	2,649,625	2,392,302	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	217,489	263,480	
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer to other funds	(56,625)	(834)	
Transfer from other funds			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(56,625)	(834)	
Net change in fund balance	160,864	262,646	
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,599,539	2,336,893	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,760,403	2,599,539	

Assessed Valuations

Tax year - 2002		\$	1,386,673,491
Tax year - 2003		\$	1,598,750,693
Tax year - 2004		\$	1,821,907,832
Tax year - 2005		\$	2,132,577,040
Tax year - 2006		\$	2,565,091,749
Tax year - 2007		\$	3,044,564,911
Tax year - 2008		\$	3,277,539,459
Tax year - 2009		<u></u>	3,369,658,049
Tax year - 2010		\$	3,172,454,510
Tax year - 2011		\$	2,917,287,004
Legal Debt Margin For the Year Ended October 31, 2012			Schedule 2
Assessed valuation - 2011 tax year		\$	2,917,287,004
Statutory debt limitation (5.0% of assessed valuation)		\$	145,864,350
Total outstanding debt: Public Building Commission Revenues Bonds, Series 2006B	3,215,000		
Total debt			3,215,000
Legal debt margin		\$	142,649,350



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Phone: (815) 942-3306 Fax: (815) 942-9430 www.mackcpas.com TAWNYA R. MACK, CPA LAURI POPE, CPA ERICA L. BLUMBERG, CPA MATT MELVIN BROCK RIGGI STEPHANIE HEISNER

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Commissioners Kendall County Public Building Commission Yorkville, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois as of and for the year ended October 31, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illimois' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illimois' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kendall County Public Building Commission, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kendall County Public Building Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mack & Associates, P. C.

Mack & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Morris, Illinois December 4, 2012