MINUTES – UNOFFICIAL UNTIL APPROVED KENDALL COUNTY

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS MEETING

111 WEST FOX STREET, COUNTY BOARD ROOM (ROOMS 209 and 210)
YORKVILLE, IL 60560

February 28, 2022 – 7:00 p.m.

CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Randy Mohr called the Zoning Board of Appeals meeting to order at 7:00 p.m.

ROLL CALL:

Members Present: Scott Cherry, Cliff Fox, Tom LeCuyer, Randy Mohr, and Anne Vickery

Members Absent: Dick Thompson and Dick Whitfield

Staff Present: Matthew Asselmeier, AICP, CFM, Senior Planner

Others Present: Andrew Doyle and Patti Bernhard

Chairman Mohr swore in Andrew Doyle and Patti Bernhard prior to the start of the public hearings.

PETITIONS

Without objections, Chairman Mohr continued Petition 21-49 until May 2, 2022, and Petition 22-01 until after the Petitioner resolved the access permit issues with the Village of Oswego.

The Zoning Board of Appeals started their review of Petition 22-03 at 7:01 p.m.

Petition 22 – 03 – Executive Pastor Sean Mabee on Behalf of Grace Bible Church of Shorewood and Fire Chief Andrew Doyle on Behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District

Request: Special Use Permit for a Governmental Building or Facility (Fire Station) and the

Revocation of a Special Use Permit for a Church Granted by Ordinance 2004-24

PIN: 09-12-300-017

Location: 748 Jones Road, Seward Township

Purpose: Petitioners Want to Operate a Fire Station and Remove the Special Use Permit for a

Church at the Subject Property; Property is Zoned A-1

Mr. Asselmeier summarized the request.

In July 2004, the Kendall County Board granted a special use permit for a church at the subject property. The property was for sale and the Troy Fire Protection District would like to purchase the property in order to construct a new fire station and training facility.

The application materials, plat of survey, site plan, renderings of some of the proposed buildings, Ordinance 2004-24 and the aerial of the property were provided.

The property is located at 748 Jones Road.

The property is approximately twenty-five (25) acres in size.

The Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Suburban Residential (Max 1.00 DU/Acre). The Village of Shorewood's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Residential.

Jones Road is maintained by the City of Joliet at this property. Jones Road is a Minor Collector maintained by Seward Township in the unincorporated area. Shorewood has a north-south road planned near the subject property.

There are no trails planned in the area.

There are no floodplains or wetlands on the property.

The adjacent land uses are Agricultural and Farmstead.

The adjacent properties are zoned R-1 B Single-Family Residential inside Joliet and A-1 in the unincorporated area.

The Land Resource Management Plan calls for the area to be Suburban Residential. Shorewood's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Residential and Commercial. Joliet's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to Residential with 2.5 DU/Acre for single-family and 3.0 DU/Acre for mixed use.

The zoning districts within one half (1/2) mile are R-1 B, B-2, and B-3 inside Joliet and A-1 in the unincorporated area.

Six homes plus several homes in the Hunters Ridge Subdivision inside the City of Joliet are located within one half (1/2) mile of the property.

EcoCAT Report was submitted on December 17, 2021, and consultation was terminated.

The NRI application was submitted on December 17, 2021. The LESA Score was 183 indicating low level of protection. The NRI Report was provided.

Petition information was sent to Seward Township on December 23, 2021. The Seward Township Planning Commission reviewed this proposal on January 4, 2022. They recommended approval by a vote of four (4) in favor and zero (0) in opposition. The minutes of the meeting were provided.

Petition information was sent to the Village of Shorewood on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 3 required an annexation agreement with Shorewood that did not occur. At the ZPAC meeting, the Village of Shorewood requested an annexation agreement with the Petitioners; the Petitioners were agreeable to the request. At the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting, an email from the Petitioner was read explaining that an annexation agreement could be not secured until the Fire District owned the property. The email was included in the minutes of the February 23, 2022, Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting.

Petition information was sent to the City of Joliet on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 4 required the church to develop a time table for improvements to Jones Road. The City of Joliet supplied information regarding planned improvements to Jones Road. This information

was provided. The Petitioners agreed to establish an escrow account with the City of Joliet to cover the cost for some of the improvements to Jones Road. At the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting, an email from the Petitioner was read explaining that the City of Joliet had no record of the establishment of an escrow with the church and the Fire District would be required to establish an escrow, if the Fire District could not provide information to the contrary. The email was included in the minutes of the February 23, 2022, Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting.

ZPAC reviewed the proposal on January 4, 2022. The Health Department noted a change of use would be necessary for the property. They requested the septic area be protected and to secure appropriate permits for the well based on the usage of the property. A fire suppression system would be installed in the existing buildings. The Petitioners would provide information regarding the brightness of lights. The fire equipment would not use their horns at night unless there were vehicles on the road. ZPAC recommended approval of the proposal with the conditions proposed by Staff, a requirement that an escrow be paid to Joliet and an annexation agreement was secured with Shorewood by a vote of seven (7) in favor and zero (0) in opposition. The minutes of the meeting were provided.

The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission did not have quorum for their meeting on January 26, 2022. The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission reviewed this proposal at their meeting on February 23, 2022. Discussion occurred about having an antenna at the property and reducing the brightness of the sign to match the ambient light of the area instead of a 10:00 p.m. reduction. The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission recommended approval of the proposal with the conditions proposed by Staff and changing the time the brightness of the sign was reduced by a vote of eight (8) in favor and zero (0) in opposition with one (1) member absent. The minutes of the January 26, 2022, gathering and the February 23, 2022 meeting were provided.

The Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals started a public hearing on this proposal on January 31, 2022. The hearing was continued to February 28, 2022. The minutes of the January 31, 2022, meeting were provided.

The Troy Fire Protection District plans to convert the property into a fire station and training facility. The fire station would be staffed twenty-four (24) hours per day and would serve as the District's third (3rd) fire station. The station would have a maximum of eight (8) firefighters.

The indoor training facility would be housed in the existing four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot building. The building will have four (4) classrooms and one (1) office. Three (3) of the classrooms can hold twenty (20) students and the other classroom can hold fifty-two (52) students. The total number of students and instructors would be a maximum of one hundred twenty (120). Hours of operations would be Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m. and Saturdays and Sundays from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.

The outside training area and tower would be used for live fire training, non-live fire training, search and rescue, and technical rescue. The hours of operation for this site would be the same as the hours of operation for the indoor training facility. The total number of students and instructors at this site would be twenty (20).

The total maximum occupancy of all of the classrooms, training tower site, and fire station employees would be one hundred forty-eight (140).

The District currently holds a Basic Operations Fire Academy in partnership with Joliet Junior College at Fire Station #1. This course would be moved to the subject property.

According to the site plan, a proposed boat dock for water training is planned south of the retention pond. No information was provided regarding any trainings that may occur at this portion of the property.

According to the site plan, the property presently consists of one (1) one (1) story eighteen thousand two hundred (18,200) square foot building used as a church. This building would be converted to the fire station. One (1) one (1) story four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot accessory building will be converted to office and classrooms. One (1) pre-engineered building presently located on the southwest corner of the property would be moved next to the outdoor training area.

The renderings for the fire station and office classroom building were provided. At its highest point, the façade of the fire station will be fifty-four feet (54') tall. Three (3) bays will exist for fire apparatus. There will also be at least one (1) door on each side of the building. There will not be any windows on the east side of the building except by the door. The office/training building will have one (1) door on the east side of the building and windows on all sides.

The site plan calls for a training pad area west of the existing main building. This area will have a forty foot (40') tall training tower, a storage area, fire investigation area, and a SCBA trailer. The training tower will be approximately sixty feet (60') long and thirty feet (30') feet wide. The rendering of the training tower was provided. The storage area will be an open area for the storage of pallets and straw bales and will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, forty feet (40') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The fire investigation area will also be an open area for trainings/scenarios. This area will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, twenty feet (20') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The trailer will be used to store breathing apparatus and will be approximately eight feet (8') wide, fifty-three feet (53') long, and fourteen feet (14') in height.

Any structures related to the proposed operations would be required to obtain applicable building permits.

The property is served by well and septic.

One (1) trash enclosure area is shown on the site plan. The Petitioners' intent would be to use this area to house one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster.

Per the plat of survey, most of the property drains to the south. The area north of the existing church building drains towards the retention pond.

The site plan called for the enlargement of the retention pond. The exact enlargement of the pond has not been determined and will be based on the ground and earth in the area. A stormwater management permit will be required for the expansion.

Per the plat of survey, the property has two access points off of Jones Road. The eastern drive is asphalt and the western drive is gravel. Per the site plan, the eastern drive will be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround area; the remainder of the eastern drive will be asphalt. The western drive will concrete.

According to the site plan, one (1) three hundred (300) parking space asphalt parking lot is located on the property. Per the Americans with Disabilities Act, seven (7) handicapped parking spaces are required for a parking lot with this number of parking spaces; one (1) additional handicapped parking space is needed. The Petitioners indicated that seven (7) handicapped parking spaces presently exist at the property. The parking lot will be resurfaced.

Per the site plan, a portion of the eastern drive will be turned to concrete, a new apron will be installed, and the drive will be altered to provide direct access to the fire apparatus bays.

According to the plat of survey, there are four (4) existing light poles in the parking lot. Each pole has four (4) lights. There is also one (1) additional light pole by the northeast corner of the existing church. There are also lights pointing downwards above each door of the existing church.

According to the site plan, one (1) digital ground sign is proposed west of the eastern entrance. This sign will be a maximum of ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') tall. The sign will be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output was originally planned to be reduced to fifty percent (50%) at 10:00 p.m. Per Section 12:08.A.2.a, signs at public safety facilities are exempt from the requirement to turn off illuminated signs at 11:00 p.m. The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission requested that the reduction time be adjusted to reflect changes in sunset times and ambient light levels. Staff has concerns regarding having a rotating reduction time for the lighting of the sign.

Per the renderings, the number 3 will be placed above the bays for the fire apparatus on the north side of the building and a Troy FPD 3 sign will be installed on the west side of building. The letters will be three feet (3') tall and the signs will be backlit with LED lights.

The site plan shows one (1) new steel double gate at the entrance of the western driveway. The site plan also shows the western end of parking lot fenced and gated. This fence will be chain link with slats at six feet (6') in height.

Both the plat of survey and the site plan show numerous existing trees, arborvitae, and other vegetation throughout the property. No information was provided regarding the types or numbers of the various planting currently placed on the property. Section 11:02.F.8 provides screening requirements for parking lots with more than twenty (20) parking spaces. These requirements are presently met. The Petitioners' intention is to keep all of the existing vegetation onsite except for those plantings in the new concrete apron area, new training pad area, and pond extension area.

The site plan shows five (5) new turf berms. The berms would be a maximum slope of three to one (3:1). The minimum height of the berms shall be five feet (5'). The trees planted on top of the berms would be arborvitae, spruce, or other similar tree. The berms would be installed at the same time the pond is dug with trees planted after completion of the berms.

The Petitioners plan to have emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers on the property. These items will not be broadcast or used outside of the buildings between 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.

All training burns should occur inside the training tower. No other burning or odor causing activities are foreseen at the property.

If approved, this would be the first (1st) special use permit for a fire station in the unincorporated area. This would be the fifth (5th) special use permit for a government facility in the unincorporated area; the others are highway related or government office related.

The proposed Findings of Fact were as follows:

That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the special use will not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Provided the site is developed in accordance with the submitted site plan and provided that conditions are included in the special use permit to mitigate outside noise, odor, and lighting, the proposed use should not be detrimental or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Placing a fire station at this location, with trained first responders, should enhance the public safety of the area.

That the special use will not be substantially injurious to the use and enjoyment of other property in the immediate vicinity for the purposes already permitted, nor substantially diminish and impair property values within the neighborhood. The Zoning classification of property within the general area of the property in question shall be considered in determining consistency with this standard. The proposed use shall make adequate provisions for appropriate buffers, landscaping, fencing, lighting, building materials, open space and other improvements necessary to insure that the proposed use does not adversely impact adjacent uses and is compatible with the surrounding area and/or the County as a whole. Appropriate restrictions should be placed in the special use permit to regulate outside noise, odors, and lighting. It is acknowledged that a fire station could produce noise, particularly sirens, at any point in time. Landscaping is incorporated in the controlling site plan for the property. Presently, very few house are located within a half mile of the property. The neighboring property owners should not suffer loss in property values caused by the placement of this use.

That adequate utilities, access roads and points of ingress and egress, drainage, and/or other necessary facilities have been or are being provided. Provided the City of Joliet and Seward Township have no concerns regarding the use of Jones Road for the purposes of a fire station, adequate roads are provided. Adequate utilities are onsite or will be upgraded. Drainage issues shall be addressed as part of the stormwater management permit for the property.

That the special use shall in all other respects conform to the applicable regulations of the district in which it is located, except as such regulations may in each instance be modified by the County Board pursuant to the recommendation of the Zoning Board of Appeals. This is true; no variances are needed.

That the special use is consistent with the purpose and objectives of the Land Resource Management Plan and other adopted County or municipal plans and policies. True, the proposal is consistent with the

goals and objectives included in the Public Safety section found on pages 4-10 and 4-11 of the Kendall County Land Resource Management Plan.

Staff recommended approval of the request special use permit subject to the following conditions and restrictions:

- 1. The special use permit granted by Ordinance 2004-24 is hereby revoked and Ordinance 2004-24 is repealed in its entirety.
- 2. The site shall be developed substantially in accordance with the plat of survey and site plan. The exact size of the retention pond expansion shall be determined by the stormwater management permit related to that expansion. The pond expansion must occur within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 3. The vegetation presently shown on the plat of survey and site plan shall remain in substantially the same locations as shown on these documents with the exception that the vegetation around the concrete apron, training pad area, and pond extension may be removed.
- 4. The berms shown on the site plan shall be a minimum of five feet (5') in height. Evergreen type vegetation shall be planted on top of the berms. The berms and evergreens must be installed within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 5. Damaged or dead plantings related to the landscaping of the property shall be replaced on a timeframe approved by the Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Department.
- 6. The fire station, four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot training building, and fire tower, shall be developed substantially in accordance with the elevations.
- Any new structures constructed or installed related to the use allowed by this special use permit
 on the property shall not be considered for agricultural purposes and must secure applicable
 building permits.
- 8. The training tower shown on the site plan shall be approximately sixty feet (60') in length, thirty feet (30') in width, and forty feet (40') in height.
- 9. The storage area shown on the site plan shall be an open area for outdoor storage approximately sixteen feet (16') in length and forty feet (40') in width. The maximum height of materials stored in this area shall be eight feet (8').
- 10. The fire investigation area shown on the site plan shall be an open area used for trainings and shall be approximately sixteen feet (16') in length, twenty feet (20') in width, and eight feet (8') in height.
- 11. The SCBA trailer shown on the site plan shall be approximately eight feet (8') in width and fifty-three feet (53') in length. The trailer shall be approximately fourteen feet (14') in height.
- 12. The eastern driveway shall be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround around area as shown on the site plan. The remainder of the eastern driveway shall be asphalt.
- 13. The parking area shall be maintained in substantially the same location as shown on the site plan with approximately three hundred (300) parking spaces. The property owners shall ensure that handicapped parking spaces required by the Americans with Disabilities Act are provided.

- Per the site plan, seven (7) handicapped accessible parking spaces with applicable signage shall be provided for the three hundred (300) spaced parking lot.
- 14. The fence around the western portion of the parking lot shall be chain link with slats added. The maximum height of the fence shall be six feet (6').
- 15. One (1) free standing sign may be installed in substantially the location shown on the site plan. The sign shall be a maximum ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') in height. The sign may be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output of the sign shall be set to a maximum of fifty percent (50%) of capabilities between 10:00 p.m. and dawn.
- 16. Wall signage on the building shall be installed in substantially the locations and sizes as shown on the renderings. These signs may be back lit.
- 17. The trash enclosure shall be placed in substantially the location shown on the site plan and shall be large enough to hold one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster. The enclosure shall be screened per the requirements of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance.
- 18. No burning, other than burning normally allowed on A-1 zoned property, may occur outdoors at the subject property.
- 19. Emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers shall not broadcast or be used outdoors at the subject property between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.
- 20. The owners of the businesses allowed by this special use permit shall diligently monitor the property for leaks from equipment, vehicles, and materials parked and stored on the subject property and shall promptly clean up the site if leaks occur.
- 21. None of the vehicles or equipment parked or stored on the subject property related to the use allowed by the special use permit shall be considered agricultural vehicles or agricultural equipment.
- 22. The operators of the use allowed by this special use permit acknowledge and agree to follow Kendall County's Right to Farm Clause.
- 23. Within one (1) year of the approval of this special use permit ordinance, the owners of the subject property shall submit an escrow payment to the City of Joliet for improvements to Jones Road. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend the deadline for payment of the escrow funds.
- 24. Within one (1) year of the approval of this special use permit ordinance, the owners of the subject property shall enter into an annexation agreement with the Village of Shorewood. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend the deadline for the creation of the annexation agreement.
- 25. The property owner and operator of the use allowed by this special use permit shall follow all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws related to the operation of this type of use.
- 26. Failure to comply with one or more of the above conditions or restrictions could result in the amendment or revocation of the special use permit.

- 27. If one or more of the above conditions is declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining conditions shall remain valid.
- 28. This special use permit shall be treated as a covenant running with the land and is binding on the successors, heirs, and assigns as to the same special use conducted on the property.

Member Cherry requested clarification on the location of the subject property.

Chairman Mohr asked if the classrooms were inside the training tower. The classrooms were inside the accessory building.

Chairman Mohr asked why the berms were proposed. Mr. Asselmeier said the berms were placed to screen the site. Fire Chief Andrew Doyle said the dirt from the berms would be come from the pond work. The eastern berm would be used to block lights from the apparatus coming out of the building. The Fire District wanted the berms.

Member Vickery asked if the Fire District had enlarged. Chief Doyle responded no. Member Vickery questioned why the church had wanted such a large piece of property. Discussion occurred regarding the site plan connected to the special use permit for the church.

Chairman Mohr opened the public hearing at 7:21 p.m.

Chief Doyle said the parking lot was built for the church. He discussed the original plans of the church.

Member Vickery asked about coverage in the area around Grove Road and Route 52. Chief Doyle responded that the Troy Fire Protection District covers that area. He also discussed the mutual aid agreement with the Lisbon Seward Fire Protection District related to ambulance service.

Member Vickery asked where the Troy Fire Protection District would be dispatched. Chief Doyle responded they would be dispatched from their dispatch center, but KENCOM would handle calls from Kendall County. Discussion occurred on the differences of receiving calls from land lines and cell phones.

Member Vickery expressed concerns regarding traffic during training events. The training center would be used by multiple jurisdictions.

Chairman Mohr asked if the station would be a live-in situation or shifts. Chief Doyle responded the fire fighters would be on for twenty-four (24) hours and off forty-eight (48) hours. The building would meet applicable codes.

Chief Doyle said the goal was to go out to bid in the fall of 2022 for inside work and bids for outside work would be in the spring of 2023. They hope to occupy the building by fall 2023.

Chairman Mohr closed the public hearing at 7:27 p.m.

Member Vickery made a motion, seconded by Member LeCuyer, to approve the Findings of Fact for the special use permit.

The votes were as follows:

Ayes (5): Cherry, Fox, LeCuyer, Mohr, and Vickery

Nays (0): None Abstain (0): None

Absent (2): Thompson and Whitfield

The motion passed.

Member LeCuyer made a motion, seconded by Member Fox, to recommend approval of the special use permit with the conditions proposed by Staff.

The votes were as follows:

Ayes (5): Cherry, Fox, LeCuyer, Mohr, and Vickery

Nays (0): None Abstain (0): None

Absent (2): Thompson and Whitfield

The motion passed.

The proposal will go to the Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee on Monday, March 7, 2022.

The Zoning Board of Appeals completed their review of Petition 22-03 at 7:29 p.m.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

For the March hearing, there will be a request from Seward Township for a moratorium on certain applications and a request from the Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee adding definitions of landscaping businesses and excavating businesses to the Zoning Ordinance.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Member LeCuyer made a motion, seconded by Member Vickery, to adjourn.

With a voice vote of five (5) ayes, the motion carried.

The Zoning Board of Appeals meeting adjourned at 8:19 p.m.

The next hearing/meeting will be on March 28, 2022.

Respectfully submitted by, Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner

Exhibits

- 1. Memo on Petition 22-03 Dated February 24, 2022
- 2. Certificate of Publication and Certified Mail Receipts for Petition 22-03 (Not Included with Report but on file in Planning, Building and Zoning Office)



KENDALL COUNTY ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS FEBRUARY 28, 2022

In order to be allowed to present any testimony, make any comment, engage in cross-examination, or ask any question during this public hearing, you must enter your name, address, and signature on this form prior to the commencement of the public hearing. By signing this registration sheet, you agree that you understand that anything you say will be considered sworn testimony, and that you will tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth

but the truth.		
NAME	ADDRESS	SIGNATURE
ANDREW DIYLE	71	



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING

111 West Fox Street • Room 203 Yorkville, IL • 60560

(630) 553-4141

Fax (630) 553-4179

Petition 22-03

Executive Pastor Sean Mabee on Behalf of the Grace Bible Church of Shorewood and Chief Andrew Doyle on Behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District

A-1 Special Use Permit for Government Building or Facility (Fire Station) and Revocation of an A-1 Special Use Permit for a Church

INTRODUCTION

In July 2004, the Kendall County Board granted a special use permit for a church at the subject property. The property was for sale and the Troy Fire Protection District would like to purchase the property in order to construct a new fire station and training facility.

The application materials are included as Attachment 1. The plat of survey of the property is included as Attachment 2. The site plan is included as Attachment 3. The renderings of some of the proposed buildings is included as Attachment 4. Ordinance 2004-24 is included as Attachment 5. The aerial is included as Attachment 6.

SITE INFORMATION

PETITIONERS: Executive Pastor Sean Mabee on Behalf of the Grace Bible Church of Shorewood

and Chief Andrew Doyle on Behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District

ADDRESS: 748 Jones Road, Minooka

LOCATION: Approximately 0.25 Miles East of Ridge on the South Side of Jones Road



TOWNSHIP: Seward

PARCEL #: 09-12-300-017

LOT SIZE: 25.0 +/- Acres

EXISTING LAND Institutional-Place of Worship

USE:

ZONING: A-1 with a Special Use Permit for a Church

LRMP:

Future Land Use	Suburban Residential (Max 1.00 DU/Acre) (County) Residential (Shorewood)
Roads	Jones Road is a Collector Road maintained by the City of Joliet at this property.
	Jones Road is Minor Collector maintained by Seward Township in the unincorporated area.
	Shorewood has a north-south road planned near the subject property.
Trails	There are no trails planned in the area.
Floodplain/ Wetlands	There are no floodplains or wetlands on the property.

REQUESTED ACTIONS:

Special Use Permit for Governmental Building and Facilities

Revocation of a Special Use Permit for a Church

APPLICABLE Section 7:01.D.22 – A-1 Special Uses REGULATIONS: Section 13:08 – Special Use Procedures

SURROUNDING LAND USE

Location	Adjacent Land Use	Adjacent Zoning	Land Resource Management Plan	Zoning within ½ Mile
North	Agricultural/Farmstead (Joliet)	R-1 B Single- Family Residential (Joliet)	Residential (2.5 DU/Acre for Single- Family and 3.0 DU/Acre for Mixed Use) (Joliet)	R-1 B, B-2, and B-3 (Joliet)
South	Agricultural	A-1	Suburban Residential (Max 1.00 DU/Acre) (County) Residential (Shorewood)	A-1 (County)
East	Agricultural	A-1	Suburban Residential (County) Residential (Shorewood)	A-1 (County)
West	Agricultural	A-1	Suburban Residential (County) Commercial (Shorewood)	A-1 (County) R-1 B (Joliet)

Six homes plus several homes in the Hunters Ridge Subdivision inside the City of Joliet are located within

one half (1/2) mile of the property.

PHYSICAL DATA

ENDANGERED SPECIES REPORT

EcoCAT Report was submitted on December 17, 2021, and consultation was terminated, see Attachment 1, Page 19.

NATURAL RESOURCES INVENTORY

The NRI application was submitted on December 17, 2021, see Attachment 1, Page 18. The LESA Score was 183 indicating low level of protection. The NRI Report was included as Attachment 10.

ACTION SUMMARY

SEWARD TOWNSHIP

Petition information was sent to Seward Township on December 23, 2021. The Seward Township Planning Commission reviewed this proposal on January 4, 2022. They recommended approval by a vote of four (4) in favor and zero (0) in opposition. The minutes of the meeting were included as Attachment 8.

VILLAGE OF SHOREWOOD

Petition information was sent to the Village of Shorewood on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 3 required an annexation agreement with Shorewood that did not occur. At the ZPAC meeting, the Village of Shorewood requested an annexation agreement with the Petitioners; the Petitioners were agreeable to the request. At the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting, an email from the Petitioner was read explaining that an annexation agreement could be secured until the Fire District owned the property. The email is included in the minutes of the February 23, 2022, Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting (Attachment 13).

CITY OF JOLIET

Petition information was sent to the City of Joliet on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 4 required the church to develop a time table for improvements to Jones Road. The City of Joliet supplied information regarding planned improvements to Jones Road. This information was included as Attachment 7. The Petitioners agreed to establish an escrow account with the City of Joliet to cover the cost for some of the improvements to Jones Road. At the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting, an email from the Petitioner was read explaining that the City of Joliet had no record of the establishment of an escrow with the church and the Fire District would be required to establish an escrow, if the Fire District could not provide information to the contrary. The email is included in the minutes of the February 23, 2022, Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting (Attachment 13).

ZPAC

ZPAC reviewed the proposal on January 4, 2022. The Health Department noted a change of use would be necessary for the property. They requested the septic area be protected and to secure appropriate permits for the well based on the usage of the property. A fire suppression system would be installed in the existing buildings. The Petitioners would provide information regarding the brightness of lights. The fire equipment would not use their horns at night unless there were vehicles on the road. ZPAC recommended approval of the proposal with the conditions proposed by Staff, a requirement that an escrow be paid to Joliet and an annexation agreement was secured with Shorewood by a vote of seven (7) in favor and zero (0) in opposition. The minutes of the meeting were included as Attachment 9.

RPC

The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission did not have quorum for their meeting on January 26, 2022. The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission reviewed this proposal at their meeting on February 23, 2022. Discussion occurred about having an antenna at the property and reducing the brightness of the sign to match the ambient light of the area instead of a 10:00 p.m. reduction. The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission recommended approval of the proposal with the conditions proposed by Staff and changing the time the brightness of the sign was reduced by a vote of eight (8) in favor and zero (0) in opposition with one (1) member absent. The minutes of the January 26, 2022, gathering and the February 23, 2022 meeting were included as Attachments 12 and 13.

ZBA

The Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals started a public hearing on this proposal on January 31, 2022. The hearing was continued to February 28, 2022. The minutes of the January 31, 2022, meeting are included as Attachment 11.

OPERATIONS

According to the information found on Attachment 1, Page 5, the Troy Fire Protection District plans to convert the property into a fire station and training facility. The fire station would be staffed twenty-four (24) hours per day and would serve as the District's third (3rd) fire station. The station would have a maximum of eight (8) firefighters.

The indoor training facility would be housed in the existing four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot building. The building will have four (4) classrooms and one (1) office. Three (3) of the classrooms can hold twenty (20) students and the other classroom can hold fifty-two (52) students. The total number of students and instructors would be a maximum of one hundred twenty (120). Hours of operations would be Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m. and Saturdays and Sundays from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.

The outside training area and tower would be used for live fire training, non-live fire training, search and rescue, and technical rescue. The hours of operation for this site would be the same as the hours of operation for the indoor training facility. The total number of students and instructors at this site would be twenty (20).

The total maximum occupancy of all of the classrooms, training tower site, and fire station employees would be one hundred forty-eight (140).

The District currently holds a Basic Operations Fire Academy in partnership with Joliet Junior College at Fire Station #1. This course would be moved to the subject property.

According to the site plan (Attachment 3), a proposed boat dock for water training is planned south of the retention pond. No information was provided regarding any trainings that may occur at this portion of the property.

BUILDINGS AND BUILDING CODES

According to the site plan (Attachment 3), the property presently consists of one (1) one (1) story eighteen thousand two hundred (18,200) square foot building used as a church. This building would be converted to the fire station. One (1) one (1) story four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot accessory building will be converted to office and classrooms. One (1) pre-engineered building presently located on the southwest corner of the property would be moved next to the outdoor training area.

The renderings for the fire station and office classroom building are included as Attachment 4, Page 1-3. At its highest point, the façade of the fire station will be fifty-four feet (54') tall. Three (3) bays will exist for fire apparatus. There will also be at least one (1) door on each side of the building. There will not be any windows on the east side of the building except by the door. The office/training building will have one (1) door on the east side of the building and windows on all sides.

The site plan (Attachment 3) calls for a training pad area west of the existing main building. This area will have a forty foot (40') tall training tower, a storage area, fire investigation area, and a SCBA trailer. The training tower will be approximately sixty feet (60') long and thirty feet (30') feet wide. The rendering of the training tower is included on Attachment 4, Page 4. The storage area will be an open area for the storage of pallets and straw bales and will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, forty feet (40') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The fire investigation area will also be an open area for trainings/scenarios. This area will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, twenty feet (20') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The trailer will be used to store breathing apparatus and will be approximately eight feet (8') wide, fifty-three feet (53') long, and fourteen feet (14') in height.

Any structures related to the proposed operations would be required to obtain applicable building permits.

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

The property is served by well and septic.

One (1) trash enclosure area is shown on the site plan (Attachment 3). The Petitioners' intent would be to use this area to house one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster.

STORMWATER

Per, the plat of survey (Attachment 2), most of the property drains to the south. The area north of the existing church building drains towards the retention pond.

The site plan (Attachment 3) calls for the enlargement of the retention pond. The exact enlargement of the pond has not been determined and will be based on the ground and earth in the area. A stormwater management permit will be required for the expansion.

ACCESS

Per the plat of survey (Attachment 2), the property has two access points off of Jones Road. The eastern drive is asphalt and the western drive is gravel. Per the site plan (Attachment 3), the eastern drive will be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround area; the remainder of the eastern drive will be asphalt. The western drive will concrete.

PARKING AND INTERNAL TRAFFIC CIRCULATION

According to the site plan, one (1) three hundred (300) parking space asphalt parking lot is located on the property. Per the Americans with Disabilities Act, seven (7) handicapped parking spaces are required for a parking lot with this number of parking spaces; one (1) additional handicapped parking space is needed. The Petitioners indicated that seven (7) handicapped parking spaces presently exist at the property. The parking lot will be resurfaced.

Per the site plan, (Attachment 3), a portion of the eastern drive will be turned to concrete, a new apron will be installed, and the drive will be altered to provide direct access to the fire apparatus bays.

LIGHTING

According to the plat of survey (Attachment 2), there are four (4) existing light poles in the parking lot. Each pole has four (4) lights. There is also one (1) additional light pole by the northeast corner of the existing church. There are also lights pointing downwards above each door of the existing church.

SIGNAGE

According to the site plan (Attachment 3), one (1) digital ground sign is proposed west of the eastern entrance. This sign will be a maximum of ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') tall. The sign will be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output was originally planned to be reduced to fifty percent (50%) at 10:00 p.m. Per Section 12:08.A.2.a, signs at public safety facilities are exempt from the requirement to turn off illuminated signs at 11:00 p.m. The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission requested that the reduction time be adjusted to reflect changes in sunset times and ambient light levels. Staff has concerns regarding having a rotating reduction time for the lighting of the sign.

Per the renderings (Attachment 4, Pages 1 and 2), the number 3 will be placed above the bays for the fire apparatus on the north side of the building and a Troy FPD 3 sign will be installed on the west side of building. The letters will be three feet (3') tall and the signs will be backlit with LED lights.

SECURITY

The site plan (Attachment 3) shows one (1) new steel double gate at the entrance of the western driveway. The site plan also shows the western end of parking lot fenced and gated. This fence will be chain link with slats at six feet (6') in height.

LANDSCAPING

Both the plat of survey (Attachment 2) and the site plan (Attachment 3) show numerous existing trees, arborvitae, and other vegetation throughout the property. No information was provided regarding the types or numbers of the various planting currently placed on the property. Section 11:02.F.8 provides screening requirements for parking lots with more than twenty (20) parking spaces. These requirements are presently

met. The Petitioners' intention is to keep all of the existing vegetation onsite except for those plantings in the new concrete apron area, new training pad area, and pond extension area.

The site plan (Attachment 3) shows five (5) new turf berms. The berms would be a maximum slope of three to one (3:1). The minimum height of the berms shall be five feet (5'). The trees planted on top of the berms would be arborvitae, spruce, or other similar tree. The berms would be installed at the same time the pond is dug with trees planted after completion of the berms.

NOISE CONTROL

The Petitioners plan to have emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers on the property. These items will not be broadcast or used outside of the buildings between 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.

ODORS

All training burns should occur inside the training tower. No other burning or odor causing activities are foreseen at the property.

RELATION TO OTHER SPECIAL USES

If approved, this would be the first (1st) special use permit for a fire station in the unincorporated area. This would be the fifth (5th) special use permit for a government facility in the unincorporated area; the others are highway related or government office related.

FINDINGS OF FACT

§ 13:08.J of the Zoning Ordinance outlines findings that the Zoning Board of Appeals must make in order to recommend in favor of the applicant on special use permit applications. They are listed below in *italics*. Staff has provided findings in **bold** below based on the recommendation:

That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the special use will not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Provided the site is developed in accordance with the submitted site plan and provided that conditions are included in the special use permit to mitigate outside noise, odor, and lighting, the proposed use should not be detrimental or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Placing a fire station at this location, with trained first responders, should enhance the public safety of the area.

That the special use will not be substantially injurious to the use and enjoyment of other property in the immediate vicinity for the purposes already permitted, nor substantially diminish and impair property values within the neighborhood. The Zoning classification of property within the general area of the property in question shall be considered in determining consistency with this standard. The proposed use shall make adequate provisions for appropriate buffers, landscaping, fencing, lighting, building materials, open space and other improvements necessary to insure that the proposed use does not adversely impact adjacent uses and is compatible with the surrounding area and/or the County as a whole. Appropriate restrictions should be placed in the special use permit to regulate outside noise, odors, and lighting. It is acknowledged that a fire station could produce noise, particularly sirens, at any point in time. Landscaping is incorporated in the controlling site plan for the property. Presently, very few house are located within a half mile of the property. The neighboring property owners should not suffer loss in property values caused by the placement of this use.

That adequate utilities, access roads and points of ingress and egress, drainage, and/or other necessary facilities have been or are being provided. Provided the City of Joliet and Seward Township have no concerns regarding the use of Jones Road for the purposes of a fire station, adequate roads are provided. Adequate utilities are onsite or will be upgraded. Drainage issues shall be addressed as part of the stormwater management permit for the property.

That the special use shall in all other respects conform to the applicable regulations of the district in which it is located, except as such regulations may in each instance be modified by the County Board pursuant to the recommendation of the Zoning Board of Appeals. This is true; no variances are needed.

That the special use is consistent with the purpose and objectives of the Land Resource Management Plan and other adopted County or municipal plans and policies. True, the proposal is consistent with the goals and

objectives included in the Public Safety section found on pages 4-10 and 4-11 of the Kendall County Land Resource Management Plan.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval of the request special use permit subject to the following conditions and restrictions:

- 1. The special use permit granted by Ordinance 2004-24 is hereby revoked and Ordinance 2004-24 is repealed in its entirety.
- 2. The site shall be developed substantially in accordance with the attached plat of survey (Attachment 2) and site plan (Attachment 3). The exact size of the retention pond expansion shall be determined by the stormwater management permit related to that expansion. The pond expansion must occur within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 3. The vegetation presently shown on the attached plat of survey (Attachment 2) and site plan (Attachment 3) shall remain in substantially the same locations as shown on these documents with the exception that the vegetation around the concrete apron, training pad area, and pond extension may be removed.
- 4. The berms shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) shall be a minimum of five feet (5') in height. Evergreen type vegetation shall be planted on top of the berms. The berms and evergreens must be installed within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 5. Damaged or dead plantings related to the landscaping of the property shall be replaced on a timeframe approved by the Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Department.
- 6. The fire station, four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot training building, and fire tower, shall be developed substantially in accordance with the elevations (Attachment 4).
- 7. Any new structures constructed or installed related to the use allowed by this special use permit on the property shall not be considered for agricultural purposes and must secure applicable building permits.
- 8. The training tower shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) shall be approximately sixty feet (60') in length, thirty feet (30') in width, and forty feet (40') in height.
- 9. The storage area shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) shall be an open area for outdoor storage approximately sixteen feet (16') in length and forty feet (40') in width. The maximum height of materials stored in this area shall be eight feet (8').
- 10. The fire investigation area shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) shall be an open area used for trainings and shall be approximately sixteen feet (16') in length, twenty feet (20') in width, and eight feet (8') in height.
- 11. The SCBA trailer shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) shall be approximately eight feet (8') in width and fifty-three feet (53') in length. The trailer shall be approximately fourteen feet (14') in height.
- 12. The eastern driveway shall be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround around area as shown on the site plan (Attachment 3). The remainder of the eastern driveway shall be asphalt.
- 13. The parking area shall be maintained in substantially the same location as shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) with approximately three hundred (300) parking spaces. The property owners shall ensure that handicapped parking spaces required by the Americans with Disabilities Act are provided. Per the site plan (Attachment 3), seven (7) handicapped accessible parking spaces with applicable signage shall be provided for the three hundred (300) spaced parking lot.
- 14. The fence around the western portion of the parking lot shall be chain link with slats added. The maximum height of the fence shall be six feet (6').
- 15. One (1) free standing sign may be installed in substantially the location shown on the site plan (Attachment 3). The sign shall be a maximum ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') in height. The sign may be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output of the sign shall be set to a maximum of fifty percent (50%) of capabilities between 10:00 p.m. and dawn. (This condition requires additional discussion).

- 16. Wall signage on the building shall be installed in the substantially the locations and sizes as shown on the renderings (Attachment 4). These signs may be back lit.
- 17. The trash enclosure shall be placed in substantially the location shown on the site plan (Attachment 3) and shall be large enough to hold one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster. The enclosure shall be screen per the requirements of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance.
- 18. No burning, other than burning normally allowed on A-1 zoned property, may occur outdoors at the subject property.
- 19. Emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers shall not broadcast or be used outdoors at the subject property between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.
- 20. The owners of the businesses allowed by this special use permit shall diligently monitor the property for leaks from equipment, vehicles, and materials parked and stored on the subject property and shall promptly clean up the site if leaks occur.
- 21. None of the vehicles or equipment parked or stored on the subject property related to the use allowed by the special use permit shall be considered agricultural vehicles or agricultural equipment.
- 22. The operators of the use allowed by this special use permit acknowledge and agree to follow Kendall County's Right to Farm Clause.
- 23. Within one (1) year of the approval of this special use permit ordinance, the owners of the subject property shall submit an escrow payment to the City of Joliet for improvements to Jones Road. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend the deadline for payment of the escrow funds.
- 24. Within one (1) year of the approval of this special use permit ordinance, the owners of the subject property shall enter into an annexation agreement with the Village of Shorewood. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend the deadline for the creation of the annexation agreement.
- 25. The property owner and operator of the use allowed by this special use permit shall follow all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws related to the operation of this type of use.
- 26. Failure to comply with one or more of the above conditions or restrictions could result in the amendment or revocation of the special use permit.
- 27. If one or more of the above conditions is declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining conditions shall remain valid.
- 28. This special use permit shall be treated as a covenant running with the land and is binding on the successors, heirs, and assigns as to the same special use conducted on the property.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Application Materials (Including Petitioner's Findings of Fact, NRI Application, and EcoCat)
- 2. Plat of Survey
- 3. Site Plan
- 4. Renderings
- 5. Ordinance 2004-24
- 6. Aerial
- 7. Jones Road Related Emails with Joliet
- 8. January 4, 2022 Seward Township Planning Commission Minutes
- 9. January 4, 2022 ZPAC Minutes (This Petition Only)
- 10. NRI Report
- 11. January 31, 2022 Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals Minutes
- 12. January 26, 2022 Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Minutes
- 13. February 23, 2022 Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Minutes (This Petition Only)



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING

111 West Fox Street . Yorkville, IL . 60560

(630) 553-4141

Fax (630) 553-4179

APPLICATION

THOIS	PROJECT NAME	Troy FPD Fire Station 3	FILE #:
NAME OF APPLICANT Fire Chief Andrew	Doyle, Troy FPD		•
	R/NAME(₃) lean Mabee, Grace Bible (Church	
SITE INFORMATION ACRES 25	SITE ADDRESS OR LOCATION 748 Jones Rd. Minooka,	-	ASSESSOR'S ID NUMBER (PIN 09-12-300-017
Place of Worship	CURRENT ZONING A-1 SU	LAND CLAS	SIFICATION ON LRMP
REQUESTED ACTION (Check All That Apply):		
SPECIAL USE	MAP AMEN	OMENT (Rezona to)	VARIANCE
ADMINISTRATIVE	VARIANCE A-1 CONDIT	IONAL USE for:	SITE PLAN REVIEW
TEXT AMENDMENT	RPD (Con	cept; Prefiminary; Final)	ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL
X AMENDMENT TO A	FINAL PLAT	Minor)	OTHER PLAT (Vacation, Dedication, etc.)
'PRIMARY CONTACT Patrick Moore, FGM	MA 1211 W. 221 Oakbrook, II	TACT MAILING ADDRESS nd St., Suite 700 _ 60523	PRIMARY CONTACT EMAIL patrickmcore@fgmarchitects.com
(630) 574-8720	ONE # PRIMARY COM	TACT FAX #	PRIMARY CONTACT OTHER #(Cell, etc.)
John Mayer, ERA	ENGINEER MA 3s701 West Warrenville,	ILING ADDRESS Avenue, Suite 150 IL 60555	imayer@eraconsultants.com
ENGINEER PHONE # (630) 393-3060	ENGINEER FA	< #	ENGINEER OTHER # (Cell, etc.)
COUNTY STAFF & E THE PRIMARY CON COUNTY.	SOARD/ COMMISSION ME TACT LISTED ABOVE WIL	MBERS THROUGHOUT TO L BE SUBJECT TO ALL CO	TIN QUESTION MAT BE VISITED BY HE PETITION PROCESS AND THAT ORRESPONDANCE ISSUED BY THE
	LEDGE AND THAT I AM T		RUE AND CORRECT TO THE N AND ACT ON BEHALF OF THE
SIGNATURE OF APP	PLICAN		DATE
	FINE CHIEF T	roy FPD	12/17/2021
		PAID:\$	

¹Primary Contact will receive all correspondence from County
²Engineering Contact will receive all correspondence from the County's Engineering Consultants

748 JONES ROAD MINOOKA, IL. PROPOSED USE FOR

PUBLIC SAFETY TRAINING FIRE STATION #3 / **FACILITY**



Mattachment Mattachment:

communities we represent to limit the loss of life and property Provide services and education to the

VISION STATEMENT:

quality medical care, community risk achieve this through advanced training, reduction, and professional leadership services beyond expectation. We will competent organization providing public To be an adaptable, educated, and



TROY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT – SHOREWOOD, ILLINOIS

Serving and Protecting the Village of Shorewood, Unincorporated Troy Township, Will County, Unincorporated Seward Township, Kendall County









DEPARTMENT OVERVIEW:

And is currently governed by an elected five (5) member Board of Trustees. The Troy Fire Department was established in 1955 as a fire department. In 1968, Troy Fire Protection District was established and governed by 70 ILCS Fire Protection District Act.

departments in planning and budgeting for facilities, equipment, and training. This puts the Troy Fire Protection District in the Top 3% of the more than 50,000 fire departments in the protection, and Class 10 indicates that the area's fire-suppression program doesn't meet ISO's minimum criteria. ... The program provides an objective, countrywide standard that helps fire United States. We have been recognized by the United States Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administrations Safety & Health Achievement Recognition Program We are a combination fire department with full-time, part-time and volunteer personnel. We are an ISO Class 1 Fire Department. Class 1 generally represents superior property fire Serving a population of 28,000 citizens in the Village of Shorewood, Unincorporated Troy Township in Will County and Unincorporated Seward Township in Kendall County recognition. (SHARP) for operating and exemplary safety and health program. We are currently the only fire department in the Untied States who is an ISO Class 1 Department and OSHA SHARP

- Board of Trustees Elected

 Robert Schwartz Board President

 George Muentnich Treasurer

 Gohn Scheidt Secretary

 Joseph Baltz Trustee

 Steve Schwartz Trustee

 Board of Fire Commissioners Appointed
- Soard of Fire Commissioners Appointed Serry Gabrielson Chairmen Dave Blaskey Commissioner
- Administration
 Andrew Doyle Fire Chief
 Howard Hoffman Deputy Fire Chief
 Paul Hertzmann Deputy Fire Chief / Fire Inspector

The Troy Fire Protection provides and all-hazards response capability

- Fire Suppression
- Advanced Life Support EMS
- Hazardous Materials
- Fire/Arson Investigation
- Specialty Rescue (Technical Rescue, Water Rescue, Tactical Medics)
- Fire Inspection

FIRE STATION #1 / HEADQUARTERS: 700 COTTAGE ST. SHOREWOOD



STAFFING:

9 Personnel Per Day
Shift Commander
Engine (ALS)
Ambulance (ALS)

FIRE STATION #2: 25454 W. SEIL RD. SHOREWOOD

Ambulance (ALS)

Ladder Truck (ALS)



STAFFING:

5 PERSONNEL PER DAY
Engine (ALS)
Ambulance (ALS)
Tender

PROPOSED USE FOR 748 JONES ROAD MINOOKA

Public Safety Training Facility. The Troy Fire Protection District proposes to convert the property located at 748 Jones Rd. Minooka to a Fire Station and

The current 18,000 square foot +/- building would be converted in to and serve as our Fire Station #3

- This would be staffed 24 hours a day and function as our third full-time staffed fire station.
- The fire station would be converted to have up to 8 Firefighters

Page 5 chment 1, The current 4,500 square foot +/- building will remain as is and used for classroom space to train public safety personnel would be used for classroom education, holding 20 students in 3 of the classrooms and 52 students in the larger classroom. There are currently 5 classrooms in this build. 1 classroom would be turned in to an office. The remaining classrooms Hours of use would be from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. Monday –Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday Total number of students and instructors if occupied at the same time would be 120

Taining Site/Tower

- The training tower/site would be utilized for live fire training, non-live fire training, search and rescue, technical rescue
- Hours of use would be from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. Monday –Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday
- Total number of students/instructors while in use is 20.

Total maximum site occupants if all classrooms, training tower site, and fire station employees being used at the same time

enrolled through JJC and earn college credits for their degree in Fire Science our Fire Station #1 to the proposed Fire Station #3 / Public Safety Training Facility. Students who attend this academy are We currently hold a Basic Operations Fire Academy in partnership with Joliet Junior College. This class would be moved from

Attachment 1, Page 6

Legal Description

The North 1555.70 Feet of the East 700.00 Feet of the West 2036.77 Feet of the Southwest Quarter of Section 12, Township 35 North, Range 8 East of the Third Principal Meridian in Kendall County, Illinois



Illinois Anti-Predatory Lending Database Program

Certificate of Exemption

16 ~ 2 € 004 | North American Title Company 1776A S. Naperville Rd #200 Wheaton, IL 60189

Report Mortgage Fraud 800-532-8785 201700002372

DEBBIE GILLETTE KENDALL COUNTY, IL

RECORDED 2/9/2017 8 21 AM NTGE 55 89 RHSPS FEE 10 80 PAGES 10

The property identified as

PIN 05-06-15-102-005-0000

Address

Street

114 Channahon Street

Street line 2

City Shorewood

State IL

21P Code 604

Lender Baptist General Conference Comerstone Fund dia Converge Comerstone Fund

Borrower Grace Bible Church of Shorewood

Loan / Mortgage Amount \$2 442 916 08

This property is located within the program area and is exempt from the requirements of 765 ILCS 77/70 et seq because it is commercial property

Certificate number CFD7EF8F-EA46-474F-9A38-27C4D9EE42E6

Execution date 2/8/2017



WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO

201700002372

GILLETTE KENDALL COUNTY, IL

RECORDED 2/9/2017 8 21 AM MTGE 55 00 RHSPS FEE 10 00 PAGES 10



2002 S Arlington Heights Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005

THIS INSTRUMENT PREPARED BY

Converge Cornerstone Fund 2002 S Arlington Heights Rd. Arlington Heights, IL 60005 Attention Laura Fish

MORTGAGE

THIS MORTGAGE is dated as of February 2, 2017, between GRACE BEBLE CHURCH OF SHOREWOOD, formerly known as Grace Baptist Church and Troy Bible Church, an Illinois not-for-profit corporation ("Grantor") and BAPTIST GENERAL CONFERENCE CORNERSTONE FUND dates CONFERENCE CORNERSTONE FUND, an Illinois not-for-profit corporation ("Lender").

SECTION 1 GRANT OR MORTGAGE

- Grant of Mortgage. For valuable consideration, Grantor mortgages, warrants, and conveys to Lender all of Grantor's right, title, and interest in and to the real property/commonly known as 748 Jones Rd., Minooka, Illinois 60447, 114 Channahon Rd, Shorewood, Illinois 60436, and legally described on the attached Exhibit A, together with all Improvements, all easements, rights of way, and appurtenances, all water, water rights, watercourses and ditch rights (including stock in utilities with ditch or irrigation rights), and all other rights, royalties, and profits relating to the real property, including without limitation all minerals, oil, gas, geothermal and similar matters (collectively, the "Real Property") The Real Property tax identification numbers are shown on the attached Exhibit A.
- 1.2 Leases and Reats Grantor presently assigns to Lender all of Grantor's right, title and interest in and to all leases of the Property and all Rents from the Property in addition, Grantor grants to Lender a Uniform Commercial Code security interest in the Personal Property and Rents.
- 1.3 SCOPE. THIS MORTGAGE, INCLUDING THE ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS AND THE SECURITY INTEREST IN THE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND RENTS, IS GIVEN TO SECURE (I) PAYMENT OF THE INDEBTEDNESS AND (2) PERFORMANCE OF ALL OBLIGATIONS UNDER THIS MORTGAGE, THE NOTE AGREEMENT AND THE RELATED DOCUMENTS. THIS MORTGAGE IS INTENDED TO AND SHALL BE VALID AND HAVE PRIORITY OVER ALL SUBSEQUENT LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES, INCLUDING STATUTORY LIENS, TO THE EXTENT OF THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT SECURED HEREBY THIS MORTGAGE IS GIVEN AND ACCEPTED ON THE TERMS SET FORTH HEREIN

SECTIONS 2 GRANTOR'S AGREEMENTS AND COVENANTS

21 Payment and Performance. Except as otherwise provided in this Mortgage Grantor shall pay to Lender all amounts secured by this Mortgage as they become due and shall strictly perform all of Grantor's obligations under this Mortgage

- 2.2 Possession and Maintenance of the Property Grantor agrees that the following provisions shall govern Grantor s possession and use of the Property
 - (a) Duty to Maintain Grantor shall maintain, and cause its lessees to maintain, the Property in tenantable condition and promptly perform all repairs replacements and maintenance necessary to preserve its value
 - Hazardous Substances The terms hazardous waste hazardous substance 'disposal release and threatened release " as used in this Mortgage shall have the same meanings as set forth in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 as amended, 42 U S C Section 9601 et seq (CERCLA) the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Pub L No 99-499 (SARA) the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 USC Section 1801 et seq the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 49 USC Section 6901 et seq or other applicable state or Federal laws rules or regulations adopted pursuant to any of the foregoing. The terms hazardous waste" and "hazardous substance shall also include without limitation, petroleum and petroleum by products or any fraction thereof and asbestos. Grantor represents and warrants to Lender that. (1) during the period of Grantor's ownership of the Property there has been no use generation, manufacture storage treatment, disposal release or threatened release of any hazardous waste or substance by any Person on, under or about the Property (11) there has not been (A) any use generation, manufacture storage treatment, disposal release or threatened release of any hazardous waste or substance by any Person on or under the Property or (B) any actual or threatened litigation or claims of any kind by any Person relating to such matters and (iii) neither Grantar nor any tenant, contractor agent or other authorized user of the Property shall use generate manufacture store treat, disposo of or release any hazardous waste or substance on, under or about the Property except in compliance with all applicable federal state and local laws regulations and ordinances including without limitation those laws regulations and ordinances described above. Grantor authorizes Lender and its agents to enter upon the Property to make such inspections and tests, at Grantor's expense as Lender may deem appropriate to determine compliance of the Property with this section of the Mortgage Any inspections of tests made by Lender shall be for Lender's purposes only and shall not be construed to create any responsibility of liability on the part of Lender to Grantor or to any other person. The representations and warranties contained herein are based on Grantor's due diligence in investigating the Property for hazardous waste. Grantor hereby (x) releases and walves any present and future claims against Lender for indemnity or contribution in the event Grantor becomes liable for cleanup of other costs under any such laws and (y) agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Lender against any and all claims losses liabilities damages penalties and expenses which Lender may directly or indirectly sustain or suffer resulting from a breach of the section of the Mortgage or as a consequence of any use generation, manufacture storage disposal release or threatened release occurring prior to Grantor's ownership or interest in the Property whether or not the same was or should have been known to Grantor The provisions of this section of the Mortgage including the obligation to indemnify shall survive the payment of the Indebtedness) and the satisfaction and reconveyance of the lien of this Mortgage and shall not be affected by Lender's acquisition of any interest in the Property whether by foreclosure or otherwise
 - (c) Nussance, Waste. Grantor shall not cause constitut or permit any musance nor commit, permit, or suffer any stripping of or waste on or to the Property or any portion of the Property
 - (d) Removal of Improvements Grantor shall not demolish or remove any Improvements from the Real Property without the prior written consent of Lender As a conductor to the removal of any Improvements, Lender may require Grantor to make arrangements satisfactory to Lender to replace such Improvements with Improvements of at least equal value
 - (e) Lender's Right to Enter Lender and its agents and representatives may enter upon the Real Property at all reasonable times to attend to Lender's interests and to inspect the Property for purposes of Grantor's compliance with the terms and conditions of this Mortgage
 - (f) Duty to Protect. Grantor agrees neither to abandon nor leave the Property unattended. Grantor shall do all other acts in addition to those acts set forth above in this section, which from the character and use of the Property are necessary to protect and preserve the Property
 - (g) Notice of Construction. Grantor shall notify Lender at least fifteen (15) days before any work is commenced, any services are furnished, or any materials are supplied to the Property of any mechanics lien, materialments lien, or other lien could be asserted on account of the work, services or materials. Grantor will upon request of Lender furnish to Lender advance assurances satisfactory to Lender that Grantor can and will pay the cost of such work, services or materials.
- 2.3 Taxes and Liens Grantor shall pay when due (and in all events prior to delinquency) all taxes special taxes assessments water charges and sewer service charges levied against or on account of the Property and shall pay and cause any lessee to pay (as appropriate) when due all claims for work done on or for services rendered or material furnished to the Property Grantor shall maintain the Property free of all liens, except for the lien of taxes and assessments not due Grantor shall upon demand furnish to Lender

satisfactory evidence of payment of the taxes or assessments and shall authorize the appropriate governmental official to deliver to Lender at any time a written statement of the taxes and assessments against the Property Grantor shall take all steps necessary to obtain and maintain a tax exempt status for the Real Property

- 2.4 Tax and Insurance Reserves. Lender reserves the right to require Grantor to establish and maintain with Lender reserve accounts for the payment of real estate taxes and insurance for the Property
- Expenditures by Lender If Grantor fails to comply with any provision of this Mortgage or if any action or proceeding is commenced that would materially affect Lender's interests in the Property Lender on Grantor's behalf may but shall not be required to take any action that Lender deems appropriate. Any amount that Lender expends in so doing will bear interest at the Default Rate charged under the Note from the date incurred or paid by Lender to the date of repayment by Grantor. All such expenses, at Lender's option, will (a) be payable on demand, (b) be added to the balance of the Note and be apportioned among and be payable with any installment payments to become due during the remaining term of the Note or (c) be treated as a balloon payment which will be due and payable at the Note's maturity. This Mortgage also will secure payment of these amounts. The rights provided for in this section shall be in addition to any other rights or any remedies to which Lender may be entitled on account of an Event of Default. Any such action by Lender shall not be construed as curing the Event of Default so as to bar Lender from any remedy that it otherwise would have had.
- 2.6. Insurance Grantor agrees to maintain or cause to be maintained, all risks course of construction insurance boiler and machinery insurance fire and other risk insurance public liability insurance and such other insurance as Lender may require with respect to Grantor a properties and operations in form amounts coverages and with insurance companies reasonably acceptable to Lender but in all cases with respect to casualty insurance in amounts not less than the full replacement value of the property covered Grantor upon request of Lender will deliver to Lender from time to time the policies of certificates of insurance in form satisfactory to Lender including supulations that coverages will not be cancelled or diminished without at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Lender. In connection with all policies covering assets in which Lender holds or is offered a Security Interest for the Loans Grantor will provide Lender with such loss payable or other endorsements as Lender may require

SECTION 3 SECURITY AGREEMENT

- 3 1 Security Agreement, Grantor hereby grants Lender a security interest in all of the Personal Property and Lender shall have all of the rights of a secured party under the Uniform Commercial Code as amended from time to time
- 3.2 Security Interest. Upon request by Lender Crantor shall take whatever action is requested by Lender to perfect and continue Lender's security interest in the Rents and Personal Property in addition to recording this Mortgage in the real property records Lender may at any time and without further authorization from Franco; file executed counterparts, copies or reproductions of this Mortgage as a financing statement and/or may file UCC financing statements. Grantor shall reimburse Lender for all expenses incurred in perfecting or continuing this security interest. Upon an Event of Default, Grantor shall assemble the Personal Property in a manner and at a place reasonably convenient to Lender and make it available to Lender/within three (3) days after notice from Lender
- 3.3 Addresses. The mailing addresses of Grantor (debtor) and Lender (secured party) from which information concerning the security interest granted by this Mortgage may be obtained leach as required by the Uniform Commercial Code) are in Section 7 2(h) of this Mortgage

SÉCTION FURTHER ASSURANCES, ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

- Further Assurances. At any tune and from time to time upon request of Lender Grantor will make execute and deliver or will cause to be made executed or delivered, to Lender or to Lender's designee and when requested by Lender cause to be filed, recorded, refiled, or rerecorded, as the case may be at such times and in such offices and places as Lender may deem appropriate any and all such mortgages deeds of trust, security deeds security agreements control agreements financing statements continuation statements instruments of further assurance certificates and other documents as may in the opinion of Lender be necessary or desirable in order to effectuate complete perfect, continue or preserve (a) the obligations of Grantor under the Note this Mortgage and the Related Documents and (b) the liens and security interests created by this Mortgage as first and prior liens on the Property, whether now owned or hereafter acquired by Grantor Unless prohibited by law or agreed to the contrary by Lender in writing Grantor shall reimburse Lender for all costs and expenses incurred in connection with the matters referred to in this Section
- 42 Attorney-in-Fact. If Grantor fails to do any of the things referred to in Section 4.1 Lender may do so for and in the name of Grantor and at Grantor's expense. For such purposes, Grantor hereby urevocably appoints Lender as Grantor's attorney in fact for the purpose of making, executing, delivering, filing, recording, and doing all other things as may be necessary or desirable in Lender's opinion, to accomplish the matters referred to in Section 4.1

SECTION 5 RELEASE OF MORTGAGE

Release of Mortgage. If Grantor pays all the Indebtedness, including without limitation all future advances when due and otherwise performs all the obligations imposed upon Grantor under this Mortgage. Lender shall execute and deliver to Grantor a suitable satisfaction of this Mortgage and suitable statements of termination of any financing statement on file evidencing Lender's security interest in the Rents and the Personal Property. Grantor will pay if permitted by applicable law any reasonable termination fee as determined by Lender from time to time.

SECTION 6 EVENTS OF DEFAULT, REMEDIES

- Events of Default. A default in the performance of any obligation hereunder or any Event of Default under the Note or other Related Documents shall constitute an Event of Default hereunder
- 6.2 Rights and Remedies. Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default and at anythine thereafter Lender at its option, may exercise any one or more of the following rights and remedies in addition to any other rights or remedies provided by law or equity
 - (a) Accelerate Indebtedness. Lender shall have the right without notice to Grantor to declare the entire Indebtedness immediately due and payable including any prepayment fee which Grantor would be required to pay
 - (b) UCC Remedies With respect to all or any part of the Personal Property Under shall have all the rights and remedies of a secured party under the Uniform Commercial Code
 - (c) Collect Rents. Lender shall have the right, without notice to Grantor to take possession of the Property and collect the Rents including amounts past due and unpaid, and apply the net proceeds over and above Lender's costs against the Indebtedness In furtherance of this right, Lender may require any tenant or other user of the Property to make payments of rent or use fees directly to Lender if Lender collects the Rents then Grantor unevocably designates Lender as Grantor's attorney in fact to endorse instruments received in payment thereof in the name of Grantor and to negotiate the same and collect the proceeds Payments by tenants or other users to Lender in response to Lender's demand shall satisfy the obligations for which the payments are made whether or not any proper grounds for the demand existed. Lender may exercise its rights under this subsection either in person, by agent, or through a receiver
 - Appoint Receiver Lender shall have the pight to have a receiver appointed without the requirement of the posting of any bond, to take possession of all or any part of the Property with the power to protect and preserve the Property to operate the Property preceding foreclosure or sale and to collect the Renis from the Property and apply the proceeds over and above the cost of the receivership against the Indebtedness. The receiver may serve without bond if permitted by law Lender's right to the appointment of a receiver shall exist whether or not the apparent value of the Property exceeds the Indebtedness by a substantial amount. Employment by Lender shall not disqualify a person from serving as a receiver
 - (e) Judicial Foreclosure and Sala of Property Lender shall be permitted to (i) immediately judicially foreclose this Mortgage or (ii) if allowed under illimous hiw at the time of such Event of Default, immediately sell the any part of the Property either in whole or in separate parcels as prescribed by Illimous law under power of sale which power is hereby granted to Lender to the full extent permitted by Illinous law and thereupon to make and execute to any purchaser(s) thereof deeds of conveyance pursuant to applicable law
 - (f) Deficiency Judgment. If parameted by applicable law Lender may obtain a judgment for any deficiency remaining on the Indebtedness due to Lender after application of all amounts received from the exercise of the rights provided in this Mortgage
 - (g) Other Rights and Remedies Lender shall have all other rights and remedies provided in this Mortgage the Loan Agreement, or the Note or available at law or in equity
- 6.3 Marshaling. To the extent permitted by applicable law Grantor hereby waives any and all right to have the Property marshalled. In exercising its rights and remedies Lender shall be free to sell all or any part of the Property together or separately in one sale or by separate sales. Lender shall be entitled to bid at any public sale on all or any portion of the Property
- Notice of Sale. Lender shall give Grantor reasonable notice of the time and place of any public sale of the Personal Property or of the time after which any private sale or other intended disposition of the Personal Property is to be made Reasonable notice shall mean notice given at least ten (10) days before the time of the sale or disposition

- 6.5 Election of Remedies Election by Lender to pursue any remedy shall not exclude pursuit of any other remedy and an election to make expenditures or take action to perform an obligation of Grantor under this Mortgage after failure of Grantor to perform shall not affect Lender's right to declare an Event of Default and exercise its remedies under this Mortgage
- Attorneys' Fees, Expenses. If Lender institutes any suit or action to enforce any of the terms of this Mortgage Lender shall be entitled to recover attorneys' fees at trial and on any appeal. Whether or not any court action is involved, all expenses incurred by Lender that in Lender's opinion are necessary at any time for the protection of its interest or the enforcement of its rights shall become a part of the Indebtedness payable on demand and shall bear interest from the date of expenditure until repaid at the Default Rate under the Note Expenses covered by this section include without limitation, however subject to any limits under applicable law. Lender's attorneys fees and Lender's legal expenses whether or not there is a lawsuit, including attorneys fees for bankruptcy proceedings (including efforts to modify or vacate any automatic stay or injunction) appeals and any anticipated post judgment collection services, the cost of searching records obtaining title reports (including foreclosure reports) surveyors reports, and appraisal fees and title insurance Grantor also will pay any court costs in addition to all other sums provided by law.

SECTION 7 DEFINITIONS, MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

71 Definitions The following words shall have the following meanings when used in this Mortgage Terms not otherwise defined in this Mortgage shall have the meanings attributed to such terms in the Illinois Uniform Commercial Code (IC 26-1/1 et seq as amended from time to time the "Uniform Commercial Code") All references to dollar amounts shall mean amounts in lawful money of the United States of America.

CERCLA The word "CERCLA has the meaning set forth in Section 2 2(b)

Event of Default. The word Event of Default has the meaning set forth in Section 6

Grantor The word Grantor has the meaning set forth in the initial paragraph/of this Mortgage and includes the Grantor s successors and permitted assigns. The Grantor is the mortgagor under this Mortgage

Improvements. The word Improvements" means and metales without limitation all existing and future improvements fixtures buildings structures mobile homes affixed on the Real Property facilities additions replacements and other construction on the Real Property

Indebtedness. The word Indebtedness means all principal and interest payable under the Note and any amounts expended or advanced by Lender to discharge obligations of Grantos or expanses incurred by Lender to enforce obligations of Grantor under this Mortgage together with interest on such amounts as provided in this Mortgage. In addition to the Note, the word "Indebtedness" includes all obligations debts and liabilities plus interest thereon, of Grantor to Lender or any one or more of them as all claims by Lender against Grantor or any one or more of them, whether now existing or hereafter arising, whether related or unrelated to the purpose of the Note, whether voluntary or otherwise whether due or not due absolute or contingent, liquidated and whether Grantor may be liable individually or jointly with others whether obligated as guarantor or otherwise and whether recovery upon such lindebtedness may be or hereafter may become barred by any statute of limitation, this Mortgage secures, in addition to the unionist specified in the Note all future amounts Lender in its discretion may loan to Grantor together with all interest thereon. At no time shall the principal amount of the Indebtedness secured by this Mortgage, not including sums advanced to protect the security of this Mortgage, exceed the Maximum Amount Secured.

Lender The word Lender means BAPTIST GENERAL CONFERENCE CORNERSTONE FUND db/a CONVERGE CORNERSTONE FUND, an Illinois not for profit corporation, its successors and assigns. The Lender is the mortgagee under this Mortgage

Maximum Amount Secured The words "Maximum Amount Secured" mean an amount equal to two (2) times the original face principal amount of the Note

Mortgage. The word Mortgage means this Mortgage between Grantor and Lender and includes without limitation all assignments and security interest provisions relating to the Personal Property and Rents

Note. The word "Note" means that certain Promissory Note executed by Grantor to Lender dated as of even date herewith in the principal amount of \$2,442,916 00 together with all renewals of extensions of modifications of refinancings of, consolidations

of and substitutions for such promissory note. The Note has a maturity date of March 1, 2037

Person. The word 'Person means an individual or a corporation, partnership trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint venture joint stock company limited liability company government (or any instrumentality division, agency body or political subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind.

Personal Property The words Personal Property mean all accounts goods, equipment, fixtures general intangibles, and other articles of personal property now or hereafter owned by Grantor and now or hereafter used in connection with the Real Property together with all accessions parts and additions to all replacements of and all substitutions for any of such property and together with all proceeds (including without limitation all insurance proceeds and refunds of premiums) from any sale or other disposition thereof

Property The word Property means collectively the Real Property and the Personal Property

Real Property The words Real Property have the meaning set forth in Section 1 1

Related Documents. The words 'Related Documents' mean and include without lumitation all promissory notes credit agreements, loan agreements guaranties security agreements mortgages deeds of trust, tinancing statements collateral assignments and all other instruments agreements and documents whether now or hereafter existing executed in connection with the Indebtedness

Rents. The word Rents means all rents revenues, income issues royalities profits, and other benefits derived from the Property whether due now or later

SARA The word "SARA" has the meaning set forth in Section 2 2(b)

7.2 Miscellaneous Provisions

- (a) Applicable Law This Mortgage and all acts, agreements, certificates, assignments, transfers and transactions hereunder, and all rights of the parties hereto, shall be governed as to calidity, enforcement, interpretation, construction, effect and in all other respects by the internal laws and decisions of the State of Illinois. The loan transaction, which is evidenced by the Note and this Mortgage, has been applied fox, considered, approved and made, and all necessary loan documents have been accepted by Lender in the State of Illinois.
- (b) Consent to Jurisdiction To induce Linder to accept this Mortgage, Grantor irrevocably agrees that, subject to Lender's sole and absolute election, ALL ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS IN ANY WAY ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT WILL, AT LENDER'S OPTION, BE LITIGATED IN COURTS HAVING SITUS IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS. GRANTOR HEREBY CONSENTS AND SUBMITS TO THE JURISDICTION OF ANY COURT LOCATED WITHIN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.
- (c) Caption Headings. Caption headings in this Mortgage are for convenience purposes only and are not to be used to interpret or define the provisions of this Mortgage
- (d) Merger There shall be no merger of the interest or estate created by this Mortgage with any other interest or estate in the Property at any time held by or for the learning of Lender in any capacity without the written consent of Lender
- (e) Severability If a court of competent jurisdiction finds any provision of this Mortgage to be invalid or unenforceable as to any Person or circumstance such finding shall not render that provision invalid or unenforceable as to any other Persons or circumstances. If feasible any such offending provision shall be deemed to be modified to be within the limits of enforceability or validity however if the offending provision cannot be so modified, it shall be stricken and all other provisions of this Mortgage in all other respects shall remain valid and enforceable
- (f) Successors and Assigns. Subject to the limitations stated in this Mortgage on transfer of Grantor's interest in the Real Property or a change in ownership of Grantor this Mortgage shall be binding upon and mure to the benefit of the parties, their successors and assigns. If ownership of the Property becomes vested in a person other than Grantor. Lender without notice to Grantor may deal with Grantor's successors with reference to this Mortgage and the Indebtedness by way of forbearance extension or any other modification without releasing Grantor from the obligations of this Mortgage or liability under the Indebtedness.

- (g) Warver of Homestead Exemption Grantor hereby releases and warves all rights and benefits of the homestead exemption laws of the State of Illinois as to all Indebtedness secured by this Mortgage
- (h) Notices Except as otherwise provided herein, whenever it is provided herein that any notice demand, request, consent, approval declaration or other communication shall or may be given to or served upon any of the parties by another or whenever any of the parties desires to give or serve upon another any communication with respect to this Mortgage each such notice demand, request, consent, approval, declaration or other communication shall be in writing and shall be delivered in person (by personal delivery delivery service or reputable overnight courier service) or telecopied and confirmed immediately in writing by a copy mailed by United States mail postage prepaid, addressed as hereafter set forth or mailed by registered or certified mail return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed as follows
 - (i) If to Lender at

Converge Cornerstone Fund 2002 S Arlungton Heights Road Arlungton Heights Illmois 60005 Tel 877 228 8810 Fax 847 228 5376

(11) If to Grantor at

Grace Bible Church of Shorewood 748 Jones Rd Minooka, Illinois 60447 Tel 815 467 2100 Fax 815 725 2951



or at such other address as may be substituted by notice given as before provided. The giving of any notice required hereunder may be warved in writing by the party entitled to receive such notice. Every notice demand, request, consent, approval declaration or other communication hereunder shall be deemed to have been duly given or served on the date on which (i) personally delivered (whether in person, by delivery service or by reputable or emight course service) (ii) the date of the telecopy transmission (provided the confirmation mailing was sent as provided herein) or (iii) on the date of receipt if sent by the United States mail Failure or delay in delivering copies of any notice demand, request, consent, approval declaration or other communication to the Persons designed above to receive copies, if any shall in no way adversely affect the effectiveness of such notice demand, request, consent, approval, declaration or other communication.

- (1) Waiver of Right of Redemption NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OF THE PROVISIONS TO THE CONTRARY CONTAINED IN THIS MORTGAGE, GRANTOR HEREBY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHTS OF REDEMPTION FROM SALE UNDER ANY ORDER OR SUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE ON GRANTOR'S BEHALF AND ON BEHALF OF EACH AND EVERY PERSON, EXCEPT JUDGMENT CREDITORS OF GRANTOR, ACQUIRING ANY INTEREST IN OR TITLE TO THE PROPERTY SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF THIS MORTGAGE
- (j) Warvers and Consents Lender shall not be deemed to have warved any rights under this Mortgage (or under the Related Documents) unless such warver is up writing and signed by Lender No delay or omission on the part of Lender in exercising any right shall operate as a warver of such right or any other right. A warver by any party of a provision of this Mortgage shall not constitute a warver of or prejudice the party's right otherwise to demand strict compliance with that provision or any other provision of this Mortgage. No prior warver by Lender nor any course of dealing between Lender and Grantor shall constitute a warver of any of Lender's rights or any of Grantor's obligations as to any future transactions

[signature page to follow]

GRANTOR ACKNOWLEDGES HAVING READ ALL THE PROVISIONS OF THIS MORTGAGE, AND GRANTOR AGREES TO ITS TERMS.

GRANTOR .

	E BIBLE CHURCH OF SHOR	EWOOD
By Name	Jason Miley	
Its	Lead Pastor	
By Name Its	Thomas L Surges Jr Chairman	
By Name Its	Nosh Rupp Clerk	
		GRANTOR ACKNOWDEDGEMENT

I the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the County of County

My commission expires CD 3 COMMISSION EXPIRES 07/23/20

Mortgage Exhibit A Legal Description

PARCEL 1

THE NORTH 1555 70 FEET OF THE EAST 700 00 FEET OF THE WEST 2036 77 FEET OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 12 TOWNSHIP 35 NORTH RANGE 8 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN IN KENDALL COUNTY ILLINOIS

COMMONLY KNOWN AS 748 JONES ROAD MINOOKA, IL 60447 PERMANENT INDEX NO 69 12 300-017

PARCEL 2 LOTS 10 11 12 13 14 AND 15 IN SAMUEL BLACK'S SUBDIVISION OF PART OF THE WEST HALF OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 15 TOWNSHIP 35 NORTH RANGE 9 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCEPAL MERIDIAN ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED MAY 18 1859 AS DOCUMENT NO 32276 1/2 IN MAR BOOK 2 PAGE 85 IN WILL COUNTY ILLINOIS

EXCEPTING THEREFROM THAT PART OF LOT 15 DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS/

THE WEST 26 0 FEET OF THE SOUTHERN 86 0 FEET AND THE WEST 35 0 FEET OF THE REMAINING NORTHERN PORTION OF LOT 15 IN THE SAMUEL BLACKS SUBDIVISION BEING PART OF THE WEST HALF OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 15 TOWNSHIP 35 NORTH RANGE 9 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED NOVEMBER 5 1859 AS DOCUMENT NO 32276 1/2 IN WILL COUNTY ILLINOIS

COMMONLY KNOWN AS 114 CHANNAHON STREET SHOREWOOD IL 60436
PERMANENT INDEX NO 05 06 15 102 005 0000 (AFFECTS LOTS NO 11 AND 12) 05-06-15 102-006-0000 (AFFECTS LOTS 13 AND 4)

05-06 15 102-022 0000 (AFFECT)S LQT 15/EXCEPT THAT PART THEREOF)

KENDALL COUNTY DISCLOSURE OF BENEFICIARIES FORM

City	Macrew		ilun	State	IL	Zip	60404			
Nature of B	enefit Sough	14	NA							
_ Na	ipplicant (Printing Person opportune (but Trust/Trustee (buttnership (e) int Venture (Co.)	(a) stee (c) (d)								
If applicant	is an entity	other than c	lescribed in Sc							
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7775A Route 47, Yorkville, Illinois 60560 • (630)553-5821 extension 3



	RMATION (NRI) REPORT APPLICATION
Petitioner: Fire Chief Andrew Doyle, Troy FPD	Contact Person: Patrick Moore, FGMA
Address:	
City, State	
Phone Nu	
Email: m	
Please select: How would you like to receive	a copy of the NRI Report? 🗹 Email 🗹 Mail
Site Location & Proposed Use	
Fownship Name Steward	Township 35 N, Range 8 E, Section(s) 12
Parcel Index Number(s) 09-12-300-017	
Project or Subdivision Name	Number of Acres 25
Current Use of Site Place of Worship	Proposed Use _ Fire Station
Proposed Number of Lots 1	Proposed Number of Structures
Proposed Water Supply Existing Well	Proposed type of Wastewater Treatment
Proposed type of Storm Water Management	
Type of Request	
Change in Zoning fromto	
Variance (Please describe fully on separate page)	V-1.40
Special Use Permit (Please describe fully on separate	
Name of County or Municipality the request is being file	g with: _KENDALL COUNTY
	onty SWCD) \$ \$18.00 per acre for each additional acre or any fraction thereof over five affixed the summary or full report will be necessary.)
Fee for first five acres	and under \$ 375.00
To differ the property of the	es at \$18.00 each \$ 360.00
Total NRI Fee	\$ 735.00
	be on that month's SWCD Board Meeting Agenda. Once a completed
	he authorized representative of the Kendall County Soil and Water valuation of the site described above. The completed NRI report
Petitioner or Authorized Age	
This report will be issued on a nondiscriminatory basis without	regard to race, color, religion, national origin, age, sex, handicap or marital status.
and the second s	
OR OFFICE USE ONLY	
IRI# Date initially rec'd Date al	Il rec'd Board Meeting
Fee Due \$ Fee Paid \$ Check #	Over/Under Payment Refund Due





12/17/2021

IDNR Project Number: 2207961

Date:

Applicant: Fire Chief Andrew Doyle - Troy FPD

Contact: Patrick Moore - FGM Architects

Address:

ess:

Project:

Troy Fire Protection District Station 3 / Public Safety Training Facility

Address: 748 Jones Rd. Minooka, Minooka

Description: PROPOSED USE FOR 748 JONES ROAD MINOOKA

The Troy Fire Protection District proposes to convert the property located at 748 Jones Rd. Minooka to a Fire Station and Public Safety Training Facility. The current 18,000 square foot +/- building would be converted in to and serve as our Fire Station #3.

? This would be staffed 24 hours a day and function as our third full-time staffed fire station.

? The fire station would be converted to have up to 8 Firefighters

The current 4,500 square foot +/- building will remain as is and used for classroom space to train public safety personnel.

? There are currently 5 classrooms in this build. 1 classroom would be turned in to an office. The remaining classrooms

would be used for classroom education, holding 20 students in 3 of the classrooms and 52 students in the larger classroom.

? Total number of students and instructors if occupied at the same time would be 120

? Hours of use would be from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. Monday – Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday

Training Site/Tower

? The training tower/site would be utilized for live fire training, non-live fire training, search and rescue, technical rescue.

? Hours of use would be from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. Monday –Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday

? Total number of students/instructors while in use is 20.

Total maximum site occupants if all classrooms, training tower site, and fire station employees being used at the same time would be 148.

We currently hold a Basic Operations Fire Academy in partnership with Joliet Junior College. This class would be moved from

our Fire Station #1 to the proposed Fire Station #3 / Public Safety Training Facility. Students who attend this academy are enrolled through JJC and earn college credits for their degree in Fire Science.

Natural Resource Review Results

Consultation for Endangered Species Protection and Natural Areas Preservation (Part 1075)

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database contains no record of State-listed threatened or endangered species, Illinois Natural Area Inventory sites, dedicated Illinois Nature Preserves, or registered Land and Water Reserves in the vicinity of the project location.

Consultation is terminated. This consultation is valid for two years unless new information becomes available that was not previously considered; the proposed action is modified; or additional species, essential habitat, or Natural Areas are identified in the vicinity. If the project has not been implemented within two years of the date of this letter, or any of the above listed conditions develop, a new consultation is necessary. Termination does not imply IDNR's authorization or endorsement.

Location

IDNR Project Number: 2207961

The applicant is responsible for the accuracy of the location submitted for the project.

County: Kendall

Township, Range, Section:

35N, 8E, 12



Government Jurisdiction

Kendall County Matthew H. Asselmeier - Kendall County PZ 111 West Fox Street

Yorkville . Illinois 60560

IL Department of Natural Resources Contact Kyle Burkwald

217-785-5500 Division of Ecosystems & Environment

Disclaimer

The Illinois Natural Heritage Database cannot provide a conclusive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of natural resources in Illinois. This review reflects the information existing in the Database at the time of this inquiry, and should not be regarded as a final statement on the site being considered, nor should it be a substitute for detailed site surveys or field surveys required for environmental assessments. If additional protected resources are encountered during the project's implementation, compliance with applicable statutes and regulations is required.

Terms of Use

By using this website, you acknowledge that you have read and agree to these terms. These terms may be revised by IDNR as necessary. If you continue to use the EcoCAT application after we post changes to these terms, it will mean that you accept such changes. If at any time you do not accept the Terms of Use, you may not continue to use the website.

- 1. The IDNR EcoCAT website was developed so that units of local government, state agencies and the public could request information or begin natural resource consultations on-line for the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act, Illinois Natural Areas Preservation Act, and Illinois Interagency Wetland Policy Act. EcoCAT uses databases, Geographic Information System mapping, and a set of programmed decision rules to determine if proposed actions are in the vicinity of protected natural resources. By indicating your agreement to the Terms of Use for this application, you warrant that you will not use this web site for any other purpose.
- Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this website are strictly prohibited and may be punishable under the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 and/or the National Information Infrastructure Protection Act.
- 3. IDNR reserves the right to enhance, modify, alter, or suspend the website at any time without notice, or to terminate or restrict access.

Security

EcoCAT operates on a state of Illinois computer system. We may use software to monitor traffic and to identify unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information, to cause harm or otherwise to damage this site. Unauthorized attempts to upload, download, or change information on this server is strictly prohibited by law.

Unauthorized use, tampering with or modification of this system, including supporting hardware or software, may subject the violator to criminal and civil penalties. In the event of unauthorized intrusion, all relevant information regarding possible violation of law may be provided to law enforcement officials.

Privacy

EcoCAT generates a public record subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Otherwise, IDNR uses the information submitted to EcoCAT solely for internal tracking purposes.

Please fill out the following findings of fact to the best of your capabilities. §13:08.J of the Zoning Ordinance outlines findings that the Zoning Board of Appeals shall consider in rendering a decision, but is not required to make an affirmative finding on all items in order to grant a **special use**. They are as follows:

That the establishment, maintenance, and operation of the special use will not be detrimental to, or endanger, the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare.

Yes, the proposed special use will allow the District provide faster response times for both fire and EMS emergencies. The proposed special use will also allow the improvement of fire, EMS and other public safety entities training requirements. This will help insure that our training opportunities are enhanced to better meet national standard.

That the special use will not be substantially injurious to the use and enjoyment of other properties in the immediate vicinity for the purposes already permitted, nor substantially diminish and impair property values within the neighborhood. The Zoning classification of property within the general area of the property in question shall be considered in determining consistency with this standard. The proposed use shall make adequate provisions for appropriate buffers, landscaping, fencing, lighting, building materials, open space and other improvements necessary to insure that the proposed use does not adversely impact adjacent uses and is compatible with the surrounding area and/or the County as a whole.

Yes, the proposed special use will comply with these requirements as stated and will make adequate provisions for the appropriate site developments that are compatible with the surrounding area and the County as a whole.

That adequate utilities, access roads and points of ingress and egress, drainage, and/or other necessary facilities have been or are being provided.

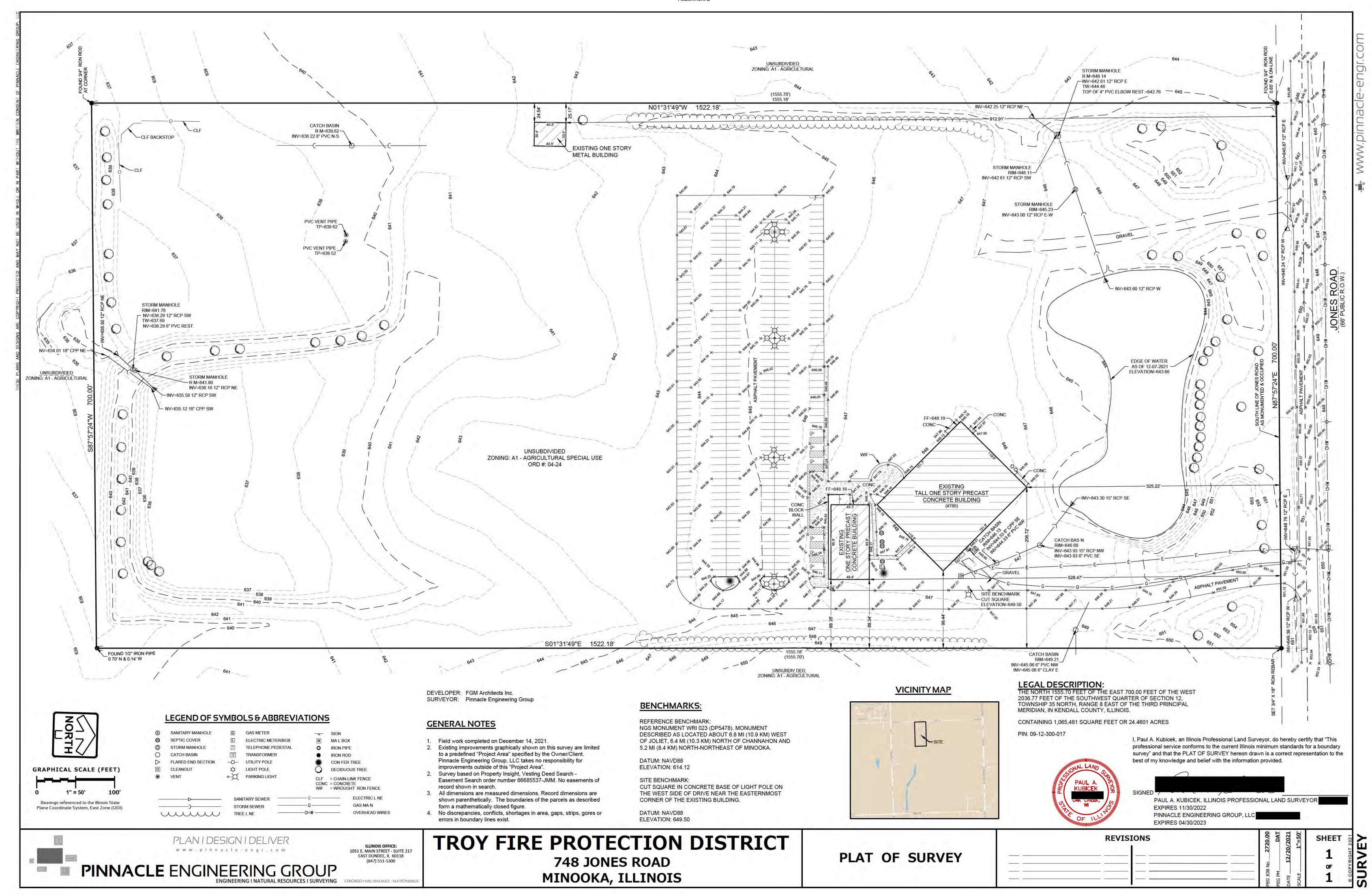
Yes, the proposed special use will comply with these requirements as stated.

That the special use shall in all other respects conform to the applicable regulations of the district in which it is located, except as such regulations may in each instance be modified by the County Board pursuant to the recommendation of the Zoning Board of Appeals

Yes, the proposed special use shall in all other respects conform to the applicable regulations of the district in which it is located, except as such regulations may in each instance be modified by the County Board pursuant to the recommendation of the Zoning Board of Appeals.

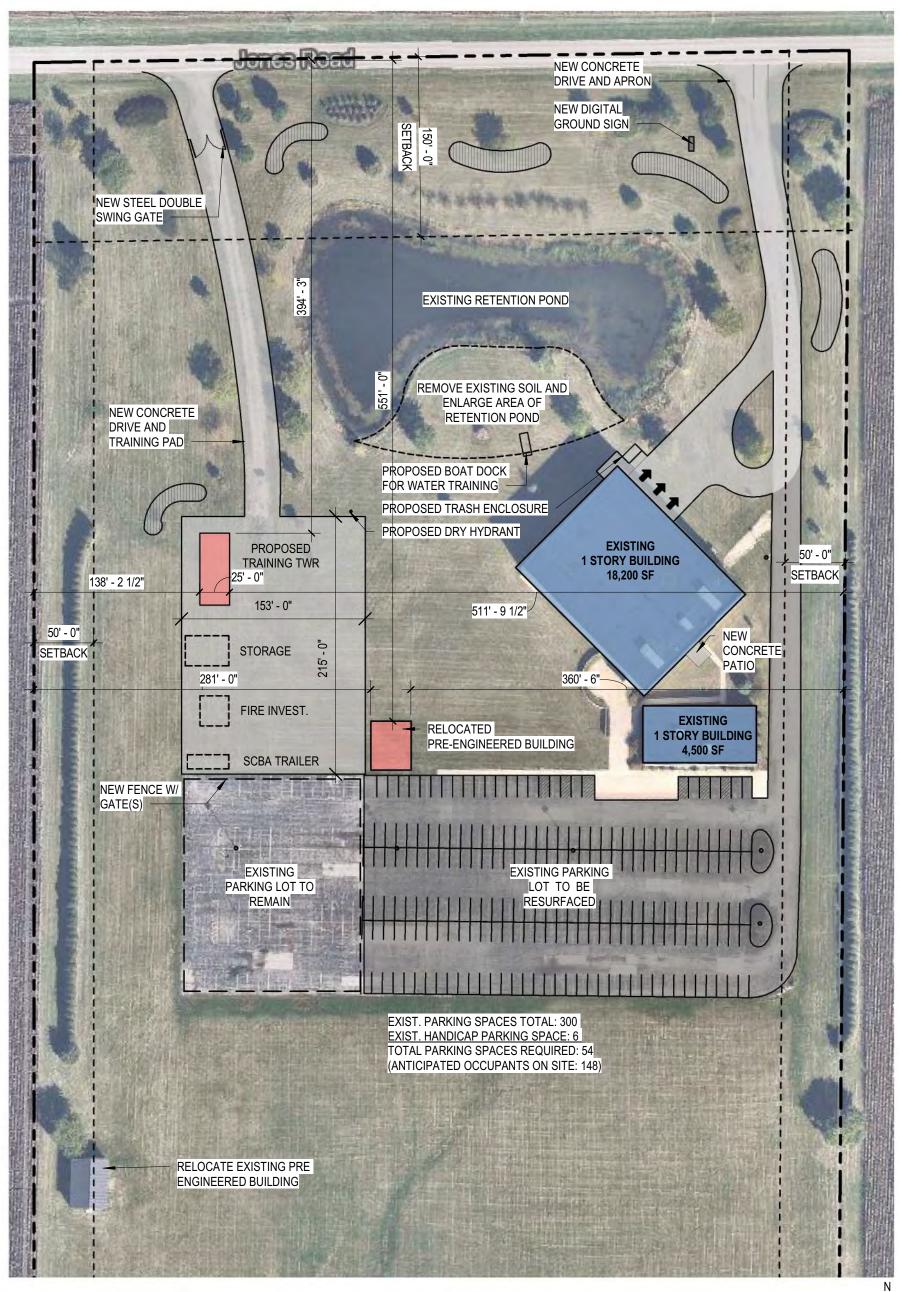
That the special use is consistent with the purpose and objectives of the Land Resource Management Plan and other adopted County or municipal plans and policies.

Yes, the proposed special use will comply with these requirements as stated and will make adequate provisions for the appropriate site developments that are compatible with the surrounding area and the County as a whole.

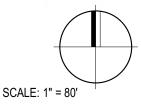


748 JONES ROAD, MINOOKA, IL 60447

Job No. 22-3327.01 Published 12/06/21 ©2021 FGM Architects Inc.

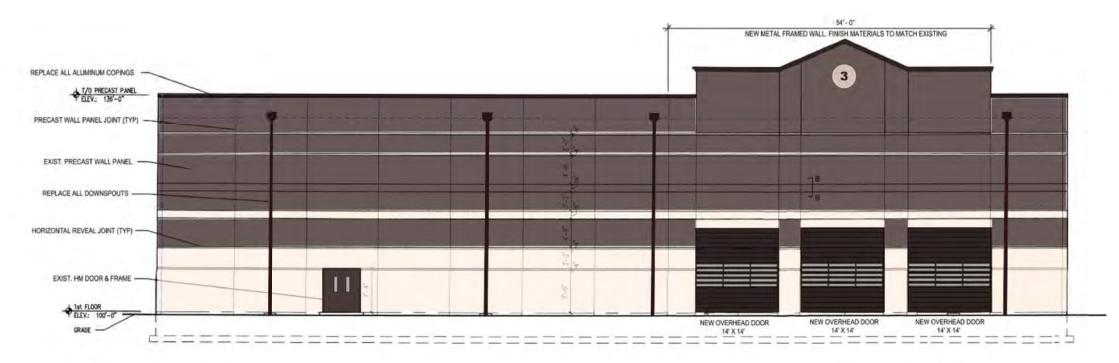


NEW TURF BERMS. TREES TO BE PLANTED AT TOP OF BERM.

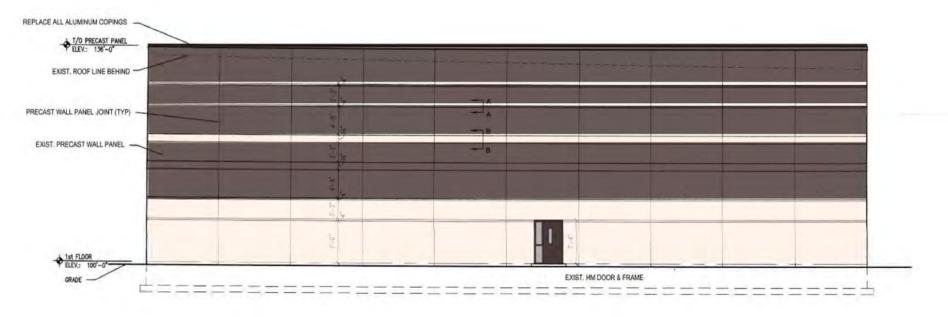


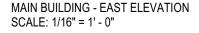


748 JONES ROAD, MINOOKA, IL 60447



MAIN BUILDING - NORTH ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"



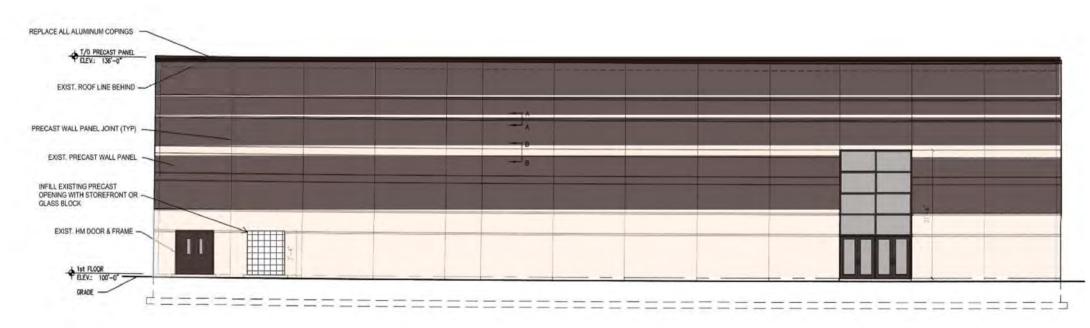




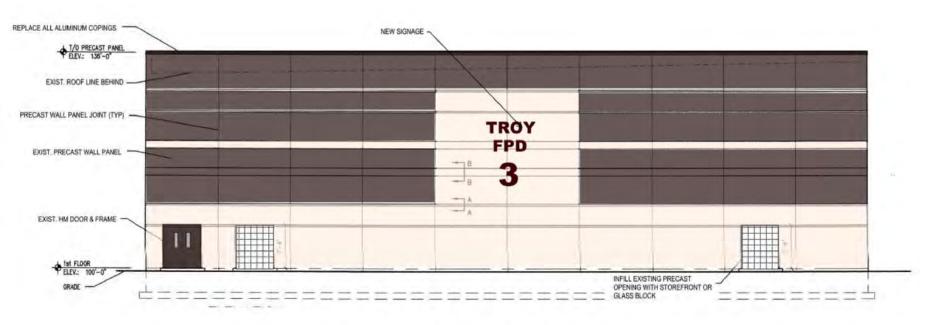
PROPOSED ELEVATIONS



748 JONES ROAD, MINOOKA, IL 60447



MAIN BUILDING - SOUTH ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"



MAIN BUILDING - WEST ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"





748 JONES ROAD, MINOOKA, IL 60447



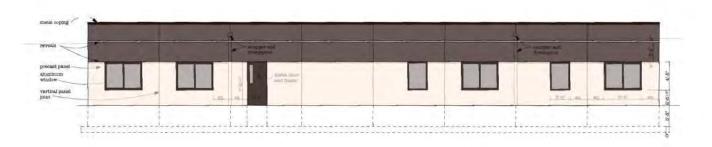
SMALL BUILDING - SOUTH ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"



SMALL BUILDING - NORTH ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"



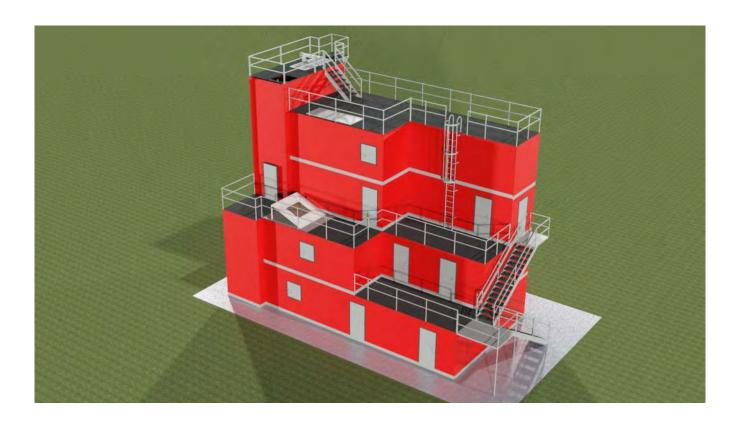
SMALL BUILDING - WEST ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"

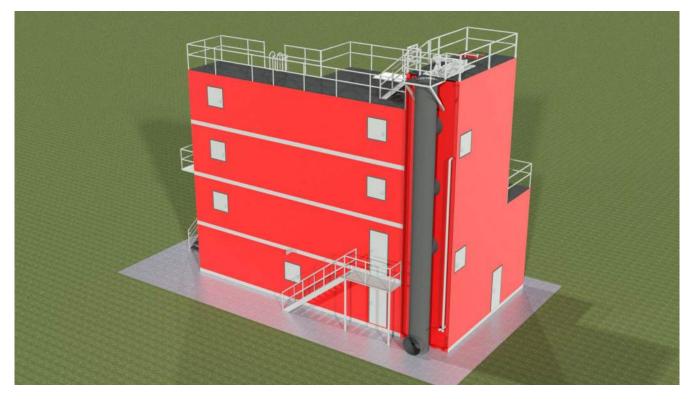


SMALL BUILDING - EAST ELEVATION SCALE: 1/16" = 1' - 0"

748 JONES ROAD, MINOOKA, IL 60447















04-12-300-017

State of Illinois County of Kendall

FINAL ADOPTED ORDINANCE

Zoning Petition #0414

ORDINANCE NUMBER 2004 - 24

GRANTING SPECIAL USE GRACE BIBLE CHURCH

<u>WHEREAS</u>. Grace Bible Church filed a petition requesting Special Use status within the A-1 district for property generally located on the south side of Jones Road, east of Ridge Road in Seward Township and legally described as follows:

The North 1555.70 feet of the East 700 feet of the West 2036.77 feet of the SW ¼ of Section 12, Township 35 North, Range 8 East of the Third Principal Meridian, in Kendall County, Illinois

and

WHEREAS, said petition is to allow construction and operation of a place of worship; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, as part of said petition the petitioner also requested Special Use status for placement and operation of illuminated signage at the proposed entrances to the property, as well as decorative banners at the south entrance of the proposed church building; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, in the A-1 zoning district no illumination of signs is allowed, nor is any sign authorized to exceed thirty-two (32) square feet per face; nor is more than one sign allowed; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, the petitioner is requesting two (2) illuminated signs with a face square footage of thirty-two (32) square feet, each set inside an illuminated ground sign with the lettering "GRACE BIBLE CHURCH" that consists of twenty-four (24) square feet; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, as part of said petition the petitioner also requested a 2.9% variance from the County's parking requirements for auditoriums and churches; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, it has been determined by the Director of Planning, Building and Zoning that said variance was not required; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, the Kendall County Board finds that said petition is in conformance with the provisions and intent of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance;

<u>NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED.</u> that the Kendall County Board hereby grants approval of a special use zoning permit to permit construction and operation of a church, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The petitioner will limit the use and brightness of the electronic reader board signs to avoid unnecessary and unsafe brightness at night. The petitioner shall refrain from utilization of the electronic reader board signs between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m. except in cases when an evening service or activity is proposed to be occurring during that time frame.
- 2. The petitioner will protect the property to the south of the church from trespassers through the use of "NO TRESPASSING" signage.

G://CO BOARD/2004 Ordinances/Ord2004-xx 04-14 Grace Bible Church Prepared by Dale R. Powers, AICP, Senior Planner State of Illinois County of Kendall

FINAL ADOPTED ORDINANCE

Zoning Petition #0414

- 3. Within two (2) years, the petitioner shall execute a pre-annexation agreement with the Village of Shorewood and present same to the Director of Planning, Building and Zoning.
- 4. The petitioner will cause to be delivered to the Director of Planning, Building and Zoning the agreement it has entered into with the City of Joliet on the method and time table for how Jones Road is to be improved.
- 5. The submitted stormwater, landscaping and lighting plans have met with the approval of the County's consulting civil engineer and the Director of Planning, Building, and Zoning.
- 6. The site plan for the church shall substantially conform to the submitted site plan attached herein to this Ordinance and referenced as "Exhibit A".

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that the Kendall County Board hereby grants approval of a special use zoning permit to permit placement and operation of two (2) ground signs sized a maximum of sixteen (16) feet high by eight (8) feet wide by one (1) foot deep, constructed of precast concrete panels with a maximum backlit reader board size of eight (8) foot by three feet ten inches (3'10") that may project out from the sign onto Jones Road a maximum distance of four (4) feet, and each sign may have an attached pole of no larger than twenty-six (26) feet in height with a vinyl banner of a size no greater than eighteen (18) feet by two and one-half (2 ½) feet attached to said pole; and

<u>BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED</u>, that the Kendall County Board hereby grants approval of a special use zoning permit to permit placement of two (2) sets of three (3) banners at the proposed south entrances of the church building. It is understood by the County Board that these banners may be changeable with the changing liturgical seasons; and

<u>BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED</u>, that the plans for the signs shall substantially conform to the dimensions and design submitted to the Department, attached herein to this Ordinance and referenced as "Group Exhibit B".

Failure to comply with the terms of this ordinance may be cited as a basis for amending or revoking these special use permits.

IN WITNESS OF, this ordinance has been enacted on July 20, 2004.

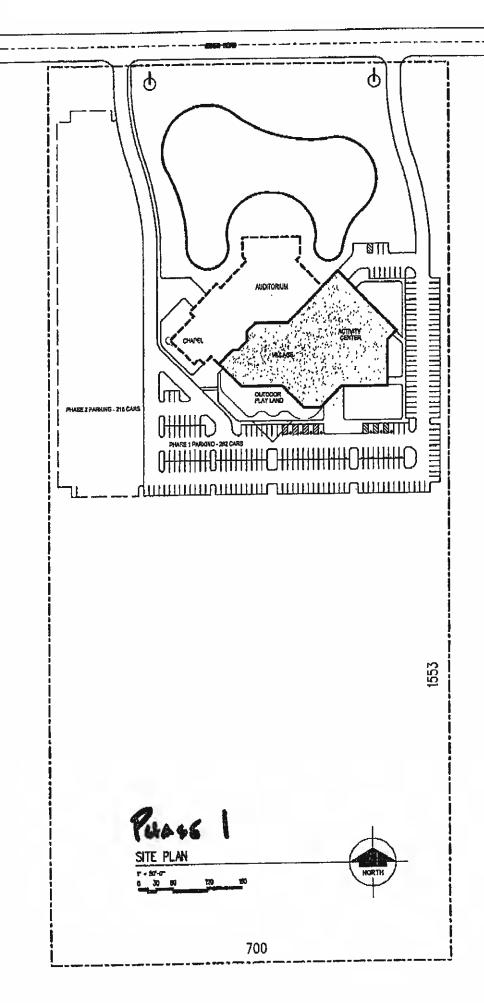
Attest:

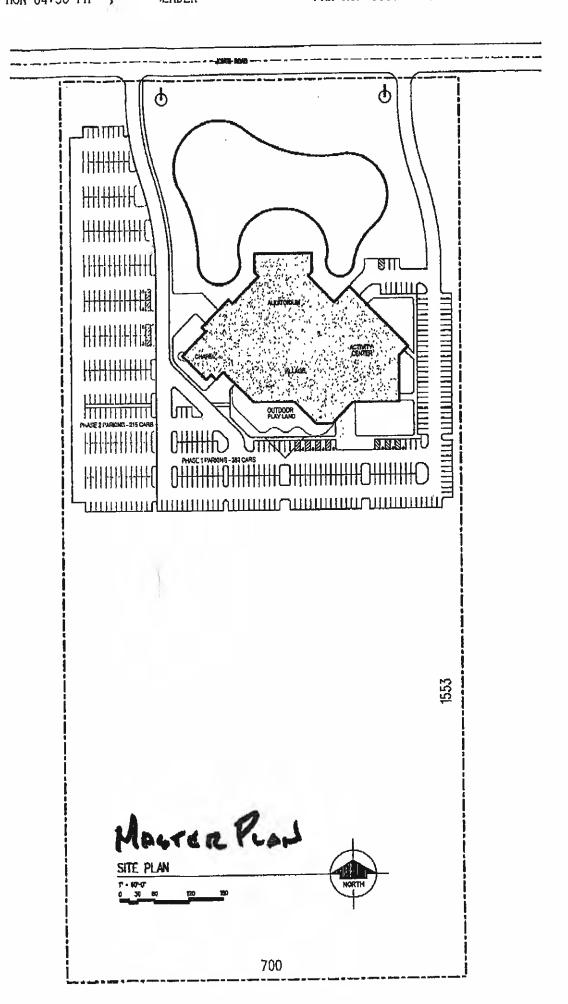
John A Church

Kendall County Board Chairman

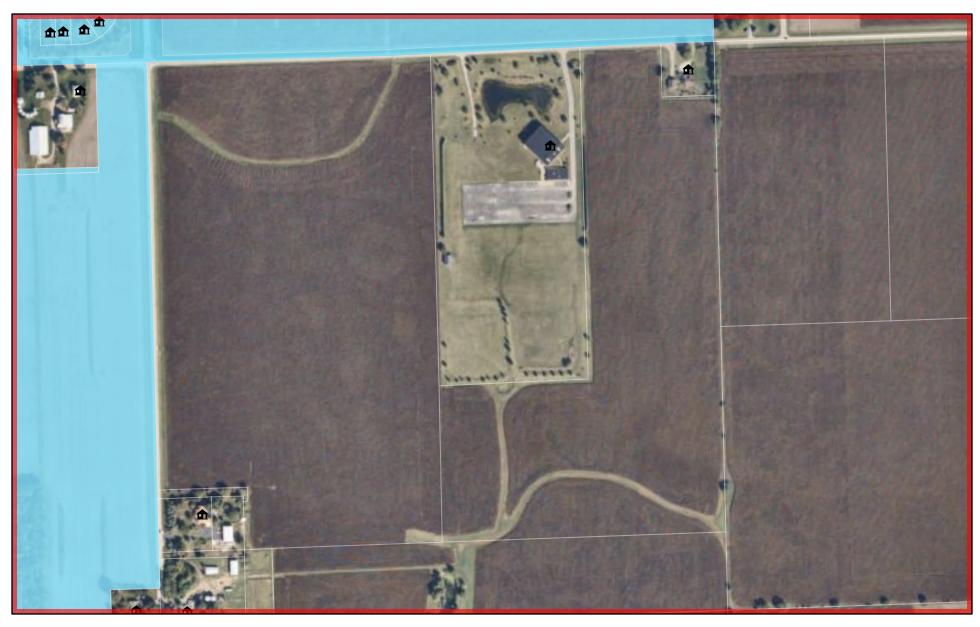
Paul Anderson

Kendall County Clerk





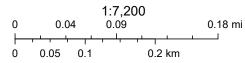
Attachment 6



December 21, 2021

Kendall County Address PointsParcelsIncorporated AreasJoliet

Ownership Parcel



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Matt Asselmeier

From: Todorovic, Milos <mtodorovic@joliet.gov>
Sent: Wednesday, December 29, 2021 8:55 AM

To: Matt Asselmeier; Torri, James N

Cc:Scott Koeppel; Scott Gengler; Ruddy, Gregory PSubject:RE: [External]RE: 748 Jones Road QuestionsAttachments:Kendall County Comprehensive Plan.pdf

Please see sheet 61 of attached plan.

R/

Mike

From: Matt Asselmeier <masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us>

Sent: Tuesday, December 28, 2021 10:52 AM

To: Todorovic, Milos <mtodorovic@joliet.gov>; Torri, James N <jtorri@joliet.gov>

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>; Ruddy, Gregory P

<gruddy@joliet.gov>

Subject: RE: [External]RE: 748 Jones Road Questions

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] This message originated outside of the organization.

Mike:

The Fire District would like to have more specific information regarding Joliet's expectations for road improvements. Could you elaborate on would be expected of the Fire District?

Thanks,

Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner Kendall County Planning, Building & Zoning 111 West Fox Street Yorkville, IL 60560-1498

PH: 630-553-4139 Fax: 630-553-4179

From: Todorovic, Milos [mailto:mtodorovic@joliet.gov]

Sent: Monday, December 27, 2021 10:09 AM

To: Torri, James N < itorri@joliet.gov >; Matt Asselmeier < masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us >

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>; Ruddy, Gregory P

<gruddy@joliet.gov>

Subject: [External]RE: 748 Jones Road Questions

Hi Matt,

1. We have no internal (COJ Public Works) planned trails along the roadway.

Attachment 7, Page 2

2. We cannot confirm the Church worked with staff for road improvements. Current staff has no knowledge of how this may have been tracked. However, would like to ask for a similar requirement to ensure road construction standards are in accordance with the details in the Kendall Co. Comp Plan.

Thanks.

R/

Mike

From: Torri, James N < jtorri@joliet.gov>

Sent: Wednesday, December 22, 2021 10:16 AM

To: 'Matt Asselmeier' < masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us>

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>; Todorovic, Milos

<mtodorovic@joliet.gov>; Ruddy, Gregory P <gruddy@joliet.gov>

Subject: RE: 748 Jones Road Questions

Matt,

The TFD reached out to me about this and in these cases we would typically defer to Shorewood since it is in their Planning Area. I have Mike (Milos) and Greg from our Public Works Division copied in here in case they need something for roadway or trails that I am unaware of.

Thanks for reaching out though and Happy Holidays!

James N. Torri City of Joliet Planning Director 150 W. Jefferson Street Joliet, IL 60432 (815) 724-4049 Fax: (815) 724-4056

Fax: (815) 724-4056 www.joliet.gov itorri@joliet.gov

From: Matt Asselmeier < masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us >

Sent: Wednesday, December 22, 2021 9:31 AM

To: Torri, James N < jtorri@joliet.gov >

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>

Subject: 748 Jones Road Questions

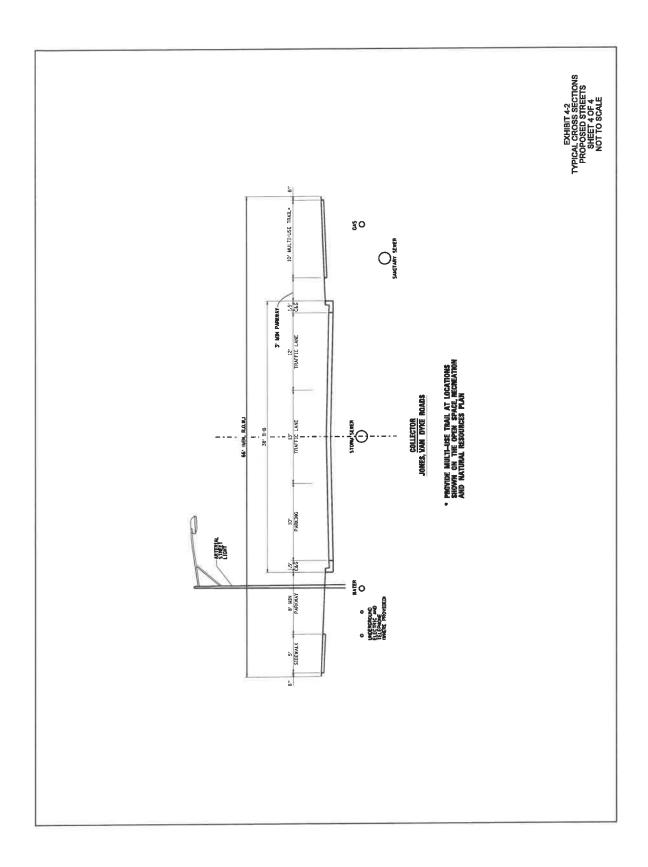
[EXTERNAL EMAIL] This message originated outside of the organization.

Jim:

Kendall County received a request from the Troy Fire Protection District for a special use permit for a fire station at 748 Jones Road and to revoke the existing special use permit for a church at the property.

What does Joliet's future land use map call for this area to be? Does Joliet have any trails planned in this area?

Also, the special use permit for the church required the church to work with Joliet for improvements to Jones Road. Did this occur? Do you want a similar requirement to be placed on the Fire Protection District's special use permit?



SEWARD TOWNSHIP PLAN COMMISSION MINUTES

January 4, 2022

The Seward Township Plan Commission met on January 4, 2022 at 6:00 p.m. at the Seward Town Hall. Members present included Jessica Nelsen, Joan Soltwisch, Jill Prodehl, and Suzanne Casey. The Seward Township Board had several members present, including the Board President Tim O'Brien. Tom Casey was present representing the Regional Plan Commission of Kendall County. The meeting began with the pledge to the flag, followed by roll call of members present, and approval of the minutes from the December 7, 2021 meeting, motion by Jill Prodehl and second by Jessica Nelsen.

Under New Business, Chief Andrew Doyle on behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District made a presentation summarizing the department's request to purchase the Grace Bible church at 748 Jones Road, and surrounding property to construct a new fire station and training facility on said property. Chief Doyle described the request for an A-1 special use permit for a government building or facility to include the establishment of both a fire station to serve the area, as well as to train future/current firefighters in concert with Joliet Junior College. (an existing program that would be moved to this site). Classroom space that exists in the current structures will be ideally utilized to train firemen. To accomplish this goal, a 40' tower would be built; the existing pond would be expanded in size to allow for water rescue training; the parking lot and road access would be repaved; and appropriate trees would be planted on the east perimeter to match the existing evergreens currently planted on the western side of the property. The parking lot would remain undisturbed, and sign/property lighting would be mindful of existing homes in the area, and lowered/turned off completely at 10:00 p.m. A storage building on the property would be relocated, but otherwise remain as it is currently structured. Initially, upon approval, 3 firemen would be assigned to the property, with a total of 8 when at full capacity. Target date for completion of the facility is one year following approval from Kendall County, with exterior improvements made during the spring/summer, and interior improvement/modifications to be made during the fall/winter months. After several questions were asked and dialogue continued, Jill Prodehl motioned approval, with a second from Joan Soltwisch of Petition 22-03, for a special use permit for a Government Building/Fire Station and revocation of an A-1 Special Use Permit for a church. Motion passed unanimously.

Under Old Business, a review of previously approved projects in the Township revealed that the Doggie Day Care on Ridge is under construction, but experiencing material/lumber delays, pushing out their completion date. Further, a property of concern at the corner of County Line Road and Rt. 52, with growing mounds of soil/mulch, now reaching hazardous levels had owner identification made during the discussion. Contact will be made with the supposed owner to seek clarification.

A question from the audience regarding the filing of a moratorium request by the Plan Commission was raised, with discussion following. The commission determined to ask the Seward Township Board to consider filing a request for a moratorium on any further petitions submitted for map amendments in the township for a period of at least 6 months. During that time, the Commission will be completing their work on the status of current land use in Seward Township and make recommendations for future revisions to the Land Use Resource Management Plan.

Under the final agenda item candidate names are being received for replacement of the recently resigned position on the commission. Names to date include Tim Snider, Bob Giarrante, Dustin Walzer, and Pete Fleming. The committee agreed to gather any other names over the next month, review the candidates and make a recommendation to the Board at the February meeting.

Jill moved adjournment at 7:15, with a second by Joan Soltwisch.

Minutes submitted by Suzanne Casey

January 5, 2022

Approved Items forwarded to the Seward Township Board for their consideration include:

- 1.) Approval of the Troy Fire Protection District request to purchase the Grace Bible church at 748 Jones Road, and construct a new fire station/training facility. (Petition 22-03)
- 2.) Request a Moratorium from the County on any further petitions submitted for map amendments in the township for a period of at least 6 months.

Attachment 9, Page 1

ZONING, PLATTING & ADVISORY COMMITTEE (ZPAC) January 4, 2022 – Unapproved Meeting Minutes

PBZ Senior Planner Matt Asselmeier called the meeting to order at 9:00 a.m.

Present:

Matt Asselmeier – PBZ Department
Meagan Briganti – GIS Department
Brian Holdiman – PBZ Department
Fran Klaas – Highway Department
Alyse Olson – Soil and Water Conservation District
Undersheriff Bobby Richardson – Sheriff's Department
Aaron Rybski – Health Department

Absent:

Greg Chismark – WBK Engineering, LLC Scott Gengler – PBZ Committee Chair David Guritz – Forest Preserve

Audience:

Judd Lofchie, Andrew Doyle, Kelley Chrisse, Patti Bernhard, and Tom Green

PETITIONS

Petition 22-03 Executive Pastor Sean Mabee on Behalf of Grace Bible Church of Shorewood and Fire Chief Andrew Doyle on Behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District

Mr. Asselmeier summarized the request.

In July 2004, the Kendall County Board granted a special use permit for a church at the subject property. The property was for sale and the Troy Fire Protection District would like to purchase the property in order to construct a new fire station and training facility.

The application materials, plat of survey, site plan, renderings of some of the proposed buildings, Ordinance 2004-24 and the aerial of the property were provided.

The property is located at 748 Jones Road.

The property is approximately twenty-five (25) acres in size.

The Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Suburban Residential (Max 1.00 DU/Acre). The Village of Shorewood's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Residential.

Jones Road is maintained by the City of Joliet at this property. Jones Road is Minor Collector maintained by Seward Township in the unincorporated area. Shorewood has a north-south road planned near the subject property.

There are no trails planned in the area.

There are no floodplains or wetlands on the property.

The adjacent land uses are Agricultural and Farmstead.

The adjacent properties are zoned R-1 B Single-Family Residential inside Joliet and A-1 in the unincorporated area.

The Land Resource Management Plan calls for the area to be Suburban Residential. Shorewood's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Residential and Commercial. Joliet's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to Residential with 2.5 DU/Acre for single-family and 3.0 DU/Acre for mixed use.

The zoning districts within one half (1/2) mile are R-1 B, B-2 and B-3 inside Joliet and A-1 in the unincorporated area.

Six homes plus several homes in the Hunters Ridge Subdivision inside the City of Joliet are located within one half (1/2) mile of the property.

EcoCAT Report was submitted on December 17, 2021, and consultation was terminated.

ZPAC Meeting Minutes 01.04.22

The NRI application was submitted on December 17, 2021.

Petition information was sent to Seward Township on December 23, 2021.

Petition information was sent to the Village of Shorewood on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 3 required an annexation agreement with Shorewood that did not occur.

Petition information was sent to the City of Joliet on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 4 required the church to develop a time table for improvements to Jones Road. Discussions have occurred regarding improvements to Jones Road.

Petition information was sent to the Troy Fire Protection District on December 23, 2021.

According to the information provided, the Troy Fire Protection District plans to convert the property into a fire station and training facility. The fire station would be staffed twenty-four (24) hours per day and would serve as the District's third (3rd) fire station. The station would have a maximum of eight (8) firefighters.

The indoor training facility would be housed in the existing four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot building. The building will have four (4) classrooms and one (1) office. Three (3) of the classrooms can hold twenty (20) students and the other classroom can hold fifty-two (52) students. The total number of students and instructors would be a maximum of one hundred twenty (120). Hours of operations would be Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m. and Saturdays and Sundays from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.

The outside training area and tower would be used for live fire training, non-live fire training, search and rescue, and technical rescue. The hours of operation for this site would be the same as the hours of operation for the indoor training facility. The total number of students and instructors at this site would be twenty (20).

The total maximum occupancy of all of the classrooms, training tower site, and fire station employees would be one hundred forty-eight (140).

The District currently holds a Basic Operations Fire Academy in partnership with Joliet Junior College at Fire Station #1. This course would be moved to the subject property.

According to the site plan, a proposed boat dock for water training is planned south of the retention pond. No information was provided regarding any trainings that may occur at this portion of the property.

According to the site plan, the property presently consists of one (1) one (1) story eighteen thousand two hundred (18,200) square foot building used as a church. This building would be converted to the fire station. One (1) one (1) story four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot accessory building will be converted to office and classrooms. One (1) preengineered building presently located on the southwest corner of the property would be moved next to the outdoor training area.

The renderings for the fire station and office classroom building were provided. At its highest point, the façade of the fire station will be fifty-four feet (54') tall. Three (3) bays will exist for fire apparatus. There will also be at least one (1) door on each side of the building. There will not be any windows on the east side of the building except by the door. The office/training building will have one (1) door on the east side of the building and windows on all sides.

The site plan calls for a training pad area west of the existing main building. This area will have a forty foot (40') tall training tower, a storage area, fire investigation area, and a SCBA trailer. The training tower will be approximately sixty feet (60') long and thirty feet (30') feet wide. The rendering of the training tower were provided. The storage area will be an open area for the storage of pallets and straw bales and will be approximately sixteen feet (16') in length, forty feet (40') wide and eight feet (8') feet in height. The fire investigation area will also be an open area for trainings/scenarios. This area will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, twenty feet (20') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The trailer will be used to breathing apparatus and will be approximately eight feet (8') wide, fifty-three feet (53') long, and fourteen feet (14') in height.

Any structures related to the proposed operations would be required to obtain applicable building permits.

The property is served by well and septic.

Attachment 9, Page 3

One (1) trash enclosure area is shown on the site plan. The Petitioners' intent would be to use this area to house one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster.

Per, the plat of survey, most of the property drains to the south. The area north of the existing church building drains towards the retention pond. Mr. Asselmeier noted that Greg Chismark had concerns regarding the low area on the southeast corner of the site.

The site plan calls for the enlargement of the retention pond. The exact enlargement of the pond has not been determined and will be based on the ground and earth in the area. A stormwater management permit will be required for the expansion.

Per the plat of survey, the property has two access points off of Jones Road. The eastern drive is asphalt and the western drive is gravel. Per the site plan, the eastern drive will be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround area; the remainder of the eastern drive will be asphalt. The western drive will concrete.

According to the site plan, one (1) three hundred (300) parking space asphalt parking lot is located on the property. Per the Americans with Disabilities Act, seven (7) handicapped parking spaces are required for a parking lot with this number of parking spaces; one (1) additional handicapped parking space is needed. The Petitioners indicated that seven (7) handicapped parking spaces presently exist at the property. The parking lot will be resurfaced.

Per the site plan, a portion of the eastern drive will be turned to concrete, a new apron will be installed, and the drive will be altered to provide direct access to the fire apparatus bays.

According to the plat of survey, there are four (4) existing light poles in the parking lot. Each pole has four (4) lights. There is also one (1) additional light pole by the northeast corner of the existing church. There are also lights pointing downwards above each door of the existing church.

According to the site plan, one (1) digital ground sign is proposed west of the eastern entrance. This sign will be a maximum of ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') tall. The sign will be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output will be reduced to fifty percent (50%) at 10:00 p.m. Per Section 12:08.A.2.a, signs at public safety facilities are exempt from the requirement to turn off illuminated signs at 11:00 p.m.

Per the renderings, the number 3 will be placed above the bays for the fire apparatus on the north side of the building and a Troy FPD 3 sign will be installed on the west side of building. The letters will be three feet (3') tall and the signs will be backlit with LED lights.

The site plan shows one (1) new steel double gate at the entrance of the western driveway. The site plan also shows the western end of parking lot fenced and gated. This fence will be chain link with slats at six feet (6') in height.

Both the plat of survey and the site plan show numerous existing trees, arborvitae, and other vegetation throughout the property. No information was provided regarding the types or numbers of the various planting currently placed on the property and whether or not these plantings will remain. Section 11:02.F.8 provides screening requirements for parking lots with more than twenty (20) parking spaces. These requirements are presently met, but the Petitioners have not indicated if they intend to keep the screening as it currently exists. The Petitioners' intention is to keep all of the existing vegetation onsite except for those plantings in the new concrete apron area, new training pad area, and pond extension area.

The site plan shows five (5) new turf berms. The berms would be a maximum slope of three to one (3:1). The minimum height of the berms shall be five feet (5'). The trees planted on top of the berms would be arborvitae, spruce, or other similar tree. The berms would be installed at the same time the pond is dug with trees planted after completion of the berms.

The Petitioners plan to have emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers on the property. These items will not be broadcast or used outside of the buildings between 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. Fire trucks leaving the property responding to an emergency would also make noise.

All training burns should occur inside the training tower. No other burning or odor causing activities are foreseen at the property.

If approved, this would be the first (1st) special use permit for a fire station in the unincorporated area. This would be the fifth (5th) special use permit for a government facility in the unincorporated area; the others are highway related or government office related.

ZPAC Meeting Minutes 01.04.22

The proposed Findings of Fact are as follows:

That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the special use will not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Provided the site is developed in accordance with the submitted site plan and provided that conditions are included in the special use permit to mitigate outside noise, odor, and lighting, the proposed use should not be detrimental or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Placing a fire station at this location, with trained first responders, should enhance the public safety of the area.

That the special use will not be substantially injurious to the use and enjoyment of other property in the immediate vicinity for the purposes already permitted, nor substantially diminish and impair property values within the neighborhood. The Zoning classification of property within the general area of the property in question shall be considered in determining consistency with this standard. The proposed use shall make adequate provisions for appropriate buffers, landscaping, fencing, lighting, building materials, open space and other improvements necessary to insure that the proposed use does not adversely impact adjacent uses and is compatible with the surrounding area and/or the County as a whole. Appropriate restrictions should be placed in the special use permit to regulate outside noise, odors, and lighting. It is acknowledged that a fire station could produce noise, particularly sirens, at any point in time. Landscaping is incorporated in the controlling site plan for the property. Presently, very few house are located within a half mile of the property. The neighboring property owners should not suffer loss in property values caused by the placement of this use.

That adequate utilities, access roads and points of ingress and egress, drainage, and/or other necessary facilities have been or are being provided. Provided the City of Joliet and Seward Township have no concerns regarding the use of Jones Road for the purposes of a fire station, adequate roads are provided. Adequate utilities are onsite or will be upgraded. Drainage issues shall be addressed as part of the stormwater management permit for the property.

That the special use shall in all other respects conform to the applicable regulations of the district in which it is located, except as such regulations may in each instance be modified by the County Board pursuant to the recommendation of the Zoning Board of Appeals. This is true; no variances are needed.

That the special use is consistent with the purpose and objectives of the Land Resource Management Plan and other adopted County or municipal plans and policies. True, the proposal is consistent with the goals and objectives included in the Public Safety section found on pages 4-10 and 4-11 of the Kendall County Land Resource Management Plan.

Staff recommended approval of the request special use permit subject to the following conditions and restrictions. The Petitioners have not agreed to these conditions prior to the meeting:

- 1. The special use permit granted by Ordinance 2004-24 is hereby revoked and Ordinance 2004-24 is repealed in its entirety.
- 2. The site shall be developed substantially in accordance with the plat of survey and site plan. The exact size of the retention pond expansion shall be determined by the stormwater management permit related to that expansion. The pond expansion must occur within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 3. The vegetation presently shown on the plat of survey and site plan shall remain in substantially the same locations as shown on these documents with the exception that the vegetation around the concrete apron, training pad area, and pond extension may be removed.
- 4. The berms shown on the site plan shall be a minimum of five feet (5') in height. Evergreen type vegetation shall be planted on top of the berms. The berms and evergreens must be installed within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 5. Damaged or dead plantings related to the landscaping of the property shall be replaced on a timeframe approved by the Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Department.
- 6. The fire station, four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot training building, and fire tower, shall be developed substantially in accordance with the elevations.
- 7. Any new structures constructed or installed related to the use allowed by this special use permit on the property shall not be considered for agricultural purposes and must secure applicable building permits.

- 8. The training tower shown on the site plan shall be approximately sixty feet (60') in length, thirty feet (30') in width, and forty feet (40') in height.
- 9. The storage area shown on the site plan shall be an open area for outdoor storage approximately sixteen feet (16') in length and forty feet (40') in width. The maximum height of materials stored in this area shall be eight feet (8').
- 10. The fire investigation area shown on the site plan shall be an open area used for trainings and shall be approximately sixteen feet (16') in length, twenty feet (20') in width, and eight feet (8') in height.
- 11. The SCBA trailer shown on the site plan shall be approximately eight feet (8') in width and fifty-three feet (53') in length. The trailer shall be approximately fourteen feet (14') in height.
- 12. The eastern driveway shall be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround around area as shown on the site plan. The remainder of the eastern driveway shall be asphalt.
- 13. The parking area shall be maintained in substantially the same location as shown on the site plan with approximately three hundred (300) parking spaces. The property owners shall ensure that handicapped parking spaces required by the Americans with Disabilities Act are provided. Per the site plan, seven (7) handicapped accessible parking spaces with applicable signage shall be provided for the three hundred (300) spaced parking lot.
- 14. The fence around the western portion of the parking lot shall be chain link with slats added. The maximum height of the fence shall be six feet (6').
- 15. One (1) free standing sign may be installed in substantially the location shown on the site plan. The sign shall be a maximum ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') in height. The sign may be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output of the sign shall be set to a maximum of fifty percent (50%) of capabilities between 10:00 p.m. and dawn.
- 16. Wall signage on the building shall be installed in the substantially the locations and sizes as shown on the renderings. These signs may be back lit.
- 17. The trash enclosure shall be placed in substantially the location shown on the site plan and shall be large enough to hold one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster. The enclosure shall be screen per the requirements of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance.
- 18. No burning, other than burning normally allowed on A-1 zoned property, may occur outdoors at the subject property.
- 19. Emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers shall not broadcast or be used outdoors at the subject property between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.
- 20. The owners of the businesses allowed by this special use permit shall diligently monitor the property for leaks from equipment, vehicles, and materials parked and stored on the subject property and shall promptly clean up the site if leaks occur.
- 21. None of the vehicles or equipment parked or stored on the subject property related to the use allowed by the special use permit shall be considered agricultural vehicles or agricultural equipment.
- 22. The operators of the use allowed by this special use permit acknowledge and agree to follow Kendall County's Right to Farm Clause.
- 23. The property owner and operator of the use allowed by this special use permit shall follow all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws related to the operation of this type of use.
- 24. Failure to comply with one or more of the above conditions or restrictions could result in the amendment or revocation of the special use permit.
- 25. If one or more of the above conditions is declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining conditions shall remain valid.
- 26. This special use permit shall be treated as a covenant running with the land and is binding on the successors, heirs, and assigns as to the same special use conducted on the property.

Mr. Rybski said a change of use would be necessary. He noted the septic system was very large for the site. He wanted to make sure the septic system area would be protected. He also stated a non-community well may be necessary depending on the number of activities on the site. Fire Chief Andrew Doyle noted that the septic area or septic tanks will be protected.

Attachment 9, Page 6

The Fire District will secure the necessary permits for the well. The Fire District would not have as many people onsite as the church proposed.

Chief Doyle said the pond would be expanded for training purposes and to use water out of the pond for trainings.

Mr. Klaas asked about the church. Chief Doyle said the church has returned to their original location in Shorewood.

Discussion occurred regarding the improvements to Jones Road. Chief Doyle said that Joliet was requesting escrow funds for improvements to Jones Road along the property's perimeter. Joliet classified the road as a Collector.

The current structures do not have a fire suppression system. A fire suppression system will be installed and will be inspected by a third party.

Chief Doyle was agreeable to the conditions as proposed.

Mr. Asselmeier asked about light brightness. Chief Doyle did not have information on brightness. The berms would block some lights.

Chief Doyle said fire trucks will not sound their horns at night unless there was a vehicle on the road. The lights on the fire trucks would flash.

Chief Doyle said all burning would be inside the training tower.

Kelley Chrisse, Village of Shorewood, requested a condition be added for an annexation agreement. An annexation agreement should be finalized within one (1) year of approval of the special use permit by the County Board. Shorewood favored the proposed use; other concerns would be addressed as part of an annexation agreement.

Mr. Klaas asked how far the Village limits were from the property. The response was approximately one point five (1.5) miles. Discussion occurred regarding how the Shorewood municipal boundary could be extended to reach the property.

Jones Road is the boundary between Joliet and Shorewood.

Mr Rybski made a motion, seconded by Mr. Holdiman, to recommend approval of the special use permit with the conditions proposed by Staff, a condition be added regarding an annexation agreement with Shorewood within one (1) year of approval of the special use permit, and a condition requiring the Fire District to submit an escrow payment to Joliet for improvements to Jones Road.

The votes were follows

Ayes (7): Asselmeier, Briganti, Holdiman, Klaas, Olson, Richardson, and Rybski

Nays (0): None Abstain (0): None

Absent (3): Chismark, Gengler, and Guritz

The motion passed.

The proposal goes to the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission on January 26, 2022.

PUBLIC COMMENT

Mr. Asselmeier reported that the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Annual Meeting will be Saturday, February 5, 2022, at 9:00 a.m.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. Klaas made a motion, seconded by Mr. Rybski, to adjourn. With a voice vote of seven (7) ayes, the motion carried. The ZPAC, at 10:16 a.m., adjourned. Respectfully Submitted, Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner Enc.

ZPAC Meeting Minutes 01.04.22

KENDALL COUNTY ZONING & PLATTING ADVISORY COMMITTEE JANUARY 4, 2022

IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO BE CONTACTED ON FUTURE MEETINGS REGARDING THIS TOPIC, PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR ADDRESS OR EMAIL ADDRESS

y			
NAME	ADDRESS (OPTIONAL)	EMAIL ADDRESS (OPTIONAL)	
Judd Lofchin	1999 W. Galena	Judd 1299@ gwail.com	
ANDREW DIYLE	760 COTTAGE ST SHOREWOOD, IL	adoyle@frayfpd.com	
Kelley Chrisse	One Towne Center Blvd. Shovewood, IL	Kchrisse@vil. Shorewood.il.	vS
Posti A. Berhard	122 Aurora And Naperi We IZ	partie rw-astorneys.	ian
Tom Green		tgreen@Cecinc.co	m
П			

Matt Asselmeier

From: Todorovic, Milos <mtodorovic@joliet.gov>

Sent: Wednesday, December 29, 2021 8:55 AM

To: Matt Asselmeier; Torri, James N

Cc:Scott Koeppel; Scott Gengler; Ruddy, Gregory PSubject:RE: [External]RE: 748 Jones Road QuestionsAttachments:Kendall County Comprehensive Plan.pdf

Please see sheet 61 of attached plan.

R/

Mike

From: Matt Asselmeier < masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us>

Sent: Tuesday, December 28, 2021 10:52 AM

To: Todorovic, Milos <mtodorovic@joliet.gov>; Torri, James N <jtorri@joliet.gov>

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>; Ruddy, Gregory P

<gruddy@joliet.gov>

Subject: RE: [External]RE: 748 Jones Road Questions

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] This message originated outside of the organization.

Mike:

The Fire District would like to have more specific information regarding Joliet's expectations for road improvements. Could you elaborate on would be expected of the Fire District?

Thanks,

Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner Kendall County Planning, Building & Zoning 111 West Fox Street Yorkville, IL 60560-1498

PH: 630-553-4139 Fax: 630-553-4179

From: Todorovic, Milos [mailto:mtodorovic@joliet.gov]

Sent: Monday, December 27, 2021 10:09 AM

To: Torri, James N < itorri@joliet.gov >; Matt Asselmeier < masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us >

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>; Ruddy, Gregory P

<gruddy@joliet.gov>

Subject: [External]RE: 748 Jones Road Questions

Hi Matt,

1. We have no internal (COJ Public Works) planned trails along the roadway.

Attachment 9, Page 9

2. We cannot confirm the Church worked with staff for road improvements. Current staff has no knowledge of how this may have been tracked. However, would like to ask for a similar requirement to ensure road construction standards are in accordance with the details in the Kendall Co. Comp Plan.

Thanks.

R/

Mike

From: Torri, James N < jtorri@joliet.gov>

Sent: Wednesday, December 22, 2021 10:16 AM

To: 'Matt Asselmeier' < masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us>

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>; Todorovic, Milos

<mtodorovic@joliet.gov>; Ruddy, Gregory P <gruddy@joliet.gov>

Subject: RE: 748 Jones Road Questions

Matt,

The TFD reached out to me about this and in these cases we would typically defer to Shorewood since it is in their Planning Area. I have Mike (Milos) and Greg from our Public Works Division copied in here in case they need something for roadway or trails that I am unaware of.

Thanks for reaching out though and Happy Holidays!

James N. Torri City of Joliet Planning Director 150 W. Jefferson Street Joliet, IL 60432 (815) 724-4049 Fax: (815) 724-4056 www.joliet.gov

itorri@joliet.gov

From: Matt Asselmeier < masselmeier @co.kendall.il.us >

Sent: Wednesday, December 22, 2021 9:31 AM

To: Torri, James N < jtorri@joliet.gov>

Cc: Scott Koeppel <skoeppel@co.kendall.il.us>; Scott Gengler <sgengler@co.kendall.il.us>

Subject: 748 Jones Road Questions

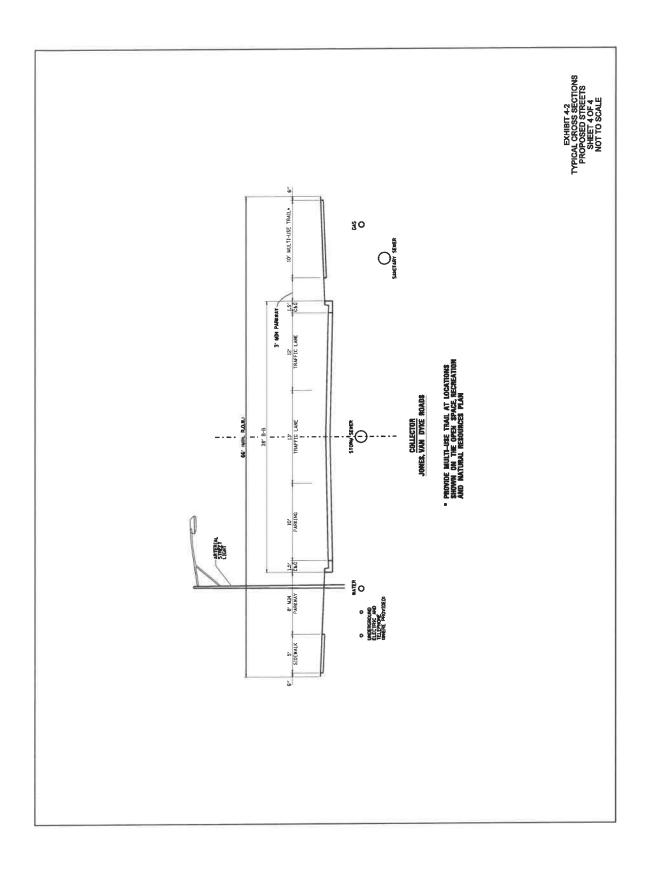
[EXTERNAL EMAIL] This message originated outside of the organization.

Jim:

Kendall County received a request from the Troy Fire Protection District for a special use permit for a fire station at 748 Jones Road and to revoke the existing special use permit for a church at the property.

What does Joliet's future land use map call for this area to be? Does Joliet have any trails planned in this area?

Also, the special use permit for the church required the church to work with Joliet for improvements to Jones Road. Did this occur? Do you want a similar requirement to be placed on the Fire Protection District's special use permit?



NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION (NRI) REPORT: #2201



Jan. 2022 Petitioner: Fire Chief Andrew Doyle, Troy FPD Contact: Patrick Moore, FGM Architects

Prepared By:



7775A Route 47 Yorkville, Illinois 60560 Phone: (630) 553-5821 x3 www.kendallswcd.org

KENDALL COUNTY SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NATURAL RESOURCE INFORMATION (NRI) REPORT

Natural Resource Information Report Number	2201
Date District Board Reviews Application	January 2022
Applicant's Name	Andrew Doyle (Fire Chief, Troy FPD)
Size of Parcel	(+/-) 25 acres
Current Zoning & Use	A-1 SU Agricultural with Special Use
	Permit; Church
Proposed Zoning & Use	A-1 SU Agricultural with Special Use
	Permit; Fire Station & Training Facility
Parcel Index Number(s)	09-12-300-017
Contact Person	Patrick Moore (FGM Architects)

Copies of this report or notification of the proposed land-use change was provided to:		No
The Applicant	X	
The Applicant's Legal Representation		х
The Local/Township Planning Commission	Х	
The Village/City/County Planning and Zoning Department or Appropriate Agency	х	
The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District Files	X	

Report Prepared By: Alyse Olson Position: Resource Conservationist

PURPOSE AND INTENT

The purpose of this report is to provide officials of the local governing body and other decision-makers with natural resource information. This information may be useful when undertaking land use decisions concerning variations, amendments or relief of local zoning ordinances, proposed subdivision of vacant or agricultural lands and the subsequent development of these lands. This report is a requirement under Section 22.02a of the Illinois Soil and Water Conservation Districts Act.

The intent of this report is to present the most current natural resource information available in a readily understandable manner. It contains a description of the present site conditions, the present resources, and the potential impacts that the proposed change may have on the site and its resources. The natural resource information was gathered from standardized data, on-site investigations and information furnished by the petitioner. This report must be read in its entirety so that the relationship between the natural resource factors and the proposed land use change can be fully understood.

Due to the limitations of scale encountered with the various resource maps, the property boundaries depicted in the various exhibits in this report provide a generalized representation of the property location and may not precisely reflect the legal description of the PIQ (Parcel in Question).

This report, when used properly, will provide the basis for proper land use change decisions and development while protecting the natural resource base of the county. It should not be used in place of detailed environmental and/or engineering studies that are warranted under most circumstances, but in conjunction with those studies.

The conclusions of this report in no way indicate that a certain land use is not possible, but it should alert the reader to possible problems that may occur if the capabilities of the land are ignored. Any questions on the technical data supplied in this report or if anyone feels that they would like to see more additional specific information to make the report more effective, please contact:

> Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District 7775A Route 47, Yorkville, IL 60560 Phone: (630) 553-5821 ext. 3

> > E-mail: Alyse.Olson@il.nacdnet.net

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Natural Resource Information Report Number	#2201
Petitioner	Andrew Doyle (Fire Chief, Troy FPD)
Contact Person	Patrick Moore (FGM Architects)
County or Municipality the Petition is Filed With	Kendall County
Location of Parcel	SW ¼ of Section 12, Township 35 North, Range 8 East (Seward Township) of the 3 rd Principal Meridian
Project or Subdivision Name	Troy Fire Protection District Station No. 3
Existing Zoning & Land Use	A-1 SU Agricultural with Special Use Permit; Church
Proposed Zoning & Land Use	A-1 SU Agricultural with Special Use Permit; Fire Station & Training Facility
Proposed Water Source	Well
Proposed Type of Sewage Disposal System	Septic
Proposed Type of Storm Water Management	Retention Pond
Size of Site	/
Size of Site	(+/-) 25 acres
Land Evaluation Site Assessment Score	183 (Land Evaluation: 94; Site Assessment: 89)

NATURAL RESOURCE CONSIDERATIONS

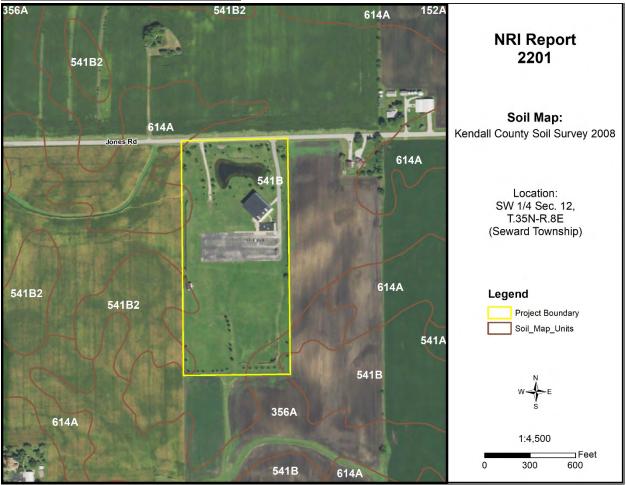


Figure 1: Soil Map

SOIL INFORMATION

Based on information from the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) 2008 Kendall County Soil Survey, this parcel is shown to contain the following soil types (please note this does not replace the need for or results of onsite soil testing; if completed, please refer to onsite soil test results for planning/engineering purposes):

Table 1: Soils Information

Map Unit	Soil Name	Drainage Class	Hydrologic Group	Hydric Designation	Farmland Designation
356A	Elpaso silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	Poorly Drained	B/D	Hydric	Prime Farmland if drained
541B	Graymont silt loam, 2-5% slopes	Moderately Well Drained	С	Non-Hydric	Prime Farmland
541B2	Graymont silt loam, 2-5% slopes, eroded	Moderately Well Drained	С	Non-Hydric	Prime Farmland
614A	Chenoa silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	Somewhat Poorly Drained	C/D	Non-Hydric	Prime Farmland

Hydrologic Soil Groups – Soils have been classified into four (A, B, C, D) hydrologic groups based on runoff characteristics due to rainfall. If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second letter is for undrained areas.

- Hydrologic group A: Soils have a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet.
 These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.
- **Hydrologic group B:** Soils have a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet, consist chiefly of moderately deep to deep, moderately well drained to well drained soils that have a moderately fine to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.
- **Hydrologic group C:** Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.
- **Hydrologic group D:** Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Hydric Soils – A hydric soil is one that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part of the soil profile that supports the growth or regeneration of hydrophytic vegetation. Soils with hydric inclusions have map units dominantly made up of non-hydric soils that may have inclusions of hydric soils in the lower positions on the landscape. Of the soils found onsite, one is classified as hydric soil (356A Elpaso silty clay loam), and the remaining soils are classified as non-hydric soils with hydric inclusions likely (541B Graymont silt loam, 541B2 Graymont silt loam, and 614A Chenoa silty clay loam).

Prime Farmland – Prime farmland is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for agricultural production. Prime farmland soils are an important resource to Kendall County and some of the most productive soils in the United States occur locally. Of the soils found onsite, three are designated as prime farmland (541B Graymont silt loam, 541B2 Graymont silt loam, and 614A Chenoa silty clay loam) and one is designated as prime farmland if drained (356A Elpaso silty clay loam).

Soil Limitations – The USDA-NRCS Web Soil Survey rates the limitations of soils for dwellings with basements, dwellings without basements, small commercial buildings, shallow excavations, lawns/landscaping, and local roads and streets. Soils have different properties which influence the development of building sites. The USDA-NRCS classifies soils as Not Limited, Somewhat Limited, and Very Limited. Soils that are Not Limited indicates that the soil has properties that are favorable for the specified use. They will perform well and will have low maintenance. Soils that are Somewhat Limited are moderately favorable, and their limitations can be overcome through special planning, design, or installation. Soils that are Very Limited have features that are unfavorable for the specified use, and their limitations cannot easily be overcome.

Table 2: Soil Limitations

Soil Type	Small Commercial Buildings	Shallow Excavations	Lawns/ Landscaping	Local Roads & Streets	Conventional Septic Systems
356A	Very Limited	Very Limited	Very Limited	Very Limited	Unsuitable/
330/1	very Emilieu	very Emilieed	very Emilieed	very Emilieu	Very Limited
541B	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Suitable/
3410	Joinewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	very Limited	Not Limited
541B2	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Vary Limited	Suitable/
54162	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Not Limited
614A	Somewhat Limited		Camaaaa limaita d	Vary Limited	Suitable/
014A	Joinewhat Limited	Very Limited	Somewhat Limited	Very Limited	Not Limited

Septic Systems – The factors considered for determining suitability are the characteristics and qualities of the soil that affect the limitations for absorbing waste from domestic sewage disposal systems. The major features considered are soil permeability, percolation rate, groundwater level, depth to bedrock, flooding hazards, and slope. Soils are deemed unsuitable per the Kendall County Subdivision Control Ordinance. Installation of an on-site sewage disposal system in soils designated as unsuitable may necessitate the installation of a non-conventional onsite sewage disposal system. For more information please contact the Kendall County Health Department (811 W. John Street, Yorkville, IL; (630) 553-9100 ext. 8026).

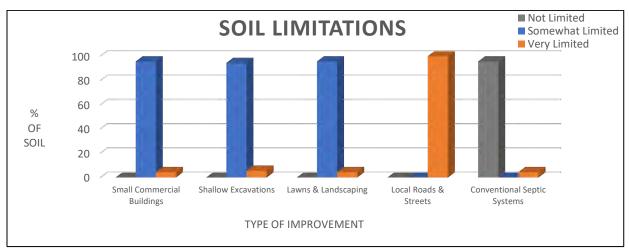


Figure 2: Soil Limitations

KENDALL COUNTY LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)

Decision-makers in Kendall County use the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) system to determine the suitability of a land use change and/or a zoning request as it relates to agricultural land. The LESA system was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) and takes into consideration local conditions such as physical characteristics of the land, compatibility of surrounding land-uses, and urban growth factors. The LESA system is a two-step procedure that includes:

Land Evaluation (LE): The soils of a given area are rated and placed in groups ranging from the
best to worst suited for a stated agriculture use, cropland, or forestland. The best group is
assigned a value of 100 and all other groups are assigned lower values. The Land Evaluation is

based on data from the Kendall County Soil Survey. The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

- The Land Evaluation score for this site is 94, indicating that this site is well suited for agricultural uses.
- Site Assessment (SA): The site is numerically evaluated according to important factors that contribute to the quality of the site. Each factor selected is assigned values in accordance with the local needs and objectives. The Site Assessment value is based on a 200-point scale and accounts for 2/3 of the total score. The Kendall County LESA Committee is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.
 - The Site Assessment score for this site is **89**.

The LESA Score for this site is 183 out of a possible 300, which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Note: Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. If the project is agricultural in nature, however, a higher score may provide an indication of the suitability of the project as it relates to the compatibility with existing agricultural land use.

WETLANDS

The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's National Wetlands Inventory map **does not indicate** the presence of a wetland(s) on the proposed project site. To determine if a wetland is present, a wetland delineation specialist, who is recognized by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, should determine the exact boundaries and value of the wetlands.

FLOODPLAIN

The Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for Kendall County, Community Panel No. 17093C0145H (effective date January 8, 2014) was reviewed to determine the presence of floodplain and floodway areas within the project site. According to the map, the parcel is **not located within** the floodplain or floodway.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

Development on this site should include an erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Soil erosion on construction sites is a resource concern because suspended sediment from areas undergoing development is a primary nonpoint source of water pollution. Please consult the *Illinois Urban Manual* (https://illinoisurbanmanual.org/) for appropriate best management practices.

LAND USE FINDINGS:

The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) Board has reviewed the proposed development plans for Petitioner Andrew Doyle (Fire Chief, Troy Fire Protection District) for the Special Use Permit request to convert an existing church into a fire station and training facility on one parcel (Parcel Index Number 09-12-300-017) within Seward Township of Kendall County located in the SW ¼ of Section 12, Township 35N, and Range 8E of the 3rd Principal Meridian. Based on the information provided by the petitioner and a review of natural resource related data available to the Kendall County SWCD, the SWCD Board presents the following information.

The Kendall County SWCD has always had the opinion that Prime Farmland should be preserved whenever feasible. Of the soils found onsite, 100% are classified as prime farmland or prime farmland if drained. A land evaluation (LE), which is a part of the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA), was conducted on this parcel. The soils on this parcel scored a 94 out of a possible 100 points indicating that the soils are well suited for agricultural uses. The total LESA Score for this site is 183 out of a possible 300, which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. If the project is agricultural in nature, however, a higher score may provide an indication of the suitability of the project as it relates to the compatibility with existing agricultural land use.

Soils found on the project site are rated for specific uses and can have potential limitations for development. Soil types with severe limitations do not preclude the ability to develop the site for the proposed use, but it is important to note that the limitation may require soil reclamation, special design/engineering, or maintenance to obtain suitable soil conditions to support development with significant limitations. This report indicates that for soils located on the parcel, 100% are very limited for local roads and streets, 5.6% are very limited for shallow excavations, and 4.4% are very limited for small commercial buildings and lawns/landscaping. The remaining land is considered somewhat limited for these types of developments/uses. Additionally, 4.4% of the soils are considered unsuitable for conventional septic systems. This information is based on the soil in an undisturbed state. If the scope of the project may include the use of onsite septic systems, please consult with the Kendall County Health Department.

This site is located within the Upper Illinois River watershed and near the border of the East Branch and the Minooka Branch Aux Sable Creek sub watersheds. This development should include a soil erosion and sediment control plan to be implemented during construction. Sediment may become a primary non-point source of pollution; eroded soils during the construction phase can create unsafe conditions on roadways, degrade water quality and destroy aquatic ecosystems lower in the watershed.

For intense use, it is recommended that a drainage tile survey be completed on the parcel to locate the subsurface drainage tile and should be taken into consideration during the land use planning process. Drainage tile expedites drainage and facilitates farming. It is imperative that these drainage tiles remain undisturbed. Impaired tile may affect a few acres or hundreds of acres of drainage.

The information that is included in this Natural Resources Information Report is to assure that the Land Developers take into full consideration the limitations of that land that they wish to develop. Guidelines and recommendations are also a part of this report and should be considered in the planning process. The Natural Resource Information Report is required by the Illinois Soil and Water Conservation District Act (III. Complied Statues, Ch. 70, Par 405/22.02a).

	1/10/2022
SWCD Board Representative	Date

PARCEL LOCATION

Location Map for Natural Resources Information Report #2201

SW ¼ of Section 12, Township 35 North, Range 8 East (Seward Township) on 25 acres. This parcel is located south of Jones Road, north of U.S. Route 52, east of Ridge Road, and west of County Line Road in Minooka, IL. The parcel is part of unincorporated Kendall County.

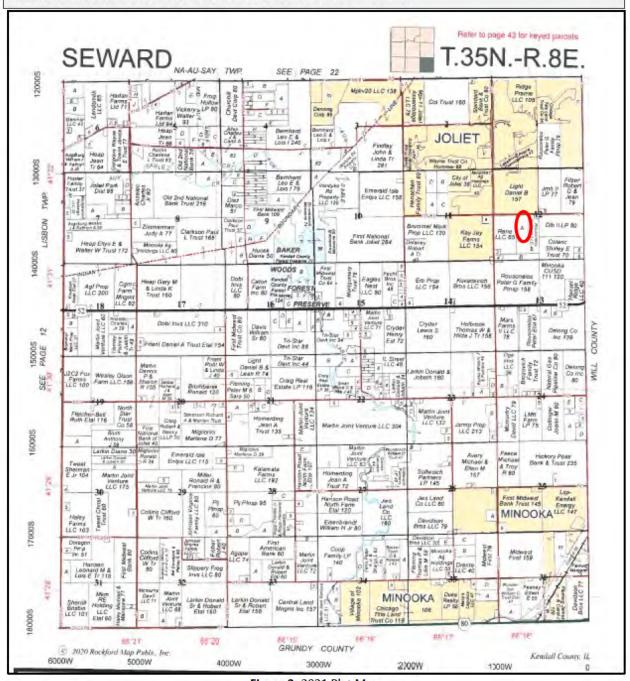


Figure 3: 2021 Plat Map

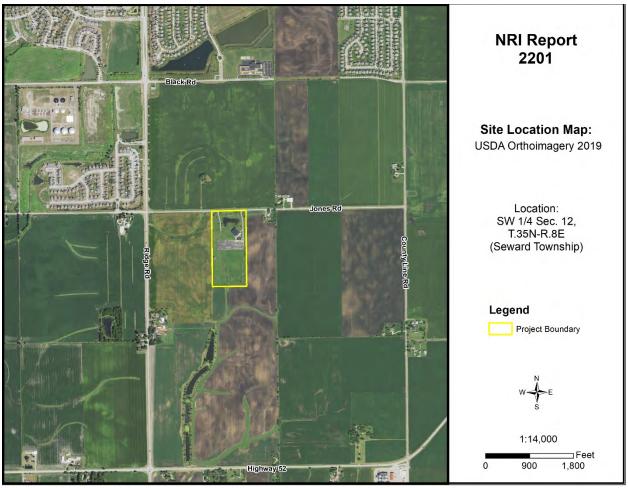


Figure 4: 2019 Aerial Map with NRI Site Boundary

ARCHAEOLOGIC/CULTURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION

Simply stated, cultural resources are all the past activities and accomplishments of people. They include the following: buildings; objects made or used by people; locations; and less tangible resources, such as stories, dance forms, and holiday traditions.

The Soil and Water Conservation District most often encounters cultural resources as historical properties. These may be prehistoric or historical sites, buildings, structures, features, or objects. The most common type of historical property that the Soil and Water Conservation District may encounter is non-structural archaeological sites. These sites often extend below the soil surface and must be protected against disruption by development or other earth moving activity if possible. Cultural resources are *non-renewable* because there is no way to "grow" a site to replace a disrupted site.

Landowners with historical properties on their land have ownership of that historical property. However, the State of Illinois owns all the following: human remains, grave markers, burial mounds, and artifacts associated with graves and human remains.

Non-grave artifacts from archaeological sites and historical buildings are the property of the landowner. The landowner may choose to disturb a historical property but may not receive federal or state assistance to do so. If an earth moving activity disturbs human remains, the landowner must contact the county coroner within 48 hours.

The Illinois Historic Preservation Agency has not been notified of the proposed land use change by the Kendall County SWCD. The applicant may need to contact the IHPA according to current Illinois law.

ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

WHAT IS BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY AND WHY SHOULD IT BE CONSERVED?

Biological diversity, or biodiversity, is the range of life on our planet. A more thorough definition is presented by botanist Peter H. Raven: "At the simplest level, biodiversity is the sum total of all the plants, animals, fungi and microorganisms in the world, or in a particular area; all of their individual variation; and all of the interactions between them. It is the set of living organisms that make up the fabric of the planet Earth and allow it to function as it does, by capturing energy from the sun and using it to drive all of life's processes; by forming communities of organisms that have, through the several billion years of life's history on Earth, altered the nature of the atmosphere, the soil and the water of our Planet; and by making possible the sustainability of our planet through their life activities now" (Raven 1994).

It is not known how many species occur on our planet. Presently, about 1.4 million species have been named. It has been estimated that there are perhaps 9 million more that have not been identified. What is known is that they are vanishing at an unprecedented rate. Reliable estimates show extinction occurring at a rate several orders of magnitude above "background" in some ecological systems (Wilson 1992, Hoose 1981).

The reasons for protecting biological diversity are complex, but they fall into four major categories. First, loss of diversity generally weakens entire natural systems. Healthy ecosystems tend to have many natural checks and balances. Every species plays a role in maintaining this system. When simplified by the loss of diversity, the system becomes more susceptible to natural and artificial perturbations. The chances of a system-wide collapse increase. In parts of the midwestern United States, for example, it was only the remnant areas of natural prairies that kept soil intact during the dust bowl years of the 1930s (Roush 1982).

Simplified ecosystems are almost always expensive to maintain. For example, when synthetic chemicals are relied upon to control pests, the target species are not the only ones affected. Their predators are almost always killed or driven away, exasperating the pest problem. In the meantime, people are unintentionally breeding pesticide-resistant pests. A process has begun where people become perpetual guardians of the affected area, which requires the expenditure of financial resources and human ingenuity to keep the system going.

A second reason for protecting biological diversity is that it represents one of our greatest untapped resources. Great benefits can be reaped from a single species. About 20 species provide 90% of the world's food. Of these 20, just three, wheat, maize, and rice-supply over one half of that food. American wheat farmers need new varieties every five to 15 years to compete with pests and diseases. Wild strains of wheat are critical genetic reservoirs for these new varieties.

Further, every species is a potential source of human medicine. In 1980, a published report identified the market value of prescription drugs from higher plants at over \$3 billion. Organic alkaloids, a class of

chemical compounds used in medicines, are found in an estimated 20% of plant species. Yet only 2% of plant species have been screened for these compounds (Hoose 1981).

The third reason for protecting diversity is that humans benefit from natural areas and depend on healthy ecosystems. The natural world supplies our air, our water, our food and supports human economic activity. Further, humans are creatures that evolved in a diverse natural environment between forest and grasslands. People need to be reassured that such places remain. When people speak of "going to the country," they generally mean more than getting out of town. For reasons of their own sanity and wellbeing, they need a holistic, organic experience. Prolonged exposure to urban monotony produces neuroses, for which cultural and natural diversity cure.

Historically, the lack of attention to biological diversity, and the ecological processes it supports, has resulted in economic hardships for segments of the basin's human population.

The final reason for protecting biological diversity is that species and natural systems are intrinsically valuable. The above reasons have focused on the benefits of the natural world to humans. All things possess intrinsic value simply because they exist.

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES CONCERNING THE SUBJECT PARCEL

As part of the Natural Resources Information Report, staff checks office maps to determine if any nature preserves or ecologically sensitive areas are in the general vicinity of the parcel in question. If there is a nature preserve in the area, then that resource will be identified as part of the report. The SWCD recommends that every effort be made to protect that resource. Such efforts should include, but are not limited to erosion control, sediment control, stormwater management, and groundwater monitoring.

Office maps indicate that ecologically sensitive area(s) are <u>not</u> located on or near the parcel in question (PIQ). There are, however, a series of ponds located approximately 900 feet south of the parcel to be aware of considering much of the site drains to the south.

¹Taken from *The Conservation of Biological Diversity in the Great Lakes Ecosystem: Issues and Opportunities*, prepared by the Nature Conservancy Great Lakes Program 79W. Monroe Street, Suite 1309, Chicago, IL 60603, January 1994.

SOILS INFORMATION

IMPORTANCE OF SOILS INFORMATION

Soils information comes from the Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Maps and Descriptions for Kendall County. This information is important to all parties involved in determining the suitability of the proposed land use change.

Each soil polygon is given a number, which represents its soil type. The letter found after the soil type number indicates the soils slope class.

Each soil map unit has limitations for a variety of land uses such as septic systems, buildings with basements, and buildings without basements. It is important to remember that soils do not function independently of each other. The behavior of a soil depends upon the physical properties of adjacent soil types, the presence of artificial drainage, soil compaction, and its position in the local landscape.

The limitation categories (not limited, somewhat limited, or very limited) indicate the potential for difficulty in using that soil unit for the proposed activity and, thus, the degree of need for thorough soil borings and engineering studies. A limitation does not necessarily mean that the proposed activity cannot be done on that soil type. It does mean that the reasons for the limitation need to be thoroughly understood and dealt with to complete the proposed activity successfully. Very limited indicates that the proposed activity will be more difficult and costly to do on that soil type than on a soil type with a somewhat limited or not limited rating.

Soil survey interpretations are predictions of soil behavior for specified land uses and specified management practices. They are based on the soil properties that directly influence the specified use of the soil. Soil survey interpretations allow users of soil surveys to plan reasonable alternatives for the use and management of soils.

Soil interpretations do not eliminate the need for on-site study and testing of specific sites for the design and construction for specific uses. They can be used as a guide for planning more detailed investigations and for avoiding undesirable sites for an intended use. The scale of the maps and the range of error limit the use of the soil delineation.

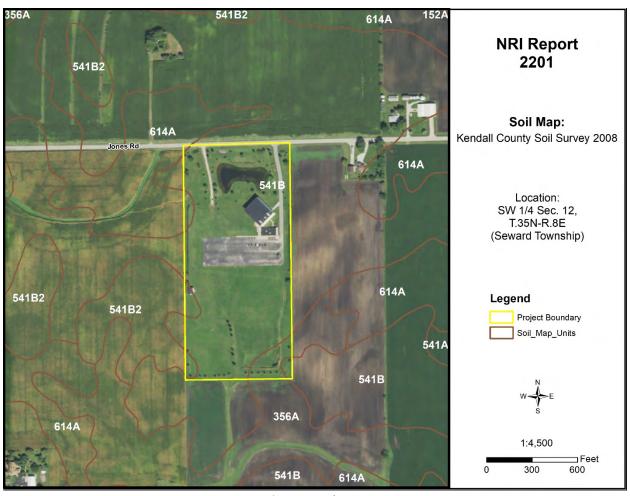


Figure 5: Soil Map

Table 3: Soil Map Unit Descriptions

Symbol	Descriptions	Acres	Percent
356A	Elpaso silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	1.1	4.4%
541B	Graymont silt loam, 2-5% slopes	23.1	92.0%
541B2	Graymont silt loam, 2-5% slopes, eroded	0.6	2.4%
614A	Chenoa silty clay loam, 0-2% slopes	0.3	1.2%

Source: National Cooperative Soil Survey - USDA-NRCS

SOILS INTERPRETATIONS EXPLANATION

GENERAL – NONAGRICULTURAL

These interpretative ratings help engineers, planners, and others to understand how soil properties influence behavior when used for nonagricultural uses such as building site development or construction materials. This report gives ratings for proposed uses in terms of limitations and restrictive features. The tables list only the most restrictive features.

Other features may need treatment to overcome soil limitations for a specific purpose. Ratings come from the soil's "natural" state, that is, no unusual modification occurs other than that which is considered normal practice for the rated use. Even though soils may have limitations, an engineer may alter soil features or adjust building plans for a structure to compensate for most degrees of limitations. Most of these practices, however, are costly. The final decision in selecting a site for a particular use generally involves weighing the costs for site preparation and maintenance. Soil properties influence development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Soil limitation ratings of not limited, somewhat limited, and very limited are given for the types of proposed improvements that are listed or inferred by the petitioner as entered on the report application and/or zoning petition. The most common types of building limitation that this report gives limitations ratings for is septic systems. It is understood that engineering practices can overcome most limitations for buildings with and without basements, and small commercial buildings. Limitation ratings for these types of buildings are not commonly provided. Organic soils, when present on the parcel, are referenced in the hydric soils section of the report. This type of soil is considered unsuitable for all types of construction.

LIMIATIONS RATINGS

- **Not Limited:** This soil has favorable properties for the use. The degree of limitation is minor. The people involved can expect good performance and low maintenance.
- Somewhat Limited: This soil has moderately favorable properties for the use. Special planning, design, or maintenance can overcome this degree of limitation. During some part of the year, the expected performance is less desirable than for soils rated slight.
- Very Limited: This soil has one or more properties that are unfavorable for the rated use. These
 may include the following: steep slopes, bedrock near the surface, flooding, high shrink-swell
 potential, a seasonal high water table, or low strength. This degree of limitation generally requires
 major soil reclamation, special design, or intensive maintenance, which in most situations is
 difficult and costly.

BUILDING LIMITATIONS

BUILDING ON POORLY SUITED OR UNSUITABLE SOILS

Building on poorly suited or unsuitable soils can present problems to future property owners such as cracked foundations, wet basements, lowered structural integrity and high maintenance costs associated with these problems. The staff of the Kendall County SWCD strongly urges scrutiny by the plat reviewers when granting parcels with these soils exclusively.

Small Commercial Buildings – Ratings are for structures that are less than three stories high and do not have basements. The foundation is assumed to be spread footings of reinforced concrete built on disturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs.

Shallow Excavations – Trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for utility lines, open ditches, or other purposes. Ratings are based on soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing.

Lawns and Landscaping – Require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained (irrigation is not considered in the ratings). The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established.

Local Roads and Streets – They have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material, a base of gravel, crushed rock or soil material stabilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete) or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the east of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity.

Onsite Sewage Disposal – The factors considered are the characteristics and qualities of the soil that affect the limitations for absorbing waste from domestic sewage disposal systems. The major features considered are soil permeability, percolation rate, groundwater level, depth to bedrock, flooding hazards, and slope. The table below indicates soils that are deemed unsuitable per the Kendall County Subdivision Control Ordinance. Installation of an on-site sewage disposal system in soils designated as unsuitable may necessitate the installation of a non-conventional onsite sewage disposal system. For more information please contact the Kendall County Health Department – Environmental Health at (630) 553-9100 x8026.

Table 4: Building Limitations

Soil Type	Small Commercial Buildings	Shallow Excavations	Lawns & Landscaping	Local Roads & Streets	Onsite Conventional Sewage Systems	Acres	%
356A	Very Limited: Ponding; Depth to saturated zone; Shrink-swell	Very Limited: Ponding; Depth to saturated zone; Dusty; Unstable excavation walls; Too clayey	Very Limited: Ponding; Depth to saturated zone; Dusty	Very Limited: Ponding; Depth to saturated zone; Frost action; Low strength; Shrink-swell	Unsuitable/Very Limited: Wet	1.1	4.4%
541B	Somewhat Limited: Shrink-swell	Somewhat Limited: Depth to saturated zone; Dusty; Unstable excavation walls	Somewhat Limited: Dusty		Suitable/Not Limited	23.1	92.0%
541B2	Somewhat Limited: Shrink-swell; Slope	Somewhat Limited: Depth to saturated zone; Dusty; Unstable excavation walls	Somewhat Limited: Dusty		Suitable/Not Limited	0.6	2.4%
614A	Somewhat Limited: Depth to saturated zone; Shrink-swell	Very Limited: Depth to saturated zone; Dusty; Unstable excavation walls; Ponding; Too clayey	Somewhat Limited: Depth to saturated zone; Dusty	Very Limited:	Suitable/Not Limited	0.3	1.2%
% Very Limited	4.4%	5.6%	4.4%	100%	4.4%		



Figure 6A: Map of Building Limitations – Small Commercial Buildings and Lawns/Landscaping



Figure 6B: Map of Building Limitations – Shallow Excavations



Figure 6C: Map of Building Limitations – Local Roads & Streets

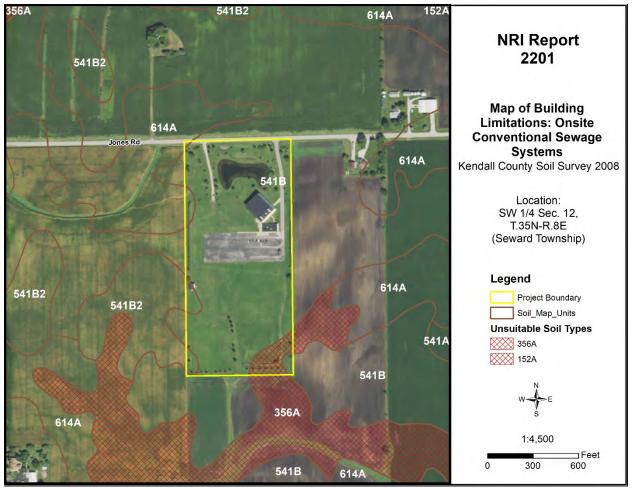


Figure 6D: Map of Building Limitations – Onsite Conventional Sewage System

SOIL WATER FEATURES

Table 5, below, gives estimates of various soil water features that should be taken into consideration when reviewing engineering for a land use project.

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS (HSGs) – The groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

- **Group A:** Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.
- Group B: Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of
 moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained, or well drained soils that have moderately
 fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.
- **Group C:** Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.
- **Group D:** Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Note: If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D or C/D) the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas.

SURFACE RUNOFF – Surface runoff refers to the loss of water from an area by flow over the land surface. Surface runoff classes are based upon slope, climate and vegetative cover and indicates relative runoff for very specific conditions (it is assumed that the surface of the soil is bare and that the retention of surface water resulting from irregularities in the ground surface is minimal). The classes are negligible, very low, low, medium, high, and very high.

MONTHS – The portion of the year in which a water table, ponding, and/or flooding is most likely to be a concern.

WATER TABLE – Water table refers to a saturated zone in the soil and the data indicates, by month, depth to the top (upper limit) and base (lower limit) of the saturated zone in most years. These estimates are based upon observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone (grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic features)) in the soil. Note: A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

PONDING – Ponding refers to standing water in a closed depression, and the data indicates surface water depth, duration, and frequency of ponding.

• **Duration:** Expressed as *very brief* if less than 2 days, *brief* if 2 to 7 days, *long* if 7 to 30 days and *very long* if more than 30 days.

• **Frequency:** Expressed as: *none* meaning ponding is not possible; *rare* means unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (chance of ponding is 0-5% in any year); *occasional* means that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (chance of ponding is 5 to 50% in any year); and frequent means that it occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years (chance of ponding is more than 50% in any year).

FLOODING – The temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

- **Duration:** Expressed as: *extremely brief* if 0.1 hour to 4 hours; *very brief* if 4 hours to 2 days; *brief* if 2 to 7 days; *long* if 7 to 30 days; and *very long* if more than 30 days.
- Frequency: Expressed as: none means flooding is not probable; very rare means that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (chance of flooding is less than 1% in any year); rare means that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (chance of flooding is 1 to 5% in any year); occasional means that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (chance of flooding is 5 to 50% in any year but is less than 50% in all months in any year); and very frequent means that it is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions (chance of flooding is more than 50% in all months of any year).

Note: The information is based on evidence in the soil profile. In addition, consideration is also given to local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

Table 5: Water Features

Map Unit	Hydrologic Group	Surface Runoff	Water Table	Ponding	Flooding
356A	B/D	Negligible	January – May	January – May	January – December
			Upper Limit : 0.0'-1.0'	Surface Water Depth: 0.0'-0.5'	Duration:
			Lower Limit: 6.0'	Duration : Brief (2 to 7 days)	Frequency: None
			<u>June – December</u>	Frequency: Frequent	
			Upper Limit:	<u>June – December</u>	
			Lower Limit:	Surface Water Depth:	
				Duration:	
				Frequency:	
541B	С	Low	<u>January</u>	January – December	January – December
			Upper Limit:	Surface Water Depth:	Duration:
			Lower Limit:	Duration:	Frequency: None
			<u> February – April</u>	Frequency: None	
			Upper Limit: 2.0'-3.5'		
			Lower Limit: 2.2'-4.3'		
			<u> May – December</u>		
			Upper Limit:		
			Lower Limit:		
541B2	С	Medium	<u>January</u>	<u> January – December</u>	January – December
			Upper Limit:	Surface Water Depth:	Duration:
			Lower Limit:	Duration:	Frequency: None
			<u>February – April</u>	Frequency: None	
			Upper Limit: 2.0'-3.5'		
			Lower Limit: 2.2'-4.3'		
			May – December		
			Upper Limit:		
			Lower Limit:		
614A	C/D	Low	January – May	<u> January – December</u>	January – December
			Upper Limit: 1.0'-2.0'	Surface Water Depth:	Duration:
			Lower Limit: 2.1'-4.3'	Duration:	Frequency: None
			June – December	Frequency: None	
			Upper Limit:		
			Lower Limit:		

SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion is the wearing away of the soil by water, wind, and other forces. Soil erosion threatens the Nation's soil productivity and contributes the most pollutants in our waterways. Water causes about two thirds of erosion on agricultural land. Four properties, mainly, determine a soil's erodibility: texture, slope, structure, and organic matter content.

Slope has the most influence on soil erosion potential when the site is under construction. Erosivity and runoff increase as slope grade increases. The runoff then exerts more force on the particles, breaking their bonds more readily and carrying them farther before deposition. The longer water flows along a slope before reaching a major waterway, the greater the potential for erosion.

Soil erosion during and after this proposed construction can be a primary non-point source of water pollution. Eroded soil during the construction phase can create unsafe conditions on roadways, decrease the storage capacity of lakes, clog streams and drainage channels, cause deterioration of aquatic habitats, and increase water treatment costs. Soil erosion also increases the risk of flooding by choking culverts, ditches, and storm sewers and by reducing the capacity of natural and man-made detention facilities.

The general principles of erosion and sedimentation control measures include:

- Reducing or diverting flow from exposed areas, storing flows, or limiting runoff from exposed areas
- Staging construction to keep disturbed areas to a minimum
- Establishing or maintaining temporary or permanent groundcover
- Retaining sediment on site
- Properly installing, inspecting, and maintaining control measures

Erosion control practices are useful controls only if they are properly located, installed, inspected, and maintained.

The SWCD recommends an erosion and sediment control plan for all building sites, especially if there is a wetland or stream nearby.

Table 6: Soil Erosion Potential

Soil Type	Slope	Rating	Acreage	Percent of Parcel
356A	0-2%	Slight	1.1	4.4%
541B	2-5%	Slight	23.1	92.0%
541B2	2-5%	Moderate	0.6	2.4%
614A	0-2%	Slight	0.3	1.2%

PRIME FARMLAND SOILS

Prime farmland soils are an important resource to Kendall County. Some of the most productive soils in the United States occur locally. Each soil map unit in the United States is assigned a prime or non-prime rating. Prime agricultural land does not need to be in the production of food & fiber.

Section 310 of the NRCS general manual states that urban or built-up land on prime farmland soils is <u>not</u> prime farmland. The percentages of soils map units on the parcel reflect the determination that urban or built up land on prime farmland soils is not prime farmland.

Table 7: Prime Farmland Soils

Soil Types	Prime Designation	Acreage	Percent
356A	Prime Farmland if drained	1.1	4.4%
541B	Prime Farmland	23.1	92.0%
541B2	Prime Farmland	0.6	2.4%
614A	Prime Farmland 0.3 1.29		1.2%
% Prime Farmland	100%		

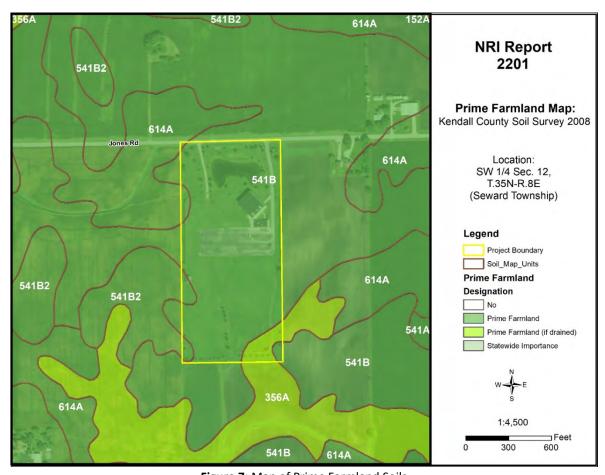


Figure 7: Map of Prime Farmland Soils

LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (LESA)

Decision-makers in Kendall County use the Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) system to determine the suitability of a land use change and/or a zoning request as it relates to agricultural land. The LESA system was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA-NRCS) and takes into consideration local conditions such as physical characteristics of the land, compatibility of surrounding land-uses, and urban growth factors. The LESA system is a two-step procedure that includes:

LAND EVALUATION (LE)

The soils of a given area are rated and placed in groups ranging from the best to worst suited for a stated agriculture use, cropland, or forestland. The best group is assigned a value of 100, and all other groups are assigned lower values. The Land Evaluation is based on data from the Kendall County Soil Survey. The LE score is calculated by multiplying the relative value of each soil type by the number of acres of that soil. The sum of the products is then divided by the total number of acres; the answer is the Land Evaluation score on this site. The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

SITE ASSESSMENT (SA)

The site is numerically evaluated according to important factors that contribute to the quality of the site. Each factor selected is assigned values in accordance with the local needs and objectives. The value group is a predetermined value based upon prime farmland designation. The Kendall County LESA Committee is responsible for this portion of the LESA system.

Please Note: A land evaluation (LE) score will be compiled for every project parcel. However, when a parcel is located within municipal planning boundaries, a site assessment (SA) score is not compiled as the scoring factors are not applicable. As a result, only the LE score is available, and a full LESA score is unavailable for the parcel.

Table 8A: Land Evaluation Computation

Soil Type	Value Group	Relative Value	Acres	Product (Relative Value x Acres)	
356A	1	100	1.1	110	
541B	2	94	23.1	2,171.4	
541B2	3	87	0.6	52.2	
614A	3	87	0.3	26.1	
Totals			25.1	2359.7	
LE Calculation			(Product of relative value / Total Acres)		
			2359.7 / 25.1 = 94.01		
LE Score				LE = 94	

The Land Evaluation score for this site is 94, indicating that this site is well suited for agricultural uses considering the Land Evaluation score is above 80.

Table 8B: Site Assessment Computation

Α.	Agricultural Land Uses	Points
	1. Percentage of area in agricultural uses within 1.5 miles of site. (20-10-5-0)	20
	2. Current land use adjacent to site. (30-20-15-10-0)	30
	3. Percentage of site in agricultural production in any of the last 5 years. (20-15-10-5-0)	0
	4. Size of site. (30-15-10-0)	10
В.	Compatibility / Impact on Uses	
	1. Distance from city or village limits. (20-10-0)	0
	2. Consistency of proposed use with County Land Resource Management Concept Plan	10
	and/or municipal comprehensive land use plan. (20-10-0)	
	3. Compatibility of agricultural and non-agricultural uses. (15-7-0)	0
C.	Existence of Infrastructure	
	1. Availability of public sewage system. (10-8-6-0)	6
	2. Availability of public water system. (10-8-6-0)	6
	3. Transportation systems. (15-7-0)	7
	4. Distance from fire protection service. (10-8-6-2-0)	0
	Site Assessment Score:	89

The Site Assessment score for this site is 89. The Land Evaluation value (94) is added to the Site Assessment value (89) to obtain a LESA Score of 183. The table below shows the level of protection for the proposed project site based on the LESA Score.

Table 9: LESA Score Summary

LESA SCORE	LEVEL OF PROTECTION		
<mark>0-200</mark>	Low		
201-225	Medium		
226-250	High		
251-300	Very High		

Land Evaluation Value: <u>94</u> + Site Assessment Value: <u>89</u> = LESA Score: <u>183</u>

The LESA Score for this site is 183 which indicates a low level of protection for the proposed project site. Note: Selecting the project site with the lowest total points will generally protect the best farmland located in the most viable areas and maintain and promote the agricultural industry in Kendall County. If the project is agricultural in nature, however, a higher score may provide an indication of the suitability of the project as it relates to the compatibility with existing agricultural land use.

LAND USE PLANS

Many counties, municipalities, villages, and townships have developed land-use plans. These plans are intended to reflect the existing and future land-use needs of a given community. Please contact the Kendall County Planning, Building & Zoning for information regarding the County's comprehensive land use plan and map.

DRAINAGE, RUNOFF, AND FLOOD INFORMATION

U.S.G.S Topographic maps give information on elevations, which are important mostly to determine slopes, drainage directions, and watershed information.

Elevations determine the area of impact of floods of record. Slope information determines steepness and erosion potential. Drainage directions determine where water leaves the PIQ, possibly impacting surrounding natural resources.

Watershed information is given for changing land use to a subdivision type of development on parcels greater than 10 acres.

WHAT IS A WATERSHED?

Simply stated, a watershed is the area of land that contributes water to a certain point. The watershed boundary is important because the area of land in the watershed can now be calculated using an irregular shape area calculator such as a dot counter or planimeter.

Using regional storm event information, and site-specific soils and land use information, the peak stormwater flow through the point marked "O" for a specified storm event can be calculated. This value is called a "Q" value (for the given storm event) and is measured in cubic feet per second (CFS).

When construction occurs, the Q value naturally increases because of the increase in impermeable surfaces. This process decreases the ability of soils to accept and temporarily hold water. Therefore, more water runs off and increases the Q value.

Theoretically, if each development, no matter how large or small, maintains their preconstruction Q value after construction by the installation of stormwater management systems, the streams and wetlands and lakes will not suffer damage from excessive urban stormwater.

For this reason, the Kendall County SWCD recommends that the developer for intense uses such as a subdivision calculate the preconstruction Q value for the exit point(s). A stormwater management system

should be designed, installed, and maintained to limit the postconstruction Q value to be at or below the preconstruction value.

IMPORTANCE OF FLOOD INFORMATION

A floodplain is defined as land adjoining a watercourse (riverine) or an inland depression (non-riverine) that is subject to periodic inundation by high water. Floodplains are important areas demanding protection since they have water storage and conveyance functions which affect upstream and downstream flows, water quality and quantity, and suitability of the land for human activity. Since floodplains play distinct and vital roles in the hydrologic cycle, development that interferes with their hydrologic and biologic functions should be carefully considered.

Flooding is both dangerous to people and destructive to their properties. The following maps, when combined with wetland and topographic information, can help developers and future homeowners to "sidestep" potential flooding or ponding problems.

FIRM is the acronym for the Flood Insurance Rate Map, produced by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). These maps define flood elevation adjacent to tributaries and major bodies of water and superimpose that onto a simplified USGS topographic map. The scale of the FIRM maps is generally dependent on the size and density of parcels in that area. (This is to correctly determine the parcel location and floodplain location.) The FIRM map has three (3) zones. Zone A includes the 100-year flood, Zone B or Zone X (shaded) is the 100 to 500-year flood, and Zone C or Zone X (unshaded) is outside the floodplain.

The Hydrologic Atlas (H.A.) Series of the Flood of Record Map is also used for the topographic information. This map is different from the FIRM map mainly because it will show isolated or pocketed flooded areas. Kendall County uses both these maps in conjunction with each other for flooded area determinations. The Flood of Record maps show the areas of flood for various years. Both maps <u>stress</u> that the recurrence of flooding is merely statistical. A 100-year flood may occur twice in one year, or twice in one week, for that matter.

It should be noted that greater floods than those shown on the two maps are possible. The flood boundaries indicated provide a historic record only until the map publication date. Additionally, these flood boundaries are a function of the watershed conditions existing when the maps were produced. Cumulative changes in runoff characteristics caused by urbanization can result in an increase in flood height of future flood episodes.

Floodplains play a vital role in reducing the flood damage potential associated with an urbanizing area and, when left in an undisturbed state, also provide valuable wildlife habitat benefits. If it is the petitioner's intent to conduct floodplain filling or modification activities, the petitioner, and the Unit of Government responsible need to consider the potentially adverse effects this type of action could have on adjacent properties. The change or loss of natural floodplain storage often increases the frequency and severity of flooding on adjacent property.

If the available maps indicate the presence of a floodplain on the PIQ, the petitioner should contact the IDOT-OWR and FEMA to delineate a floodplain elevation for the parcel. If a portion of the property is indeed floodplain, applicable state, county, and local regulations will need to be reflected in the site plans.

Another indication of flooding potential can be found in the soils information. Hydric soils indicate the presence of drainageways, areas subject to ponding, or a naturally occurring high water table. These need to be considered along with the floodplain information when developing the site plan and the stormwater management plan. Development on hydric soils can contribute to the loss of water storage within the soil and the potential for increased flooding in the area.

This parcel is located on topography (slopes 0 to 5%) that generally decreases from north to south and an elevation range of approximately 635'-654' above sea level. According to the FEMA Floodplain Map, the parcel in question does not contain floodway or floodplain. The parcel drains predominantly to the south with the land north of the existing building draining to the north.

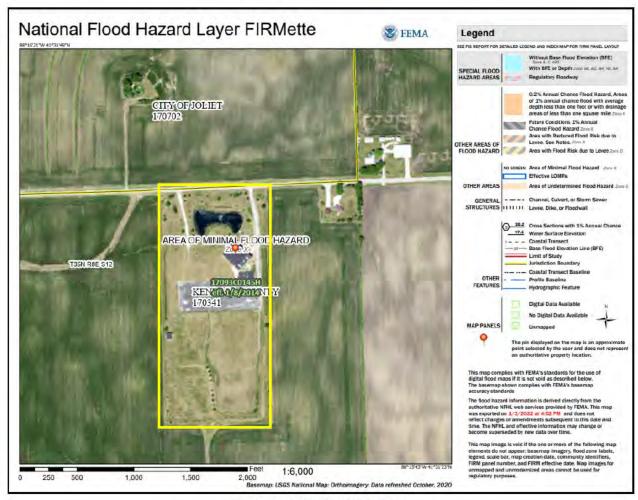


Figure 8: FEMA Floodplain Map

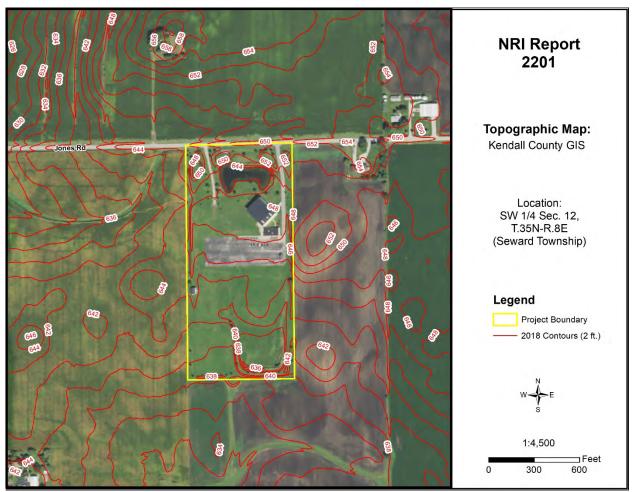


Figure 9: Topographic Map

WATERSHED PLANS

WATERSHED AND SUB WATERSHED INFORMATION

A watershed is the area of land that drains into a specific point including a stream, lake, or other body of water. High points on the Earth's surface, such as hills and ridges define watersheds. When rain falls in the watershed, it flows across the ground towards a stream or lake. Rainwater carries pollutants such as oils, pesticides, and soil.

Everyone lives in a watershed. Their actions can impact natural resources and people living downstream. Residents can minimize this impact by being aware of their environment and the implications of their activities, implementing practices recommended in watershed plans, and educating others about their watershed.

The following are recommendations to developers for protection of this watershed:

- Preserve open space
- Maintain wetlands as part of development
- Use natural water management
- Prevent soil from leaving a construction site
- Protect subsurface drainage
- Use native vegetation
- Retain natural features
- Mix housing styles and types
- Decrease impervious surfaces
- Reduce area disturbed by mass grading
- Shrink lot size and create more open space
- Maintain historical and cultural resources
- Treat water where it falls
- Preserve views
- Establish and link trails

This parcel is located within the Upper Illinois River watershed and near the border of the East Branch and the Minooka Branch Aux Sable Creek sub watersheds.

WETLAND INFORMATION

IMPORTANCE OF WETLAND INFORMATION

Wetlands function in many ways to provide numerous benefits to society. They control flooding by offering a slow release of excess water downstream or through the soil. They cleanse water by filtering out sediment and some pollutants and can function as rechargers of our valuable groundwater. They also are essential breeding, rearing, and feeding grounds for many species of wildlife.

These benefits are particularly valuable in urbanizing areas as development activity typically adversely affects water quality, increases the volume of stormwater runoff, and increases the demand for groundwater. In an area where many individual homes rely on shallow groundwater wells for domestic water supplies, activities that threaten potential groundwater recharge areas are contrary to the public good. The conversion of wetlands, with their sediment trapping and nutrient absorbing vegetation, to biologically barren stormwater detention ponds can cause additional degradation of water quality in downstream or adjacent areas.

It has been estimated that over 95% of the wetlands that were historically present in Illinois have been destroyed while only recently has the true environmental significance of wetlands been fully recognized. America is losing 100,000 acres of wetland a year and has saved 5 million acres total (since 1934). One acre of wetland can filter 7.3 million gallons of water a year. These are reasons why our wetlands are high quality and important.

This section contains the NRCS (Natural Resources Conservation Service) Wetlands Inventory, which is the most comprehensive inventory to date. The NRCS Wetlands Inventory is reproduced from an aerial photo at a scale of 1" equals 660 feet. The NRCS developed these maps in cooperation with U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency,) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, using the National Food Security Act Manual, 3rd Edition. The main purpose of these maps is to determine wetland areas on agricultural fields and areas that may be wetlands but are in a non-agriculture setting.

The NRCS Wetlands Inventory in no way gives an exact delineation of the wetlands, but merely an outline, or the determination that there is a wetland within the outline. For the final, most accurate wetland **determination** of a specific wetland, a wetland **delineation** must be certified by NRCS staff using the National Food Security Act Manual (on agricultural land.) On urban land, a certified wetland delineator must perform the delineation using the ACOE 1987 Manual. See the glossary section for the definitions of "delineation" and "determination.



Figure 10: Wetland Map - USFWS National Wetland Inventory

Office maps indicate that mapped wetlands are not present on the parcel in question (PIQ).

HYDRIC SOILS

Soils information gives another indication of flooding potential. The soils map on the following page indicates the soil(s) on the parcel that the Natural Resources Conservation Service indicates as hydric. Hydric soils, by definition, have seasonal high water at or near the soil surface and/or have potential flooding or ponding problems. All hydric soils range from poorly suited to unsuitable for building. One group of the hydric soils are the organic soils, which formed from dead organic material. Organic soils are unsuitable for building because of not only the high water table but also their subsidence problems.

It is important to add the possibility of hydric inclusions in a soil type. An inclusion is a soil polygon that is too small to appear on these maps. While relatively insignificant for agricultural use, hydric soil inclusions become more important to more intense uses such as a residential subdivision.

While considering hydric soils and hydric inclusions, it is noteworthy to mention that subsurface agriculture drainage tile occurs in almost all poorly drained and somewhat poorly drained soils. Drainage tile expedites drainage and facilitates farming. It is imperative that these drainage tiles remain undisturbed. A damaged subsurface drainage tile may return original hydrologic conditions to all the areas that drained through the tile (ranging from less than one acre to many square miles.)

For an intense land use, such as a subdivision, the Kendall County SWCD recommends the following: a topographical survey with 1 foot contour intervals to accurately define the flood area on the parcel, an intensive soil survey to define most accurately the locations of the hydric soils and inclusions, and a drainage tile survey on the area to locate the tiles that must be preserved to maintain subsurface drainage.

Table 10: Hydric Soils

Soil Types	Drainage Class	Hydric	Hydric Inclusions Likely	Acreage	Percent
356A	Poorly Drained	Designation Hydric	No	1.1	4.4%
541B	Moderately Well Drained	Non-Hydric	Yes	23.1	92.0%
541B2	Moderately Well Drained	Non-Hydric	Yes	0.6	2.4%
614A	Somewhat Poorly Drained	Non-Hydric	Yes	0.3	1.2%

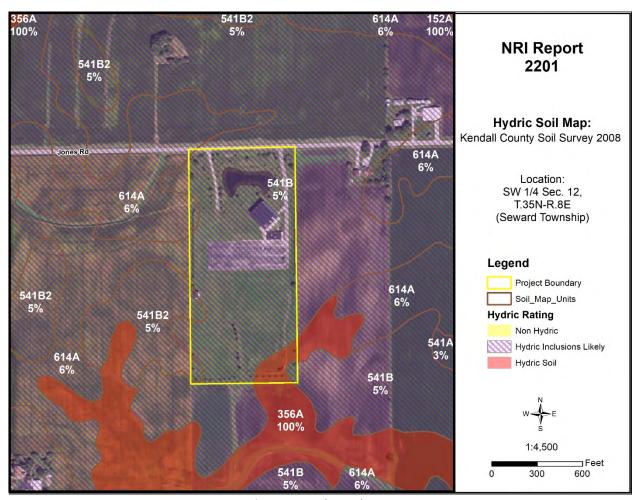


Figure 11: Hydric Soil Map

WETLAND AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING IF YOU ARE PLANNING TO DO ANY WORK NEAR A STREAM (THIS INCLUDES SMALL UNNAMED STREAMS), LAKE, WETLAND OR FLOODWAY.

The laws of the United States and the State of Illinois assign certain agencies specific and different regulatory roles to protect the waters within the State's boundaries. These roles, when considered together, include protection of navigation channels and harbors, protection against floodway encroachments, maintenance and enhancement of water quality, protection of fish and wildlife habitat and recreational resources, and, in general, the protection of total public interest. Unregulated use of the waters within the State of Illinois could permanently destroy or alter the character of these valuable resources and adversely impact the public. Therefore, please contact the proper regulatory authorities when planning any work associated with Illinois waters so that proper consideration and approval can be obtained.

WHO MUST APPLY?

Anyone proposing to dredge, fill, rip rap, or otherwise alter the banks or beds of, or construct, operate, or maintain any dock, pier, wharf, sluice, dam, piling, wall, fence, utility, floodplain or floodway subject to State or Federal regulatory jurisdiction should apply for agency approvals.

REGULATORY AGENCIES

- Wetland or U.S. Waters: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Clock Tower Building, Rock Island, IL
- **Floodplains**: Illinois Department of Natural Resources/Office of Water Resources, One Natural Resources Way, Springfield, IL 62702-1270.
- Water Quality/Erosion Control: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, Springfield, IL

COORDINATION

We recommend early coordination with the regulatory agencies <u>BEFORE</u> finalizing work plans. This allows the agencies to recommend measures to mitigate or compensate for adverse impacts. Also, the agency can make possible environmental enhancement provisions early in the project planning stages. This could reduce time required to process necessary approvals.

CAUTION: Contact with the United States Army Corps of Engineers is strongly advised before commencement of any work in or near a Waters of the United States. This could save considerable time and expense. Persons responsible for willful and direct violation of Section 10 of the River and Harbor Act of 1899 or Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act are subject to fines ranging up to \$27,500 per day of violation and imprisonment for up to one year or both.

GLOSSARY

AGRICULTURAL PROTECTION AREAS (AG AREAS) - Allowed by P.A. 81-1173. An AG AREA consists of a minimum of 350 acres of farmland, as contiguous and compact as possible. Petitioned by landowners, AG AREAS protect for a period of ten years initially, then reviewed every eight years thereafter. AG AREA establishment exempts landowners from local nuisance ordinances directed at farming operations, and designated land cannot receive special tax assessments on public improvements that do not benefit the land, e.g. water and sewer lines.

AGRICULTURE - The growing, harvesting and storing of crops including legumes, hay, grain, fruit and truck or vegetable including dairying, poultry, swine, sheep, beef cattle, pony and horse production, fur farms, and fish and wildlife farms; farm buildings used for growing, harvesting and preparing crop products for market, or for use on the farm; roadside stands, farm buildings for storing and protecting farm machinery and equipment from the elements, for housing livestock or poultry and for preparing livestock or poultry products for market; farm dwellings occupied by farm owners, operators, tenants or seasonal or year around hired farm workers.

B.G. - Below Grade. Under the surface of the Earth.

BEDROCK - Indicates depth at which bedrock occurs. Also lists hardness as rippable or hard.

FLOODING - Indicates frequency, duration, and period during year when floods are likely to occur.

HIGH LEVEL MANAGEMENT - The application of effective practices adapted to different crops, soils, and climatic conditions. Such practices include providing for adequate soil drainage, protection from flooding, erosion and runoff control, near optimum tillage, and planting the correct kind and amount of high-quality seed. Weeds, diseases, and harmful insects are controlled. Favorable soil reaction and near optimum levels of available nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium for individual crops are maintained. Efficient use is made of available crop residues, barnyard manure, and/or green manure crops. All operations, when combined efficiently and timely, can create favorable growing conditions and reduce harvesting losses -- within limits imposed by weather.

HIGH WATER TABLE - A seasonal high water table is a zone of saturation at the highest average depth during the wettest part of the year. May be apparent, perched, or artesian kinds of water tables.

- Water table, Apparent: A thick zone of free water in the soil. An apparent water table is indicated
 by the level at which water stands in an uncased borehole after adequate time is allowed for
 adjustment in the surrounding soil.
- Water table, Artesian: A water table under hydrostatic head, generally beneath an impermeable layer. When this layer is penetrated, the water level rises in an uncased borehole.
- Water table, Perched: A water table standing above an unsaturated zone. In places an upper, or perched, water table is separated from a lower one by a dry zone.

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DELINEATION - For Wetlands: A series of orange flags placed on the ground by a certified professional that outlines the wetland boundary on a parcel.

DETERMINATION - A polygon drawn on a map using map information that gives an outline of a wetland.

HYDRIC SOIL - This type of soil is saturated, flooded, or ponded long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service 1987).

INTENSIVE SOIL MAPPING - Mapping done on a smaller more intensive scale than a modern soil survey to determine soil properties of a specific site, e.g. mapping for septic suitability.

LAND EVALUATION AND SITE ASSESSMENT (L.E.S.A.) - LESA is a systematic approach for evaluating a parcel of land and to determine a numerical value for the parcel for farmland preservation purposes.

MODERN SOIL SURVEY - A soil survey is a field investigation of the soils of a specific area, supported by information from other sources. The kinds of soil in the survey area are identified and their extent shown on a map, and an accompanying report describes, defines, classifies, and interprets the soils. Interpretations predict the behavior of the soils under different used and the soils' response to management. Predictions are made for areas of soil at specific places. Soils information collected in a soil survey is useful in developing land-use plans and alternatives involving soil management systems and in evaluating and predicting the effects of land use.

PALUSTRINE - Name given to inland freshwater wetlands.

PERMEABILITY - Values listed estimate the range (in rate and time) it takes for downward movement of water in the major soil layers when saturated but allowed to drain freely. The estimates are based on soil texture, soil structure, available data on permeability and infiltration tests, and observation of water movement through soils or other geologic materials.

PIQ - Parcel in question

POTENTIAL FROST ACTION - Damage that may occur to structures and roads due to ice lens formation causing upward and lateral soil movement. Based primarily on soil texture and wetness.

PRIME FARMLAND - Prime farmland soils are lands that are best suited to food, feed, forage, fiber and oilseed crops. It may be cropland, pasture, woodland, or other land, but it is not urban and built up land or water areas. It either is used for food or fiber or is available for those uses. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for a well-managed soil economically to produce a sustained high yield of crops. Prime farmland produces in highest yields with minimum inputs of energy and economic resources and farming the land results in the least damage to the environment. Prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation. The temperature and growing season are favorable. The level of acidity or alkalinity is acceptable. Prime farmland has few or no rocks and is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated

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with water for long periods and is not frequently flooded during the growing season. The slope ranges mainly from 0 to 5 percent (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service).

PRODUCTIVITY INDEXES - Productivity indexes for grain crops express the estimated yields of the major grain crops grown in Illinois as a single percentage of the average yields obtained under basic management from several of the more productive soils in the state. This group of soils is composed of the Muscatine, Ipava, Sable, Lisbon, Drummer, Flanagan, Littleton, Elburn and Joy soils. Each of the 425 soils found in Illinois are found in Circular 1156 from the Illinois Cooperative Extension Service.

SEASONAL - When used in reference to wetlands indicates that the area is flooded only during a portion of the year.

SHRINK-SWELL POTENTIAL - Indicates volume changes to be expected for the specific soil material with changes in moisture content.

SOIL MAPPING UNIT - A map unit is a collection of soil areas of miscellaneous areas delineated in mapping. A map unit is generally an aggregate of the delineations of many different bodies of a kind of soil or miscellaneous area but may consist of only one delineated body. Taxonomic class names and accompanying phase terms are used to name soil map units. They are described in terms of ranges of soil properties within the limits defined for taxa and in terms of ranges of taxadjuncts and inclusions.

SOIL SERIES - A group of soils, formed from a particular type of parent material, having horizons that, except for texture of the A or surface horizon, are similar in all profile characteristics and in arrangement in the soil profile. Among these characteristics are color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, and mineralogical and chemical composition.

SUBSIDENCE - Applies mainly to organic soils after drainage. Soil material subsides due to shrinkage and oxidation.

TERRAIN - The area or surface over which a particular rock or group of rocks is prevalent.

TOPSOIL - That portion of the soil profile where higher concentrations of organic material, fertility, bacterial activity and plant growth take place. Depths of topsoil vary between soil types.

WATERSHED - An area of land that drains to an associated water resource such as a wetland, river or lake. Depending on the size and topography, watersheds can contain numerous tributaries, such as streams and ditches, and ponding areas such as detention structures, natural ponds and wetlands.

WETLAND - An area that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient enough to support, and under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

REFERENCES

Hydric Soils of the United States. USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2007.

<u>DFIRM – Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Kendall County.</u> Prepared by FEMA – Federal Emergency Management Agency.

<u>Hydrologic Unit Map for Kendall County.</u> Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

<u>Land Evaluation and Site Assessment System.</u> The Kendall County Department of Planning Building and Zoning, and The Kendall County Soil and Water Conservation District. In cooperation with: USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

<u>Soil Survey of Kendall County</u>. United States Department of Agriculture 2008, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Illinois Urban Manual. Association of Illinois Soil & Water Conservation Districts, 2020.

Kendall County Land Atlas and Plat Book. 21st Edition, 2021.

<u>Potential For Contamination of Shallow Aquifers from Land Burial of Municipal Wastes</u>. Illinois State Geological Survey.

<u>Natural Resources Conservation Service National Wetland Inventory Map.</u> United States Department of Agriculture.

<u>Geologic Road Map of Illinois.</u> Department of Natural Resources, Illinois State Geological Survey, Natural Resources Building, 615 East Peabody, Champaign IL 61820-6964.

Wetlands - The Corps of Engineers' Administration of the Section 404 Program (GAO/RCED-88-110).

<u>Soil Erosion by Water</u> - United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Agriculture Information Bulletin 513.

<u>The Conservation of Biological Diversity in the Great Lakes Ecosystem: Issues and Opportunities</u>, prepared by the Nature Conservancy Great Lakes Program 79W. Monroe Street, Suite 1309, Chicago, IL 60603, January 1994.

MINUTES – UNOFFICIAL UNTIL APPROVED KENDALL COUNTY

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS MEETING

111 WEST FOX STREET, COUNTY BOARD ROOM (ROOMS 209 and 210)
YORKVILLE, IL 60560

January 31, 2022 - 7:00 p.m.

CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Randy Mohr called the Zoning Board of Appeals meeting to order at 7:00 p.m.

ROLL CALL:

Members Present: Cliff Fox, Tom LeCuyer, Randy Mohr, Dick Thompson, Anne Vickery, and Dick

Whitfield

Members Absent: Scott Cherry

Staff Present: Matthew Asselmeier, AICP, CFM, Senior Planner

Others Present: None

MINUTES:

Member LeCuyer made a motion, seconded by Member Fox, to approve the minutes of the December 13, 2021, hearing/meeting.

With a voice vote of six (6) ayes, the motion carried.

PETITIONS

The Zoning Board of Appeals started their review of Petition 21-49, 22-01, 22-03, and 22-04 at 7:00 p.m.

Petition 21 – 49 – Irma Loya Quezada

Request: Map Amendment Rezoning the Subject Property from A-1 Agricultural District to R-1

One Family Residential District

PINs: 09-18-300-018 (Part) and 09-18-300-019 (Part)

Location: On the East Side of Brisbin Road Across from 14859 and 14975 Brisbin Road, Seward

Township

Purpose: Petitioner Wants to Rezone the Property in Order to Divide the Property and Construct

Two Homes

Petition 22 – 01 – Jose and Silvia Martinez

Request: Special Use Permit for a Landscaping Business, Variance to Section 7:01.D.30.b to Allow

a Landscaping Business a Non-State, County, or Collector Highway as Defined by the Kendall County Land Resource Management Plan, and Variance to Section 11:02.F.7.b of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance to Allow a Driveway Zero Feet from the Southern

Property Line

PINs: 03-12-100-004 and 03-12-100-013 Location: 1038 Harvey Road, Oswego Township

Purpose: Petitioner Wants to Operate a Landscaping Business at the Subject Property; Property is

Zoned A-1

Petition 22 – 03 – Executive Pastor Sean Mabee on Behalf of Grace Bible Church of Shorewood and Fire Chief Andrew Doyle on Behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District

Request: Special Use Permit for a Governmental Building or Facility (Fire Station) and the

Revocation of a Special Use Permit for a Church Granted by Ordinance 2004-24

PIN: 09-12-300-017

Location: 748 Jones Road, Seward Township

Purpose: Petitioners Want to Operate a Fire Station and Remove the Special Use Permit for a

Church at the Subject Property; Property is Zoned A-1

Petition 22 – 04 – John and Laura Gay

Request: Major Amendment to an Existing Special Use Permit for a Kennel Granted by Ordinance

2019-33 by Changing the Site Plan

PIN: 03-28-100-004

Location: 3601 Plainfield Road, Oswego Township

Purpose: Petitioner Wants to Change the Orientation of the Building, Change the Access Point on

Plainfield Road, Move the Parking Area, and Change the Layout of the Turnaround Area;

Property is Zoned A-1

Mr. Asselmeier stated a quorum was not present at the January 26, 2022, Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting. He requested the hearings for the Petitions be continued to February 28, 2022, at 7:00 p.m.

Member Vickery made a motion, seconded by Member LeCuyer, to continue the hearings for Petitions 21-49, 22-01, 22-03, and 22-04 to February 28, 2022, at 7:00 p.m.

The votes were as follows:

Ayes (6): Fox, LeCuyer, Mohr, Thompson, Vickery, and Whitfield

Nays (0): None Abstain (0): None Absent (1): Cherry

The motion passed.

The Zoning Board of Appeals completed their review of Petitions 21-49, 22-01, 22-03, and 22-04 at 7:01 p.m.

NEW BUSINESS/OLD BUSINESS

Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Annual Meeting-February 5, 2022 at 9:00 A.M. Mr. Asselmeier reported the date and time of the Annual Meeting.

REVIEW OF PETITIONS THAT WENT TO THE COUNTY BOARD

Mr. Asselmeier reported that Petitions 21-37, 21-38, 21-40, 21-41, and 21-46 were approved by the County Board.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

Mr. Asselmeier reported there were no additional Petitions for the February hearing.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Member LeCuyer made a motion, seconded by Member Thompson, to adjourn.

With a voice vote of six (6) ayes, the motion carried.

The Zoning Board of Appeals meeting adjourned at 7:02 p.m.

The next hearing/meeting will be on February 28, 2022.

Respectfully submitted by, Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner

Exhibits

- 1. Memo on Petitions 21-49, 22-01, 22-03, and 22-04 Dated January 27, 2022
- 2. Certificate of Publication for Petition 21-49 (Not Included with Report but on file in Planning, Building and Zoning Office)
- 3. Certificate of Publication and Certified Mail Receipts for Petition 22-01 (Not Included with Report but on file in Planning, Building and Zoning Office)
- 4. Certificate of Publication and Certified Mail Receipts for Petition 22-03 (Not Included with Report but on file in Planning, Building and Zoning Office)
- 5. Certificate of Publication and Certified Mail Receipts for Petition 22-04 (Not Included with Report but on file in Planning, Building and Zoning Office)



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, BUILDING & ZONING

111 West Fox Street • Room 204 Yorkville, IL • 60560 (630) 553-4141 Fax (630) 553-4179

MEMORANDUM

To: Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals

From: Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM, Senior Planner

Date: January 27, 2022

Re: Petitions 21-49, 22-01, 22-03, and 22-04

The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission did not have a quorum for their January 26, 2022, meeting. As such, the Commission was unable to review at issue recommendations on the subject Petitions.

Accordingly, Staff requests that the Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals meets as scheduled on January 31, 2022, and votes to continue the hearings on the subject Petitions to February 28, 2022, at 7:00 p.m.

As of the date of this memo, the subject Petitions would be the only Petitions on the February 28th agenda.

If you have any questions regarding this memo, please let me know.

MHA

Attachment 12 KENDALL COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Kendall County Office Building Rooms 209 and 210 111 W. Fox Street, Yorkville, Illinois

Meeting Minutes of January 26, 2022 - 7:00 p.m.

Chairman Ashton called the meeting to order at 7:10 p.m.

ROLL CALL

Members Present: Bill Ashton, Tom Casey, Claire Wilson, and Seth Wormley

Members Absent: Roger Bledsoe, Dave Hamman, Karin McCarthy-Lange, Larry Nelson, Ruben Rodriguez,

and Bob Stewart

Staff Present: Matthew H. Asselmeier, Senior Planner

Others Present: Dan Kramer, Anne Vickery, Pete Fleming, Laruin Family, Dustin Walzer, Jim Martin, Judd

Lofchie, Andrew Doyle, Patti Bernhard, Lee Bryan, and Tom Green

ADJOURNMENT

Due to an absence of a quorum, the Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting adjourned at 7:10 p.m.

Respectfully submitted by, Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner

Attachment 13, Page 1 KENDALL COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Kendall County Office Building Rooms 209 and 210 111 W. Fox Street, Yorkville, Illinois

Unapproved - Meeting Minutes of February 23, 2022 - 7:00 p.m.

Vice Chairman Rodriguez called the meeting to order at 7:01 p.m.

ROLL CALL

Members Present: Tom Casey, Dave Hamman, Karin McCarthy-Lange, Larry Nelson, Ruben Rodriguez, Bob

Stewart, Claire Wilson (Arrived at 7:03 p.m.), and Seth Wormley

Members Absent: Bill Ashton

Staff Present: Matthew H. Asselmeier, Senior Planner

Others Present: Miguel Angel Fernandez, Larson Family, Rusty Kamp, Robert Schwartz, Aaron Klima, Patti

Bernhard, and Tom Green

PETITIONS

<u>Petition 22-03 Executive Pastor Sean Mabee on Behalf of Grace Bible Church of Shorewood and Fire Chief Andrew Doyle on Behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District</u>

Mr. Asselmeier summarized the request.

In July 2004, the Kendall County Board granted a special use permit for a church at the subject property. The property was for sale and the Troy Fire Protection District would like to purchase the property in order to construct a new fire station and training facility.

The application materials, plat of survey, site plan, renderings of some of the proposed buildings, Ordinance 2004-24 and the aerial of the property were provided.

The property is located at 748 Jones Road.

The property is approximately twenty-five (25) acres in size.

The Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Suburban Residential (Max 1.00 DU/Acre). The Village of Shorewood's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Residential.

Jones Road is maintained by the City of Joliet at this property. Jones Road is Minor Collector maintained by Seward Township in the unincorporated area. Shorewood has a north-south road planned near the subject property.

There are no trails planned in the area.

There are no floodplains or wetlands on the property.

The adjacent land uses are Agricultural and Farmstead.

The adjacent properties are zoned R-1 B Single-Family Residential inside Joliet and A-1 in the unincorporated area.

The Land Resource Management Plan calls for the area to be Suburban Residential. Shorewood's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to be Residential and Commercial. Joliet's Future Land Use Map calls for this area to Residential with 2.5 DU/Acre for single-family and 3.0 DU/Acre for mixed use.

The zoning districts within one half (1/2) mile are R-1 B, B-2 and B-3 inside Joliet and A-1 in the unincorporated area.

Six homes plus several homes in the Hunters Ridge Subdivision inside the City of Joliet are located within one half (1/2) mile of the property.

EcoCAT Report was submitted on December 17, 2021, and consultation was terminated.

The NRI application was submitted on December 17, 2021. The LESA Score was 183 indicating low level of protection. The NRI Report was provided.

Petition information was sent to Seward Township on December 23, 2021. The Seward Township Planning Commission reviewed this proposal on January 4, 2022. They recommended approval by a vote of four (4) in favor and zero (0) in opposition. The minutes of the meeting were provided.

Petition information was sent to the Village of Shorewood on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 3 required an annexation agreement with Shorewood that did not occur. At the ZPAC meeting, the Village of Shorewood requested an annexation agreement with the Petitioners; the Petitioners were agreeable to the request. Mr. Asselmeier read an email from Chief Andrew Doyle regarding the status of the annexation agreement negotiations.

Petition information was sent to the City of Joliet on December 23, 2021. In the special use permit for the church, condition 4 required the church to develop a time table for improvements to Jones Road. The City of Joliet supplied information regarding planned improvements to Jones Road. This information was provided. The Petitioners agreed to establish an escrow account with the City of Joliet to cover the cost for some of the improvements to Jones Road. Mr. Asselmeier read an email from Chief Andrew Doyle regarding the status of the escrow account.

ZPAC reviewed the proposal on January 4, 2022. The Health Department noted a change of use would be necessary for the property. They requested the septic area be protected and to secure appropriate permits for the well based on the usage of the property. A fire suppression system would be installed in the existing buildings. The Petitioners would provide information regarding the brightness of lights. The fire equipment would not use their horns at night unless there were vehicles on the road. ZPAC recommended approval of the proposal with the conditions proposed by Staff, a requirement that an escrow be paid to Joliet and an annexation agreement was secured with Shorewood by a vote of seven (7) in favor and zero (0) in opposition. The minutes of the meeting were provided.

The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission did not have quorum for their meeting on January 26, 2022.

The Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals started a public hearing on this proposal on January 31, 2022. The hearing was continued to February 28, 2022. The minutes of the January 31, 2022, meeting were provided.

The Troy Fire Protection District plans to convert the property into a fire station and training facility. The fire station would be staffed twenty-four (24) hours per day and would serve as the District's third (3rd) fire station. The station would have a maximum of eight (8) firefighters.

The indoor training facility would be housed in the existing four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot building. The building will have four (4) classrooms and one (1) office. Three (3) of the classrooms can hold twenty (20) students and the other classroom can hold fifty-two (52) students. The total number of students and instructors would be a maximum of one hundred twenty (120). Hours of operations would be Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m. and Saturdays and Sundays from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.

The outside training area and tower would be used for live fire training, non-live fire training, search and rescue, and technical rescue. The hours of operation for this site would be the same as the hours of operation for the indoor training facility. The total number of students and instructors at this site would be twenty (20).

The total maximum occupancy of all of the classrooms, training tower site, and fire station employees would be one hundred forty-eight (140).

The District currently holds a Basic Operations Fire Academy in partnership with Joliet Junior College at Fire Station #1. This course would be moved to the subject property.

According to the site plan, a proposed boat dock for water training is planned south of the retention pond. No information was provided regarding any trainings that may occur at this portion of the property.

According to the site plan, the property presently consists of one (1) one (1) story eighteen thousand two hundred (18,200) square foot building used as a church. This building would be converted to the fire station. One (1) one (1) story four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot accessory building will be converted to office and classrooms. One (1) pre-engineered building presently located on the southwest corner of the property would be moved next to the outdoor training area.

The renderings for the fire station and office classroom building were provided. At its highest point, the façade of the fire station will be fifty-four feet (54') tall. Three (3) bays will exist for fire apparatus. There will also be at least one (1) door on each side of the building. There will not be any windows on the east side of the building except by the door. The office/training building will have one (1) door on the east side of the building and windows on all sides.

The site plan calls for a training pad area west of the existing main building. This area will have a forty foot (40') tall training tower, a storage area, fire investigation area, and a SCBA trailer. The training tower will be approximately sixty feet (60') long and thirty feet (30') feet wide. The rendering of the training tower were provided. The storage area will be an open area for the storage of pallets and straw bales and will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, forty feet (40') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The fire investigation area will also be an open area for trainings/scenarios. This area will be approximately sixteen feet (16') long, twenty feet (20') wide, and eight feet (8') feet in height. The trailer will be used to store breathing apparatus and will be approximately eight feet (8') wide, fifty-three feet (53') long, and fourteen feet (14') in height.

Any structures related to the proposed operations would be required to obtain applicable building permits.

The property is served by well and septic.

One (1) trash enclosure area is shown on the site plan. The Petitioners' intent would be to use this area to house one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster.

KCRPC Meeting Minutes 02.23.22

Per, the plat of survey, most of the property drains to the south. The area north of the existing church building drains towards the retention pond.

The site plan called for the enlargement of the retention pond. The exact enlargement of the pond has not been determined and will be based on the ground and earth in the area. A stormwater management permit will be required for the expansion.

Per the plat of survey, the property has two access points off of Jones Road. The eastern drive is asphalt and the western drive is gravel. Per the site plan, the eastern drive will be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround area; the remainder of the eastern drive will be asphalt. The western drive will concrete.

According to the site plan, one (1) three hundred (300) parking space asphalt parking lot is located on the property. Per the Americans with Disabilities Act, seven (7) handicapped parking spaces are required for a parking lot with this number of parking spaces; one (1) additional handicapped parking space is needed. The Petitioners indicated that seven (7) handicapped parking spaces presently exist at the property. The parking lot will be resurfaced.

Per the site plan, a portion of the eastern drive will be turned to concrete, a new apron will be installed, and the drive will be altered to provide direct access to the fire apparatus bays.

According to the plat of survey, there are four (4) existing light poles in the parking lot. Each pole has four (4) lights. There is also one (1) additional light pole by the northeast corner of the existing church. There are also lights pointing downwards above each door of the existing church.

According to the site plan, one (1) digital ground sign is proposed west of the eastern entrance. This sign will be a maximum of ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') tall. The sign will be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output will be reduced to fifty percent (50%) at 10:00 p.m. Per Section 12:08.A.2.a, signs at public safety facilities are exempt from the requirement to turn off illuminated signs at 11:00 p.m.

Per the renderings, the number 3 will be placed above the bays for the fire apparatus on the north side of the building and a Troy FPD 3 sign will be installed on the west side of building. The letters will be three feet (3') tall and the signs will be backlit with LED lights.

The site plan shows one (1) new steel double gate at the entrance of the western driveway. The site plan also shows the western end of parking lot fenced and gated. This fence will be chain link with slats at six feet (6') in height.

Both the plat of survey and the site plan show numerous existing trees, arborvitae, and other vegetation throughout the property. No information was provided regarding the types or numbers of the various planting currently placed on the property. Section 11:02.F.8 provides screening requirements for parking lots with more than twenty (20) parking spaces. These requirements are presently met. The Petitioners' intention is to keep all of the existing vegetation onsite except for those plantings in the new concrete apron area, new training pad area, and pond extension area.

The site plan shows five (5) new turf berms. The berms would be a maximum slope of three to one (3:1). The minimum height of the berms shall be five feet (5'). The trees planted on top of the berms would be arborvitae, spruce, or other similar tree. The berms would be installed at the same time the pond is dug with trees planted after completion of the berms.

The Petitioners plan to have emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers on the property. These items will not be broadcast or used outside of the buildings between 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.

All training burns should occur inside the training tower. No other burning or odor causing activities are foreseen at the property.

If approved, this would be the first (1st) special use permit for a fire station in the unincorporated area. This would be the fifth (5th) special use permit for a government facility in the unincorporated area; the others are highway related or government office related.

The proposed Findings of Fact were as follows:

That the establishment, maintenance, or operation of the special use will not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Provided the site is developed in accordance with the submitted site plan and provided that conditions are included in the special use permit to mitigate outside noise, odor, and lighting, the proposed use should not be detrimental or endanger the public health, safety, morals, comfort, or general welfare. Placing a fire station at this location, with trained first responders, should enhance the public safety of the area.

That the special use will not be substantially injurious to the use and enjoyment of other property in the immediate vicinity for the purposes already permitted, nor substantially diminish and impair property values within the neighborhood. The Zoning classification of property within the general area of the property in question shall be considered in determining consistency with this standard. The proposed use shall make adequate provisions for appropriate buffers, landscaping, fencing, lighting, building materials, open space and other improvements necessary to insure that the proposed use does not adversely impact adjacent uses and is compatible with the surrounding area and/or the County as a whole. Appropriate restrictions should be placed in the special use permit to regulate outside noise, odors, and lighting. It is acknowledged that a fire station could produce noise, particularly sirens, at any point in time. Landscaping is incorporated in the controlling site plan for the property. Presently, very few house are located within a half mile of the property. The neighboring property owners should not suffer loss in property values caused by the placement of this use.

That adequate utilities, access roads and points of ingress and egress, drainage, and/or other necessary facilities have been or are being provided. Provided the City of Joliet and Seward Township have no concerns regarding the use of Jones Road for the purposes of a fire station, adequate roads are provided. Adequate utilities are onsite or will be upgraded. Drainage issues shall be addressed as part of the stormwater management permit for the property.

That the special use shall in all other respects conform to the applicable regulations of the district in which it is located, except as such regulations may in each instance be modified by the County Board pursuant to the recommendation of the Zoning Board of Appeals. This is true; no variances are needed.

That the special use is consistent with the purpose and objectives of the Land Resource Management Plan and other adopted County or municipal plans and policies. True, the proposal is consistent with the goals and objectives included in the Public Safety section found on pages 4-10 and 4-11 of the Kendall County Land Resource Management Plan.

Staff recommended approval of the request special use permit subject to the following conditions and restrictions:

- 1. The special use permit granted by Ordinance 2004-24 is hereby revoked and Ordinance 2004-24 is repealed in its entirety.
- 2. The site shall be developed substantially in accordance with the plat of survey and site plan. The exact size of the retention pond expansion shall be determined by the stormwater management permit related to that expansion. The pond expansion must occur within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 3. The vegetation presently shown on the plat of survey and site plan shall remain in substantially the same locations as shown on these documents with the exception that the vegetation around the concrete apron, training pad area, and pond extension may be removed.
- 4. The berms shown on the site plan shall be a minimum of five feet (5') in height. Evergreen type vegetation shall be planted on top of the berms. The berms and evergreens must be installed within two (2) years of the issuance of the special use permit. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend this deadline upon request by the property owner.
- 5. Damaged or dead plantings related to the landscaping of the property shall be replaced on a timeframe approved by the Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Department.
- 6. The fire station, four thousand five hundred (4,500) square foot training building, and fire tower, shall be developed substantially in accordance with the elevations.
- 7. Any new structures constructed or installed related to the use allowed by this special use permit on the property shall not be considered for agricultural purposes and must secure applicable building permits.
- 8. The training tower shown on the site plan shall be approximately sixty feet (60') in length, thirty feet (30') in width, and forty feet (40') in height.
- 9. The storage area shown on the site plan shall be an open area for outdoor storage approximately sixteen feet (16') in length and forty feet (40') in width. The maximum height of materials stored in this area shall be eight feet (8').
- 10. The fire investigation area shown on the site plan shall be an open area used for trainings and shall be approximately sixteen feet (16') in length, twenty feet (20') in width, and eight feet (8') in height.
- 11. The SCBA trailer shown on the site plan shall be approximately eight feet (8') in width and fifty-three feet (53') in length. The trailer shall be approximately fourteen feet (14') in height.
- 12. The eastern driveway shall be concrete from Jones Road to the vehicle turnaround around area as shown on the site plan. The remainder of the eastern driveway shall be asphalt.
- 13. The parking area shall be maintained in substantially the same location as shown on the site plan with approximately three hundred (300) parking spaces. The property owners shall ensure that handicapped parking spaces required by the Americans with Disabilities Act are provided. Per the site plan, seven (7) handicapped accessible parking spaces with applicable signage shall be provided for the three hundred (300) spaced parking lot.
- 14. The fence around the western portion of the parking lot shall be chain link with slats added. The maximum height of the fence shall be six feet (6').
- 15. One (1) free standing sign may be installed in substantially the location shown on the site plan. The sign shall be a maximum ten feet (10') in length and a maximum five feet (5') in height. The sign may be lit from dusk until dawn. However, the lighting output of the sign shall be set to a maximum of fifty

- percent (50%) of capabilities between 10:00 p.m. and dawn.
- 16. Wall signage on the building shall be installed in the substantially the locations and sizes as shown on the renderings. These signs may be back lit.
- 17. The trash enclosure shall be placed in substantially the location shown on the site plan and shall be large enough to hold one (1) four (4) yard dumpster and one (1) four (4) yard recycling dumpster. The enclosure shall be screen per the requirements of the Kendall County Zoning Ordinance.
- 18. No burning, other than burning normally allowed on A-1 zoned property, may occur outdoors at the subject property.
- 19. Emergency dispatch horns, strobes, and speakers shall not broadcast or be used outdoors at the subject property between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.
- 20. The owners of the businesses allowed by this special use permit shall diligently monitor the property for leaks from equipment, vehicles, and materials parked and stored on the subject property and shall promptly clean up the site if leaks occur.
- 21. None of the vehicles or equipment parked or stored on the subject property related to the use allowed by the special use permit shall be considered agricultural vehicles or agricultural equipment.
- 22. The operators of the use allowed by this special use permit acknowledge and agree to follow Kendall County's Right to Farm Clause.
- 23. Within one (1) year of the approval of this special use permit ordinance, the owners of the subject property shall submit an escrow payment to the City of Joliet for improvements to Jones Road. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend the deadline for payment of the escrow funds.
- 24. Within one (1) year of the approval of this special use permit ordinance, the owners of the subject property shall enter into an annexation agreement with the Village of Shorewood. The Kendall County Planning, Building and Zoning Committee may extend the deadline for the creation of the annexation agreement.
- 25. The property owner and operator of the use allowed by this special use permit shall follow all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws related to the operation of this type of use.
- 26. Failure to comply with one or more of the above conditions or restrictions could result in the amendment or revocation of the special use permit.
- 27. If one or more of the above conditions is declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining conditions shall remain valid.
- 28. This special use permit shall be treated as a covenant running with the land and is binding on the successors, heirs, and assigns as to the same special use conducted on the property.

Rusty Kamp and Robert Schwartz, on behalf of the Troy Fire Protection District explained the project and requested approval of the request.

Aaron Klima, Village Manager of Shorewood, explained the Village's support of the project.

Member Wilson noted the importance of the water training component.

Discussion occurred regarding the possible need for a communication antenna on the property.

Member Nelson expressed concerns about dimming the lights at 10:00 throughout the entire year noting that the sunset at different times throughout the year. The Petitioner was agreeable to dimming the lights based on the ambient light levels.

Discussion occurred regarding the various mutual aid agreements with local fire districts.

Member Nelson made a motion, seconded by Member Wormley, to recommend approval of the special use permit with the conditions proposed by Staff with an amendment that the lights for sign be dimmed to account for ambient light levels.

The votes were as follows:

Ayes (8): Casey, Hamman, McCarthy-Lange, Nelson, Rodriguez, Stewart, Wilson, and Wormley

Nays (0): None Absent (1): Ashton Abstain (0): None

The motion carried.

This proposal will go to the Kendall County Zoning Board of Appeals on February 28, 2022.

CITIZENS TO BE HEARD/PUBLIC COMMENT

A representative of the Larson Family requested to know the time of the April 27, 2022, Commission meeting. The meeting will be at 7:00 p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

Member Nelson made a motion, seconded by Member Wormley, to adjourn. With a voice of eight (8) ayes, the motion carried.

The Kendall County Regional Planning Commission meeting adjourned at 8:45 p.m.

Respectfully submitted by, Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner

Enc.

KENDALL COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION FEBRUARY 23, 2022

IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO BE CONTACTED ON FUTURE MEETINGS REGARDING THIS TOPIC, PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR ADDRESS OR EMAIL ADDRESS

NIAAAF	ADDRESS	EMAIL ADDRESS
NAME	(OPTIONAL)	(OPTIONAL)
Ton Green		
Palli Bernhad		
Mignel Argel Fornandez		
Lama Paraily		
Losty Komp		

Matt Asselmeier

From: andrew doyle <adoyle@troyfpd.com>

Sent: Wednesday, February 16, 2022 2:03 PM

To: Matt Asselmeier Cc: Patrick Moore

Subject: Re: [External]RE: February 23rd Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Meeting

We are working on the agreement with Shorewood however, we cannot officially enter into an agreement till we are the owners of the property. Once we close on the property, we will then officially enter into an annexation agreement with Shorewood.

Andy Sent from my iPhone

On Feb 16, 2022, at 12:52 PM, Matt Asselmeier <masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us> wrote:

What is the status of the annexation agreement with Shorewood?

What is the status of the escrow with Joliet?

Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM Senior Planner Kendall County Planning, Building & Zoning 111 West Fox Street Yorkville, IL 60560-1498

PH: 630-553-4139 Fax: 630-553-4179

From: andrew doyle [mailto:adoyle@troyfpd.com]
Sent: Wednesday, February 16, 2022 12:41 PM
To: Matt Asselmeier <masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us>
Cc: Patrick Moore <PatrickMoore@fgmarchitects.com>

Subject: [External]RE: February 23rd Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Meeting

CAUTION - This email originated from outside the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Thank you Matt! I also wanted to let you know, I will not be attending the Regional Planning Commission meeting on February 23rd. Lieutenant Russell Kamp and our Board President Robert Schwartz will be attending in my place. I will be out of town next week on vacation. If you need anything from me during my time out of the office, you can reach me by email and I'll have my cell phone for phones calls.

Thanks, Andy

Andrew Doyle

Matt Asselmeier

From: andrew doyle <adoyle@troyfpd.com>

Sent: Thursday, February 17, 2022 1:35 PM

To: Matt Asselmeier Cc: Patrick Moore

Subject: RE: [External]RE: February 23rd Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Meeting

Matt,

I spoke to Mike Todorovic who is the Deputy Director for the City of Joliet Public Works Department. They are still unsure if Grace Bible Church provided contributions to them as part of the earlier process from 2004/2006. They stated "We have no knowledge of anything provided by Grace Bible. Unless our team (Troy FPD) can produce any documents as part of our closing with the Church, they (Joliet) will have to default to the position nothing was ever provided to the City".

So, once we have the closing, we will ask Grace Bible Church to see if they have any documentation showing they provided escrow to Joliet. We will continue to work with Joliet on this matter.

Andrew Doyle

Andrew Doyle, Fire Chief Troy Fire Protection District 700 Cottage St. Shorewood, IL 60404 815-725-2149 Main Line 815-651-2102 Direct Line 815-725-0772 Fax Line 815-791-0391 Cell Phone www.troyfirepd.com





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From: Matt Asselmeier [mailto:masselmeier@co.kendall.il.us]

Sent: Wednesday, February 16, 2022 2:31 PM To: andrew doyle <adoyle@troyfpd.com>

Cc: Patrick Moore <PatrickMoore@fgmarchitects.com>

Subject: RE: [External]RE: February 23rd Kendall County Regional Planning Commission Meeting

What about the Joliet escrow?

Matthew H. Asselmeier, AICP, CFM